

Site 18A, 260 Macarthur Avenue, Hamilton

CIVIL ENGINEERING REPORT

(Stormwater Management, Infrastructure & Civil Services)

CLIENT: Silverstone Developments

SITE ADDRESS: Site 18A, 260 Macarthur Avenue, Hamilton

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GLOSSARY

GENERAL

- BCC Brisbane City Council
- CER Civil Engineering Report
- BYDA Before You Dig Australia
- ESR Engineering Services Report
- NCC National Construction Code
- AS/NZS Australian Standards/New Zealand Standards
- QUDM Queensland Urban Drainage Manual
- WSAA Water Services Association of Australia
- SBSMP Site Based Stormwater Management Plan
- SPP The State Planning Policy (Queensland)
- CMP Construction Management Plan
- ha Hectare (10,000m²)
- kL kilolitre (1,000L) or (1m³)

EARTHWORKS & ESC

- ASS Acid Sulfate Soil
- ASSIR Acid Sulfate Soil Investigation Report
- GWI Ground Water Inflow
- E&SC Erosion and Sediment Control

DRAINAGE

- AEP Annual Exceedance Probability
- ARI Average Recurrence Interval
- Hydrology The movement (and impact) of water run-off in relation to the site and surrounds
- OSD On-Site Detention (Detention Storage System)
- Bioretention system A system that collects and infiltrates urban stormwater through a prescribed filter media covered with vegetation to improve discharge quality
- GPT Gross Pollutant Trap Collects gross pollutants from a catchment to improve stormwater quality
- t_c 'Time of Concentration' for a drainage catchment
- MUSIC Water quality modelling software; Acronym stands for 'Model for Urban Stormwater Improvement Conceptualisation'
- Nitrogen An important nutrient found in high concentrations in recycled waters, originating from human and domestic wastes. A useful plant nutrient that can also cause off-site problems of eutrophication in lakes, rivers and estuaries.
- Phosphorus An important nutrient found in high concentrations in recycled waters, originating principally from detergents but also from other domestic wastes.
- WSUD Acronym stands for 'Water Sensitive Urban Design'. WSUD Provides a strategy for the conservation and management of water resources through better management of stormwater.

SEWER & WATER

- DF Design Flow
- EP Equivalent Persons
- IIF Inflow & Infiltration Flow
- PDWF Peak Dry Weather Flow
- PWWF Peak Wet Weather Flow
- ADWF Average Dry Weather Flow
- SF Sanitary Flow



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1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Meliora Engineering has been engaged by Silverstone Developments to prepare a Civil Engineering Report suitable for submission to Brisbane City Council in support of a Development Application for a site located at Site 18A, 260 Macarthur Avenue, Hamilton. The Application proposes a MCU (Multitower residential project).

The purpose of this Engineering Report is to provide advice on the development proposal as detailed in the Carr Architecture architectural drawings, a selection of which is shown within Appendix A – Architectural Drawings. Commentary and relevant calculations cover works required to service the proposed development including earthworks, roadworks, stormwater drainage management (quantity and quality), sewerage and water reticulation, electricity, communications and gas.

The assessment has been carried out in accordance with Brisbane City Council Planning Scheme Policies and the proposed works described herein will be subject to the Conditions attached to the Development Approval to be provided by Council and any nominated referral agencies.

Meliora Engineering civil schematic sketches addressing Stormwater, Infrastructure & Services are shown within Appendix B – Schematic Civil Drawings.

A summary of civil engineering advice is as follows:

- A review of the potential for the Site to be inundated and the requisite minimum
 development levels has indicated that the proposed development will have a level of
 immunity well in excess of that nominally required to satisfy both the requirements of the
 LGA planning scheme and the higher immunity currently being adopted by EDQ with regard
 to the design of the road system within the PDA. Refer to Flood Study by WEP for further
 advice on flooding.
- The application proposes earthwork (mostly cutting) with associated shoring to reflect architectural design intent for basement and ground level layout. The site falls to the northeast direction.
- The development will require a new 7m wide commercial type B1 grade crossover to access Karakul Road. Existing gravel crossover will be removed with kerb/verge reinstated.
- The development will require in-ground pit & pipe drainage works to capture roof and surface water from developed areas to discharge flows to five different locations on both road frontages (catchment 1 to 5) via existing drainage stubs.
- The development proposes to discharge to the existing infrastructure within the Macarthur Avenue and Karakul Road, which is found to have sufficient hydraulic capacity to cater for developed site flows from each catchment. Hence, no detention is required nor proposed.
- The proposal triggers the SPP's Post-Development Stormwater Management (Water Quality)
 Design Objectives and therefore permanent tertiary treatment solutions/devices will be
 proposed within each catchment. This will feature OceanGuards (trash baskets) and
 StormFilter treatment cartridges within underground off-line tanks, prior to off-site
 discharge. This arrangement will also satisfy ESD findings and will deliver a stormwater
 management system delivering the principles of WSUD, and will be a far superior outcome
 for the receiving environment compared with the existing condition.
- The site appears to be adequately serviced by reticulated water, sewerage, gas, telecommunications, and electricity. These services will need to be connected via the associated authority works process during the development.



Information discussed in this report is inferred from several sources including BYDA records, site survey, design documents received from the client.

All relevant standards and guidelines are addressed in this report including criteria from:

- BCC Planning Scheme Policy
- Australian Rainfall and Runoff Guideline (ARR)
- Queensland Urban Drainage Manual (QUDM) 2013
- Plumbing and Drainage Code AS3500.3
- State Planning Policy (SPP)
- International Erosion Control Association of Australasia (IECA)

This report has demonstrated that the proposed development does not present any civil related engineering issues which would prevent the development from proceeding as proposed.



2 INTRODUCTION & BACKGROUND

Meliora Engineering has been engaged by Silverstone Developments to prepare a Civil Engineering Report suitable for submission to Brisbane City Council in support of a Development Application for a site located at Site 18A, 260 Macarthur Avenue, Hamilton. The proposed development is for a MCU (Multi-tower residential project).

The purpose of this Engineering Report is to provide advice on the development proposal as detailed in the Carr Architecture architectural drawings, a selection of which is shown within Appendix A – Architectural Drawings. Commentary and relevant calculations cover works required to service the proposed development including earthworks, roadworks, stormwater drainage management (quantity and quality), sewerage and water reticulation, electricity, communications and gas.

The assessment has been carried out in accordance with Brisbane City Council Planning Scheme Policies and the proposed works described herein will be subject to the Conditions attached to the Development Approval to be provided by Council and any nominated referral agencies.

2.1 BACKGROUND

Meliora is a civil engineering consultancy which specialises in residential and commercial projects within South East Queensland. We understand the commercial drivers behind projects whilst also having significant experience in compliance and construction of same.

This project presents an opportunity for urban densification in line with the current Council planning scheme, creating more dwellings to service the influx of residents and satisfy the growth of Brisbane.

This Civil Engineering Report has been supervised by a Registered Engineering of Queensland (RPEQ) and address the key civil engineering aspects in relation to the planning requirements relevant to the proposal. Section 4.4 & 4.5 of this Report forms a Site Based Stormwater Management Plan (an SBSMP), which outlines potential on and off-site impacts associated with stormwater for the proposed development. It also identifies a range of conceptual stormwater management strategies and actions for water quality, water quantity and environmental issues.



3 SITE CHARACTERISTICS

3.1 LOCATION & TITLES/EASEMENTS

Refer to below figures and tables for locality plan and specific title information for the property to be developed.





Figure 1 - Site Location (as accessed from Google Maps 16/12/2024)

Table 1 - Property Details

Lot Information	Lot 6 on SP326594
Street Address	Site 18A, 260 Macarthur Avenue, Hamilton
Site Area	8128m²
Existing Easements	No

3.2 EXISTING FEATURES & TOPOGRAPHY

3.2.1 <u>CONTEXT</u>

The site appears to be adequately serviced by reticulated water, sewerage, gas, telecommunications, and electricity. These services will need to be connected via the associated authority works process during the development. Refer to Town Planning Report by Urban Strategies for further planning related context.



3.2.2 GRADING & CONTRIBUTING CATCHMENTS

The site is relatively flat (no significant grade) and there are no notable upstream contributing catchments which discharge into the developed area.

3.2.3 EXISTING FEATURES

The existing property boundaries, surface levels, site features and the location of the existing infrastructure & structures are identified on the survey plan drawing shown within Appendix C – Survey Plan within this report.

Appendix D – BYDA Results includes information as sourced from BYDA and Council Mapping.

It should be noted that site survey includes underground services 'plotted from records' ie from BYDA records. As per commentary within AS5488, BYDA and authority records are often Quality Level 'D'. BYDA plans only give an approximate indication of the underground conduits that exist and cannot not be relied upon. It is strongly suggested that prior to the start of the detailed/developed design phase, and to avoid damaging buried assets when excavating the subsurface, information relating to the location of existing services must be located to minimum quality Level 'B' with the position of any underground cables or services thoroughly checked and marked by a trained service locator.

3.3 GEOTECHNICAL FEATURES

At the time of authoring this report, a Geotechnical Report with associated soil testing had not been received by Meliora Engineering. It is strongly recommended that appropriate Geotechnical Investigation and testing by complete for the site to inform engineering for the proposed development.

3.3.1 POTENTIAL OR ACTUAL ACID SULFATE SOILS

The Brisbane City Council Mapping shows the site as being impacted by 'potential and actual acid sulfate soils' overlays. An Acid Sulfate Soils Investigation Report has been prepared by Core Consultants (dated December 24).



Figure 2 - Acid Sulfate Soil Overlay



3.4 FLOODING IMPACT

An authority Flooding Report has been generated and can be seen within Appendix E – Floodwise Report.



Figure 3 - Flooding Overlays from Council Mapping

A review of the potential for the Site to be inundated and the requisite minimum development levels has indicated that the proposed development will have a level of immunity well in excess of that nominally required to satisfy both the requirements of the LGA planning scheme and the higher immunity currently being adopted by EDQ with regard to the design of the road system within the PDA. Refer to Flood Study by WEP (dated November 24) for further advice on flooding.

3.5 LOCAL GOVERNMENT INFRASTRUCTURE PLAN (LGIP)

Review of the Council Priority Infrastructure Plan Maps indicates that no priority infrastructure upgrades are planned within close proximity to the subject site.

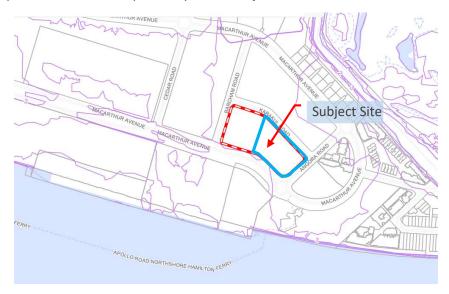


Figure 4 - Priority Infrastructure at Site

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4 PROPOSED CIVIL ENGINEERING WORKS

Meliora Engineering accepts no responsibility for the accuracy of information supplied to them by second and third parties, including survey, authority mapping data and geotechnical testing information which may have been relied on to inform the civil engineering opinions and calculations presented within the advice below.

Consider that the assessment addresses the requirements for development of the subject site at the time the study was undertaken. If these conditions are known to change, the results of this assessment should be reviewed and amended as required.

The assessment has been carried out in accordance with the relevant Council Planning Scheme Policies and the proposed works described herein will be subject to the conditions attached to the Development Approval to be provided by Council and any nominated referral agencies.

4.1 DESCRIPTION OF WORKS

The proposed development is for MCU (Multi-tower residential project).

Please refer to Appendix A – Architectural Drawings for select architectural layout plans.

4.2 FILLING AND EXCAVATION

The application proposes earthwork (mostly cutting) with associated shoring to reflect architectural design intent for basement and ground level layout. The site is very flat but has slight fall to the north-east direction.

Refer to Appendix B – Civil Sketches – for preliminary earthworks plans and sections.

Refer to Appendix F – Code Response Tables for the Brisbane City Council Filling and Excavation Code & responses.

4.3 ACCESS & ROADWORKS

The subject site is adjacent to the following roads:

- Macarthur Avenue and Karakul Road council road, with channel drainage on each side and a two-way crossfall
- Angora Road access road, with kerb and channel drainage on both side and a two-way crossfall
- The site is currently accessed via one (1) vehicle crossover along Angora Road.

The development will require a new 7m wide commercial type B1 grade crossover to access Karakul Road. Existing crossover will be removed with kerb/verge reinstated. Refer to traffic report for further advice re access and impact on surrounding road network.

Refer to Appendix F – Code Response Tables for the Brisbane City Council Infrastructure Code & responses.



4.4 SITE-BASED STORMWATER DRAINAGE MANAGEMENT - QUANTITY

Refer to Appendix F – Code Response Tables for the Brisbane City Council Stormwater Management Code & responses.

4.4.1 ON-SITE DRAINAGE & RUNOFF QUANTITY TREATMENT OBJECTIVE

the stormwater management objectives that apply to the site have been derived from QUDM, State Planning Policy (2017), BCC Planning Scheme Policy and BCC Land Development Guidelines. The key stormwater parameters and desired outcomes are:

- Minimisation of storm-related nuisance to the public;
- Minimisation of legal disputes between neighbouring landowners and communities;
- Flood control & resilience to flooding in excess of nominated design events;
- Pedestrian and vehicular safety
- Integrate stormwater management infrastructure carefully in the urban and natural landscape, promoting retention of natural drainage system and protection/restoration of environmental values

Subsequently, the objectives of Stormwater Runoff Quantity Management for the subject site are;

- 1. Provide a stormwater conveyance system for minor (10% AEP) and major (2% AEP) storm events to discharge to the nominated Lawful Point of Discharge
- 2. Reduce the peak post-development flows discharged from the site to be equal to (or below) the existing condition peak flows for each storm event AEP.
- 3. Limit flooding of public and private property, both within the catchment and downstream, to acceptable levels.
- 4. To provide convenience and safety for pedestrians and traffic in frequent stormwater flows by controlling those flows within prescribed velocity/depth limits.

4.4.2 EXISTING DRAINAGE REGIME

A site survey documenting existing services within and surrounding the development site was performed by Landpartners and is shown within Appendix C – Survey Plan. The survey highlights the following existing features related to drainage:

- Multiple in-ground drainage stubs are available to the north and south frontages
- Flat grades however sheet flow from existing site generally flowing to pit at south-east corner of developed area

Upstream Catchments are described in Section 3.2.2 of this Report.

4.4.2.1 EXISTING LAWFUL POINT OF DISCHARGE

The site features multiple pits on both frontages – which are the Lawful Points of Discharge (LPODs) for the site.

Further information on existing Council Stormwater Infrastructure in the area of the site was received via a BYDA search and a Council Mapping search. Details are included in Appendix D – BYDA Results.



4.4.3 PROPOSED DRAINAGE REGIME

4.4.3.1 PROPOSED LAWFUL POINT OF DISCHARGE

In the post-developed case, the existing multiple drainage stubs into the site present themselves as suitable for re-use. All the existing stubs will be maintained and connected into for the development.

4.4.3.2 TAILWATER LEVELS

The tailwater level circumstance considered within the drainage analysis assumes water levels at 300mm below surface level at verge.

4.4.3.3 PROPOSED DRAINAGE NETWORK

Stormwater generated from the development will be conveyed through a pit and pipe network for minor stormwater events (10% AEP) and a combination of pits and pipes and overland (sheet) flow for major storm events (2% AEP). Podium level drainage will be design by hydraulics consultants.

All stormwater drainage will be designed in accordance with the requirements of QUDM 2016 or relevant Australian Standard for private drainage (in the case of the podium hydraulics).

4.4.4 CATCHMENT HYDROLOGY

4.4.4.1 FLOW ESTIMATION METHODS & MODELLING

The choice of hydrologic method must be appropriate to the type of catchment and the required degree of accuracy.

As per Section 7.3 of BCC's current Infrastructure PSP, BCC allows flow estimations using Rational method. For this small-scale development Rational method was deemed suitable for use to estimate peak flows for catchments under existing and developed conditions. The Rational Method Calculations are summarised below.

4.4.4.2 RAINFALL DATA

Catchment hydrology has been estimated using rainfall specific for the site at Site 18A, 260 Macarthur Avenue, Hamilton. This is derived from the Bureau of Meteorology (BOM) Design Rainfall Data System (2016) using the following Latitude, Longitude:

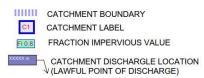
Latitude -27.44306, Longitude 153.08378

4.4.4.3 EXISTING CATCHMENTS DESCRIPTION

The existing catchment EX1 (though very flat) within the site generally seems to sheet flow towards the existing pit at the south-eastern corner of the site which discharges to Macarthur Avenue.



CATCHMENT LEGEND



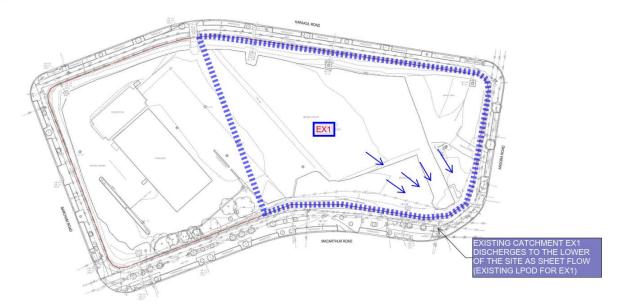


Figure 5 – Existing Catchments

4.4.4.4 PROPOSED CATCHMENTS DESCRIPTION

The proposed Catchments 1 to 5 will discharge to five different locations on both road frontages via existing drainage stubs.

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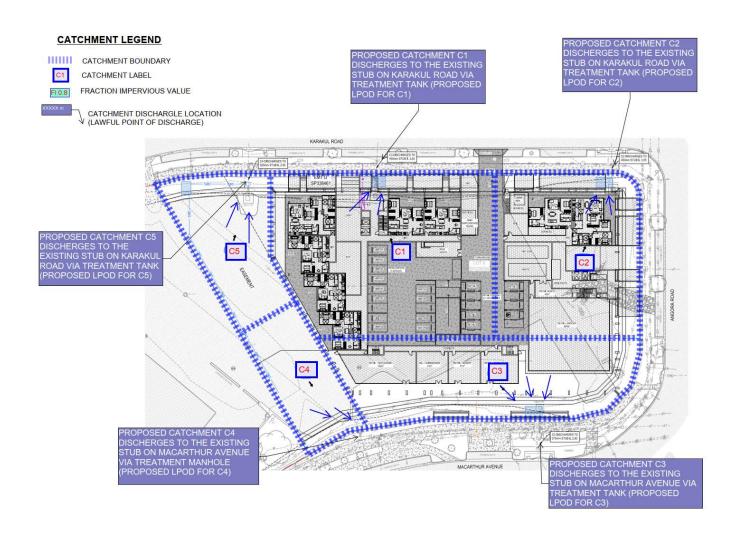


Figure 6 - Proposed Catchments



4.4.4.5 CATCHMENT HYDROLOGY - RATIONAL METHOD CALCULATIONS

EX1 –The existing catchment

CATCHMENT NAME	EX1		Design Storm Event (AEP & ARI)					
RATIONAL METHOD PARAMETERS	(units)	63% (Q1)	38% (Q2)	18% (Q5)	10% (Q10)	5% (Q20)	2% (Q50)	1% (Q100)
Catchment Area	ha				0.813			
Time of Concentration	min				10.0			
Fraction Impervious					0.00			
Runoff Coefficient (Cy)		0.53	0.56	0.63	0.66	0.69	0.76	0.79
Rainfall Intensity (ly)	mm/hr	90.97	116.72	147.53	165.84	190.57	223.30	248.45
Peak Flow	L/s	108.4	147.8	208.9	247.1	298.2	382.7	444.3

C1 – Post-Development, C1 to Karakul Road.

CATCHMENT NAME	C1		Design Storm Event (AEP & ARI)					
RATIONAL METHOD PARAMETERS	(units)	63% (Q1)	38% (Q2)	18% (Q5)	10% (Q10)	5% (Q20)	2% (Q50)	1% (Q100)
Catchment Area	ha				0.277			
Time of Concentration	min				7.0			
Fraction Impervious					1.00			
Runoff Coefficient (Cy)		0.72	0.77	0.86	0.90	0.95	1.00	1.00
Rainfall Intensity (ly)	mm/hr	104.91	134.42	169.29	189.92	217.88	254.80	283.14
Peak Flow	L/s	58.1	79.1	111.3	131.5	158.4	196.0	217.8

C2 – Post-Development, C2 to Karakul Road.

CATCHMENT NAME	C2		Design Storm Event (AEP & ARI)					
RATIONAL METHOD	(units)	63% (Q1)	38% (Q2)	18% (Q5)	10% (Q10)	5% (Q20)	2% (Q50)	1% (Q100)
PARAMETERS	(units)	0370 (Q±)	30% (Q2)	10% (Q3)	10/0 (Q10)	370 (Q20)	270 (Q30)	170 (Q100)
Catchment Area	ha				0.186			
Time of Concentration	min				7.0			
Fraction Impervious					1.00			
Runoff Coefficient (Cy)		0.72	0.77	0.86	0.90	0.95	1.00	1.00
Rainfall Intensity (Iy)	mm/hr	104.91	134.42	169.29	189.92	217.88	254.80	283.14
Peak Flow	L/s	39.1	53.2	74.9	88.5	106.6	131.9	146.6

C3 – Post-Development, C3 to Macarthur Avenue.

CATCHMENT NAME	C3		Design Storm Event (AEP & ARI)					
RATIONAL METHOD	(units)	63% (Q1)	38% (Q2)	18% (Q5)	10% (Q10)	5% (Q20)	2% (Q50)	1% (Q100)
PARAMETERS	(dilics)	0370 (Q1)	30% (Q2)	10% (Q3)	10% (Q10)	370 (Q20)	270 (Q30)	1/0 (Q100)
Catchment Area	ha				0.183			
Time of Concentration	min				7.0			
Fraction Impervious					0.80			
Runoff Coefficient (Cy)		0.68	0.72	0.81	0.85	0.89	0.98	1.00
Rainfall Intensity (Iy)	mm/hr	104.91	134.42	169.29	189.92	217.88	254.80	283.14
Peak Flow	L/s	36.3	49.4	69.6	82.2	99.0	126.7	144.1

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C4 – Post-Development, C4 to Karakul Road

CATCHMENT NAME	C4			Design	Storm Event (Al	EP & ARI)		
RATIONAL METHOD PARAMETERS	(units)	63% (Q1)	38% (Q2)	18% (Q5)	10% (Q10)	5% (Q20)	2% (Q50)	1% (Q100)
Catchment Area	ha				0.071			
Time of Concentration	min				10.0			
Fraction Impervious					0.50			
Runoff Coefficient (Cy)		0.62	0.66	0.74	0.78	0.82	0.90	0.94
Rainfall Intensity (Iy)	mm/hr	90.97	116.72	147.53	165.84	190.57	223.30	248.45
Peak Flow	L/s	11.2	15.2	21.5	25.4	30.7	39.4	45.7

C5 – Post-Development, C5 to Karakul Road

CATCHMENT NAME	C5			Design	Storm Event (Al	EP & ARI)		
RATIONAL METHOD PARAMETERS	(units)	63% (Q1)	38% (Q2)	18% (Q5)	10% (Q10)	5% (Q20)	2% (Q50)	1% (Q100)
Catchment Area	ha				0.096			
Time of Concentration	min				10.0			
Fraction Impervious					0.50			
Runoff Coefficient (Cy)		0.62	0.66	0.74	0.78	0.82	0.90	0.94
Rainfall Intensity (Iy)	mm/hr	90.97	116.72	147.53	165.84	190.57	223.30	248.45
Peak Flow	L/s	15.2	20.7	29.3	34.6	41.8	53.6	62.3

4.4.4.6 PRE vs POST DEVELOPMENT (UNMITIGATED) – RESULTS SUMMARY

The existing catchment contributes circa 444 L/s to lower of the site as sheet flow.

Post—development, Proposed Catchment C1 - C5 will contribute circa 616L/s (at 1% AEP event) to the surrounding drainage network. So, there are 39% increase in flows due to development.

	Total Site Catch	ment - Unmitigated Discharge Sumi	mary	
AEP	Predeveloped Flow	Developed (Unmitigated) Flow	Difference	% Increase in Flow
	(m3/s)	(m3/s)	(m3/s)	
63% (Q1)	0.108	0.160	0.051	47
38% (Q2)	0.148	0.218	0.070	47
18% (Q5)	0.209	0.307	0.098	47
10% (Q10)	0.247	0.362	0.115	47
5% (Q20)	0.298	0.436	0.138	46
2% (Q50)	0.383	0.548	0.165	43
1% (Q100)	0.444	0.616	0.172	39

The above results indicate that the proposed development results in an increase in the quantity of runoff to the lawful point of discharge.

However, as the development proposes to discharge to the existing drainage stubs around the edges of the site which have sufficient hydraulic capacity to cater for the post-development site flows from each catchment, no detention is required nor proposed.

4.4.5 <u>CONSTRUCTION PHASE DRAINAGE INFRASTRUCTURE</u>

During the construction phase of the development, the stormwater management design objectives for temporary drainage and basin spillways are to reference the Queensland Government State Planning Policy (SPP) 2017 Appendix 2 Table A (Part 1, 2 & 3).



Refer to Section 4.7 for further details on Construction Phase Erosion & Sediment Control details.

4.5 SITE BASED STORMWATER DRAINAGE MANAGEMENT - QUALITY

Refer to Appendix F – Code Response Tables for the Brisbane City Council Stormwater Management Code & responses.

4.5.1 WATER QUALITY TREATMENT OBJECTIVE

Urban stormwater run-off potentially contributes to adverse water quality in waterways, which impact aquatic ecosystems health and limit human water uses. Unless well managed, urban stormwater can release contaminants such as nutrients, sediment and solid waste to waterways. For the post-construction phase, the SPP's stormwater management design objectives require minimum reductions in the mean annual load for key pollutants.

The SPP contains specific assessment benchmarks for the Water quality state interest. The Performance Outcomes (PO) of the SPP apply to the following applications:

- (1) a material change of use for an urban purpose that involves premises 2500m² or greater in size *and*;
 - (a) will result in six or more dwellings; or
- (b) will result in an impervious area greater than 25% of the net developable area; or (2) reconfiguring a lot for an urban purpose that involves premises 2500m² or greater in size and will result in six or more lots; or

The proposal triggers the SPP's Post-Development Stormwater Management (Water Quality) Design Objectives and therefore permanent tertiary treatment solutions/devices will be proposed within each catchment. This will feature OceanGuards (trash baskets) and StormFilter treatment cartridges within underground off-line tanks, prior to off-site discharge. This arrangement will also satisfy ESD findings and will deliver a stormwater management system delivering the principles of WSUD, and will be a far superior outcome for the receiving environment compared with the existing condition.

We have identified issues relating to stormwater runoff quality and determined methods of treatment.

The relevant measures proposed for stormwater quality treatment are:

- All runoff from roof areas discharging to treatment via SQIDs
- Runoff from podium and ground level discharging to treatment via SQIDs

4.5.1.1.1 POLLUTANTS OF CONCERN

Nutrients of concern that may contribute to increased occurrence, frequency or intensity of coastal algal blooms (particularly nitrogen, phosphorus, iron and organic matter) may be released during development in coastal areas.

The below table outlines pollutants that are expected form the proposed development.

<u>Pollutants</u>	Main Source	Target Pollutant
Litter	Public use on site	Yes
Oxygen demanding site	Dust accumulating on surfaces, wash off from garden beds, deposition from vehicular traffic	Yes



Nutrient, Phosphorous (P)	Garden bed fertilizer and bird droppings	Yes
Nutrient, Nitrogen (N)	Garden bed fertilizer and bird droppings and atmospheric nitrogen deposited in rainwater	Yes
Hydrocarbons (including oil and grease)	Vehicular traffic	Yes
Heavy metals	Vehicular traffic	Yes
Surfactants	Vehicle wash, and window cleaning	Yes

4.5.1.1.2 EXISTING CONDITION

The existing condition does not feature any SQID's. Development of the site presents and opportunity to provide a superior outcome and cleaner site runoff (than the existing case) through use of properly designed tertiary treatment systems to capture and treat rainfall runoff from the site.

4.5.1.1.3 PROPOSED TREATMENT STRATEGY & MODELLING

The State Planning Policy (2017) (SPP 2017) requires stormwater to meet certain design objectives. Performance Outcome (PO) 8 of the SPP requires:

PO8 -Manage stormwater during operational (post-construction) stages to protect drinking water supply environmental values and facilitate the achievement of water quality objectives for receiving waters.

Acceptable Outcome (AO) for P08 states;

Stormwater run-off generated during operation (postconstruction) demonstrates a minimum reduction in mean annual load from unmitigated development that achieves the following stormwater management design objectives:

- a) 80% reduction in total suspended solids
- b) 60% reduction in total phosphorus
- c) 45% reduction in total nitrogen
- *d)* 90% reduction in gross pollutants

Compliance with the load reduction targets will typically be demonstrated using an accepted quantitative model (such as MUSIC – Model for Urban Stormwater Improvement Conceptualisation) with all model inputs and outputs provided to the approval authority to enable review and verification of the model results.

Section 4.5 of this Report is proposed to form a complete Stormwater Quality Management Plan (SQMP) to satisfy requirements of the SPP and local authority requirements, and an .sqz file is appended to this report submission reflecting the MUSIC model for the project.

4.5.1.1.4 SOURCE NODES

Catchments and source nodes derived from the civil drainage sketches as per Appendix B.



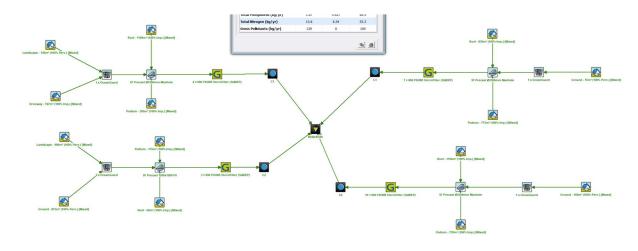


Figure 7 – MUSIC model nodes

4.5.1.1.5 TREATMENT NODES

Treatment nodes are the OceanGuards and StormFilter PSorb units, specifications of which can be seen in Appendix H. These products are accepted on Council register for SQIDs

4.5.1.1.6 MUSIC MODELLING RESULTS

Results from the MUSIC model (.sqz is appended to this report submission) are presented as follows, showing the treatment train effectiveness at the receiving node (frontage roads in multiple locations).

	Sources	Residual Load	% Reduction
Flow (ML/yr)	6.49	6.49	0
Total Suspended Solids (kg/yr)	783	155	80.1
Total Phosphorus (kg/yr)	1.87	0.627	66.5
Total Nitrogen (kg/yr)	13.6	6.34	53.3
Gross Pollutants (kg/yr)	139	0	100

Figure 8 – MUSIC model results

The above results surpass the per cent reduction water quality objectives identified by the current State Planning Policy (SPP) 2017and Healthy Waterways guidelines and if the proposed treatment measures are adopted for the developed site, they will represent a major improvement to the existing site's run-off quality.

4.5.1.1.7 SQID MAINTENANCE

A monitoring and maintenance plan will be provided at the OpW/Compliance phase of the project, in line with Council and SQID supplier requirements.



4.5.2 CONSTRUCTION PHASE STORMWATER QUALITY

During the construction phase of the development, the stormwater management design objectives for temporary water quality & ESC devices, including sediment basins, are to reference the Queensland Government State Planning Policy (SPP) 2017 Appendix 2 Table A (Part 1, 2 & 3).

Refer to Section 4.7 for further details on Construction Phase Erosion & Sediment Control details.

4.6 STORMWATER DRAINAGE INFRASTRUCTURE MAINTENANCE

The landowner is responsible for the ongoing operation and maintenance of all privately-owned stormwater management assets & devices to ensure the drainage facility continues to meet its design performance and are maintained for the life of the approved development and may be liable for damages as a result of drainage system malfunction caused by lack of proper maintenance.

Roof-water and quality treatment systems are classified as private drains with the responsibility for maintenance lying with the property owners.

4.7 SEDIMENT & EROSION CONTROL

Healthy Waterways have identified that the large and increasing amount of sediment entering our waterways is one of the major issues affecting waterway health across south-east Queensland. Sediment is a contaminant that can seriously degrade water quality and starve marine life of oxygen, leading to fish kills and damage to aquatic ecosystems.

During the construction phase of the development, the stormwater management design objectives for temporary water quality & ESC devices, including sediment basins, are to reference the Queensland Government State Planning Policy (SPP) 2017 Appendix 2 Table A (Part 1, 2 & 3).

IECA 2008 Best Practice Erosion and Sediment Control (as amended) is to be referenced for details on the application of the Construction Phase requirements.

For the construction phase, the SPP's stormwater management design objectives require that developments apply best practice erosion and sediment control. These objectives are derived from International Erosion Control Association of Australasia (IECA) 2008 Best Practice Erosion and Sediment Control.

All sediment and erosion controls will be designed in the detailed design phase to meet the relevant design objectives.

The erosion risk for the proposed development has been assessed against the BCC Erosion hazard guidelines and found that the site is classified MEDIUM risk for Erosion and Sediment Control Hazard.

Refer to Appendix G – BCC E&SC EHA Form for Certified & complete BCC E&SC EHA Form.



4.8 SEWERAGE RETICULATION

4.8.1 EXISTING SEWER INFRASTRUCTURE

The site does not seem to feature an existing sewer property connection. However, an existing DN160mm PE sewer reticulation main runs along Macarthur Ave.

Refer to the UU Asset Plan provided within Appendix D – BYDA Results for further information.

4.8.2 PROPOSED SEWER WORKS

It is proposed to service the site via a new proposed sewer PC to connect to the existing sewer reticulation main in Macarthur Ave.

The details of this connection, including an analysis of the existing infrastructure capacity to cater for the proposed development sewer discharge will be subject to authority assessment via a future UU Services Advice Notice (SAN) or Works Application.

Refer to Appendix F – Code Response Tables for the Brisbane City Council Infrastructure Code & responses.

4.9 WATER RETICULATION

4.9.1 EXISTING WATER INFRASTRUCTURE

Mapping suggests the site is currently serviced by multiple existing water services from the existing DN150mm uPVC water main in Macarthur Avenue, however on-site investigation has failed to find the meters.

Refer to the UU Asset Plan provided within Appendix D – BYDA Results for further information.

4.9.2 PROPOSED WATER WORKS

It is proposed to provide a new large diameter water service and meter assembly (fire and domestic) from the existing water main in the Karakul Road. The meter assembly will be located within the basement with remote reading (AMR) technology.

The details of this connection, including an analysis of the existing infrastructure capacity to cater for the proposed development water demand will be subject to authority assessment via a future UU Services Advice Notice (SAN) or Works Application.

Refer to Appendix F – Code Response Tables for the Brisbane City Council Infrastructure Code & responses.

4.10 ELECTRICITY, COMMUNICATIONS & GAS

4.10.1 ELECTRICTY INFRASTRUCTURE

Survey and BYDA suggest that the frontage road corridors at the site feature underground electrical infrastructure.



Refer to the Energex Asset Plans (obtained from the 'Before You Dig Australia' service) within Appendix D – BYDA Results for further details.

Electricity services required for the proposed development will be designed by the electrical engineer and will be assessed by Energex during the detailed design phase of the development.

Refer to Appendix F – Code Response Tables for the Brisbane City Council Infrastructure Code & responses.

4.10.2 COMMUNICATIONS INFRASTRUCTURE

Telstra BYDA map suggest that the frontage road corridor at the site features existing telecommunications infrastructure that connects directly to the site.

Refer to the Telstra, Optus and NBN Asset Plans within Appendix D – BYDA Results for details. All works required to provide communication services to the proposed development will be undertaken with the appropriate server's approval and coordination.

Refer to Appendix F – Code Response Tables for the Brisbane City Council Infrastructure Code & responses.

4.10.3 GAS INFRASTRUCTURE

APA Group suggests that the Angora Road corridor at the site features existing underground gas infrastructure.

Refer to the APA Group within Appendix D – BYDA Results for details.

All works required to provide gas services to the proposed development will be undertaken by the appropriate consultant with APA Group's approval and coordination.

Refer to Appendix F – Code Response Tables for the Brisbane City Council Infrastructure Code & responses.



5 SUMMARY & CONCLUSIONS

5.1 WORKS SUMMARY AND ENGINEERING RECOMMENDATION

The purpose of this Civil Engineering Report is to provide engineering advice in support of the development proposal as detailed in the Carr Architecture architectural drawings, a selection of which is shown within Appendix A – Architectural Drawings. Commentary and relevant calculations cover civil works required to service the proposed development including earthworks, roadworks, stormwater drainage management (quantity and quality), sewerage and water reticulation, electricity, communications and gas.

This Report relating to the Development Application proposing a MCU (Multi-tower residential project) has shown the following in relation to the civil engineering elements:

- A review of the potential for the Site to be inundated and the requisite minimum development levels has indicated that the proposed development will have a level of immunity well in excess of that nominally required to satisfy both the requirements of the LGA planning scheme and the higher immunity currently being adopted by EDQ with regard to the design of the road system within the PDA. Refer to Flood Study by WEP for further advice on flooding.
- The application proposes earthwork (mostly cutting) with associated shoring to reflect architectural design intent for basement and ground level layout. The site falls to the northeast direction.
- The development will require a new 7m wide commercial type B1 grade crossover to access Karakul Road. Existing gravel crossover will be removed with kerb/verge reinstated.
- The development will require in-ground pit & pipe drainage works to capture roof and surface water from developed areas to discharge flows to five different locations on both road frontages (catchment 1 to 5) via existing drainage stubs.
- The development proposes to discharge to the existing infrastructure within the Macarthur Avenue and Karakul Road, which is found to have sufficient hydraulic capacity to cater for developed site flows from each catchment. Hence, no detention is required nor proposed.
- The proposal triggers the SPP's Post-Development Stormwater Management (Water Quality)
 Design Objectives and therefore permanent tertiary treatment solutions/devices will be
 proposed within each catchment. This will feature OceanGuards (trash baskets) and
 StormFilter treatment cartridges within underground off-line tanks, prior to off-site
 discharge. This arrangement will also satisfy ESD findings and will deliver a stormwater
 management system delivering the principles of WSUD, and will be a far superior outcome
 for the receiving environment compared with the existing condition.
- The site appears to be adequately serviced by reticulated water, sewerage, gas, telecommunications, and electricity. These services will need to be connected via the associated authority works process during the development.

Information discussed in this report is inferred from several sources including BYDA records, site survey, design documents received from the client.

Meliora Engineering civil schematic sketches addressing Stormwater and Services are shown within Appendix B – Schematic Civil Drawings.



The assessment has been carried out in accordance with the relevant Council Planning Scheme Policies and the proposed works described herein will be subject to the conditions attached to the Development Approval to be provided by Council and any nominated referral agencies.

This report has demonstrated that the proposed development does not present any civil related engineering issues which would prevent the development from proceeding as proposed.

5.2 COUNCIL CODE RESPONSES

The proposed development will trigger design & construction that will need to be assessed against the following Council Codes:

- Acid Sulfate Soils Overlay Code
- Filling and Excavation Code
- Stormwater Code
- Infrastructure Design Code

To aid in Council's Decision, Meliora Engineering has provided an RPEQ certified response to the engineering aspects of the above codes. The codes with associated responses can be found attached in Appendix F – Code Response Tables.

5.3 LIMITATIONS

Meliora Engineering accept no responsibility for the accuracy of information supplied to them by second and third parties, including survey, authority mapping data and geotechnical testing information which may have been relied on to inform the civil engineering opinions and calculations presented within this report.

We consider that the study addresses the requirements for development of the subject site at the time the study was undertaken. If these conditions are known to change, the results of this study should be reviewed.

This Civil Engineering Report has been prepared under the direct supervision of a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland generally in accordance relevant guidelines and standards.



6 APPENDIX

6.1 APPENDIX A – ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS

BIKE PARKING SCHEDULE				
TYPE	RESIDENTIAL	VISITOR	TOTAL REQ.	TOTAL SUPPLY
REQUIRED AS PER DA SCHEME	176 (36 HORIZONTAL)	44 (9 HORIZONTAL)	220	
SUPPLY - BASEMENT 1	176 (70 HORIZONTAL)	7		183
SUPPLY - GROUND		38 (29 HORIZONTAL)		38
-			220	221

	CAR PAR	RKING SCH	EDULE		
TYPE	RESI	SHARED RETAIL / VISITOR	DDA*	TOTAL REQ	TOTAL
REQUIRED AS PER DA SCHEME	198	31	4	229	
SUPPLY - BASEMENT 1	239	0	4		239
SUPPLY - GROUND		31			31
	239	31	4	229	270

Builders / Contractors shall verify all dimensions before any work commences. Dimensions shown are nominal. Figured dimensions shall take precedence over scaled dimensions. Any discrepancies are to be made known to the Architects / Designers studio prior to any works commencing on site. All shop drawings shall be submitted for review and manufacture shall not commence prior to the return of stamped shop drawings.

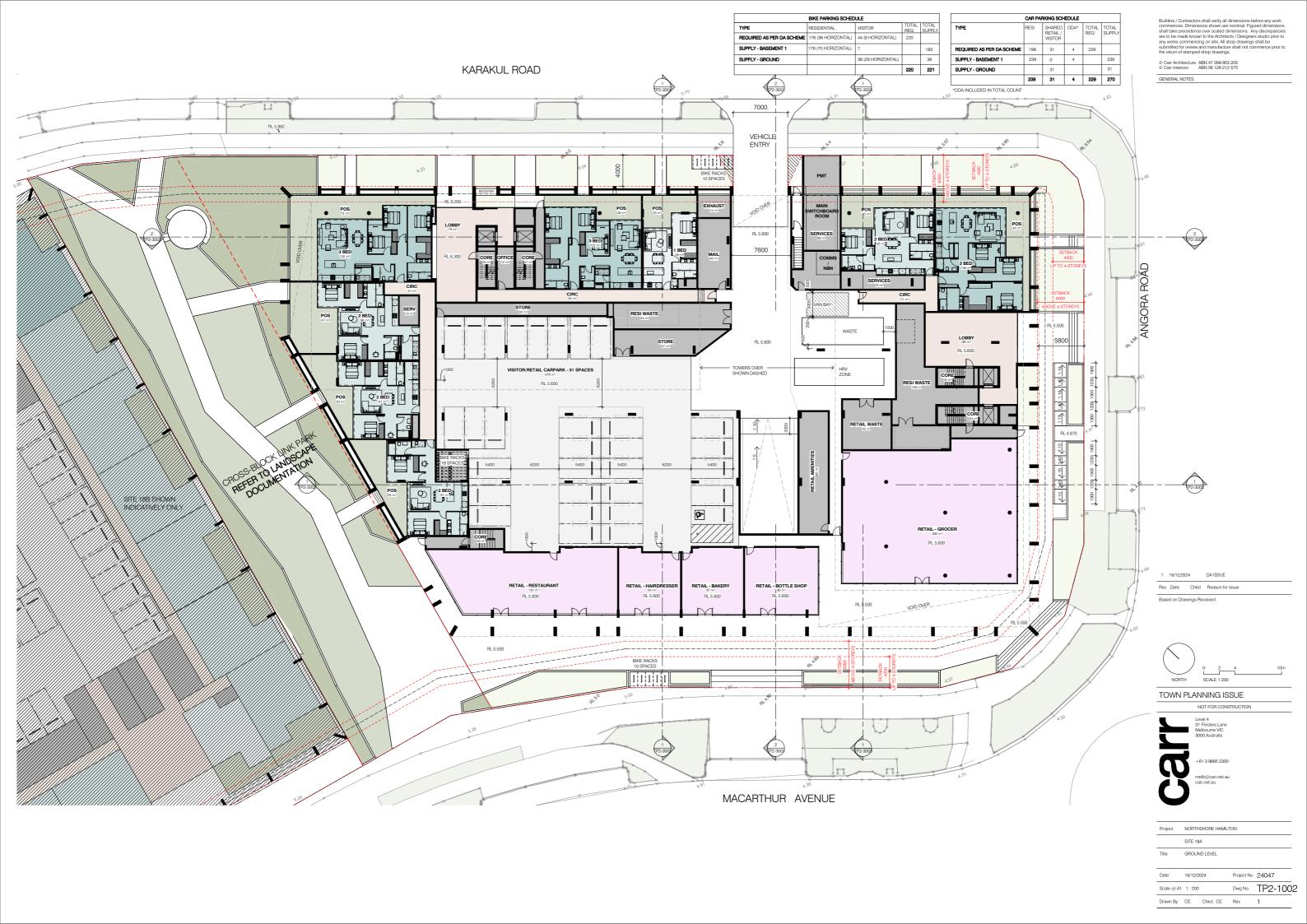
SITE 18A BASEMENT 01

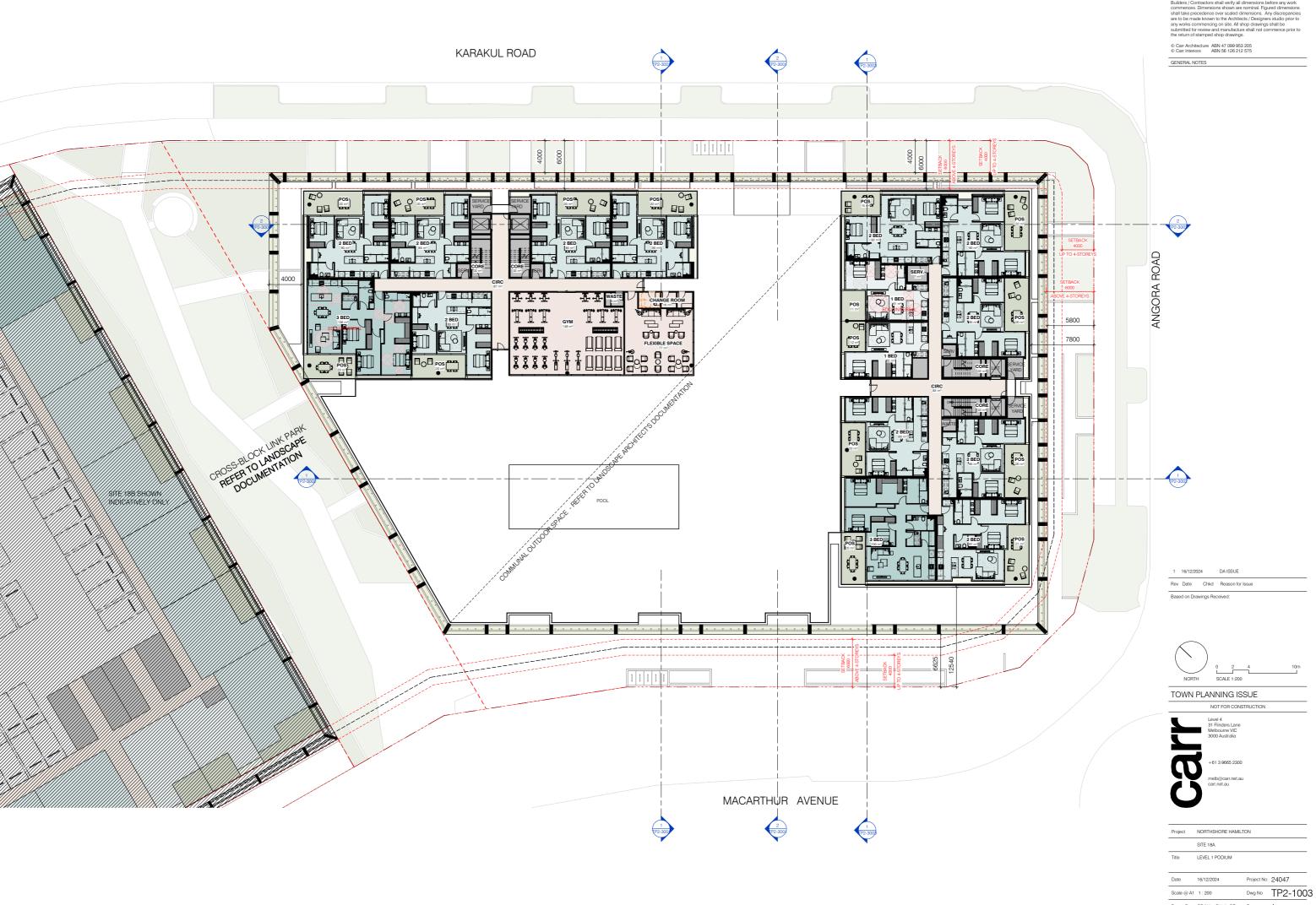
Drawn By AK/CE Chkd CE Rev 1

Dwg No TP2-1001

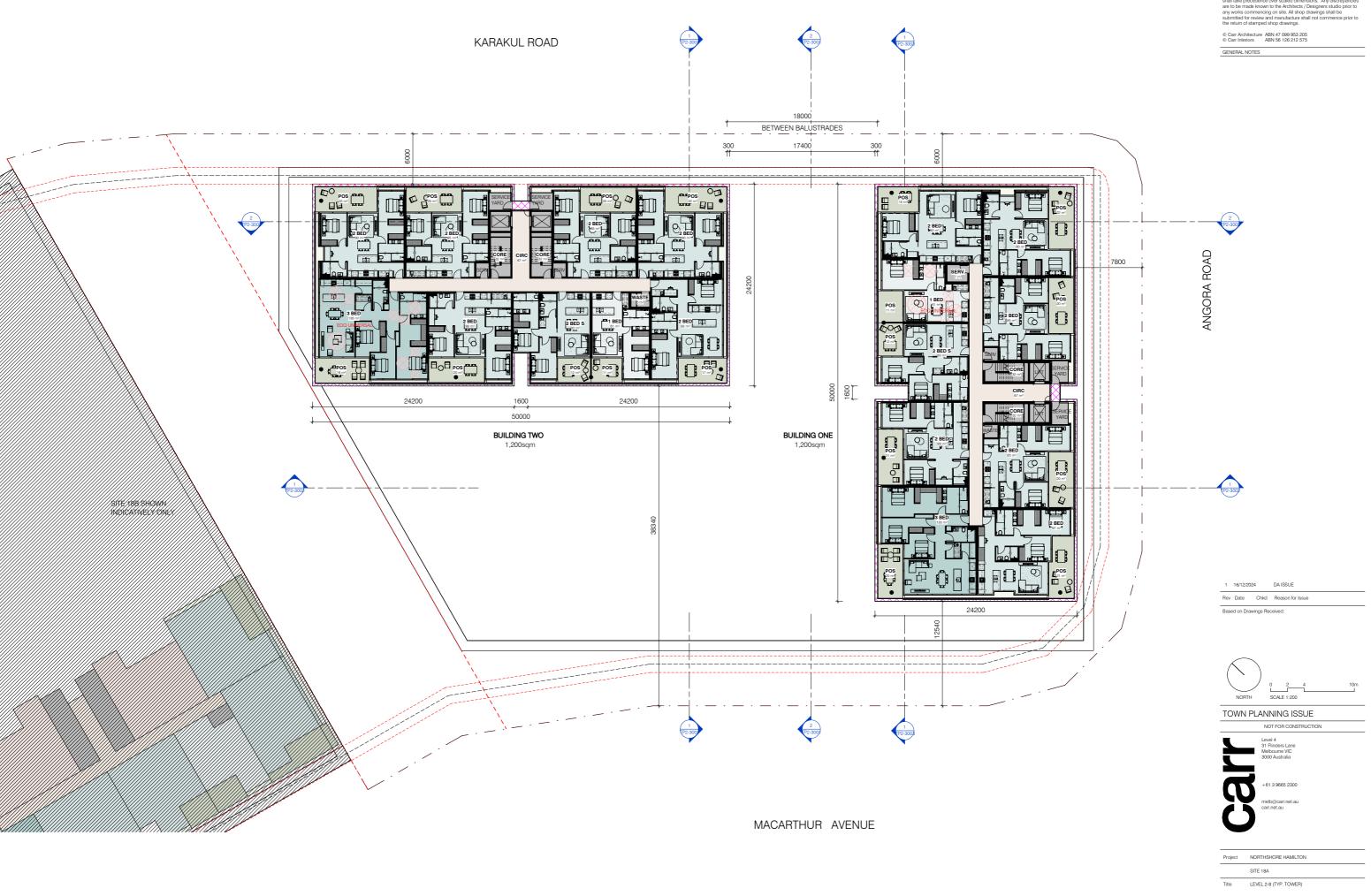


KARAKUL ROAD

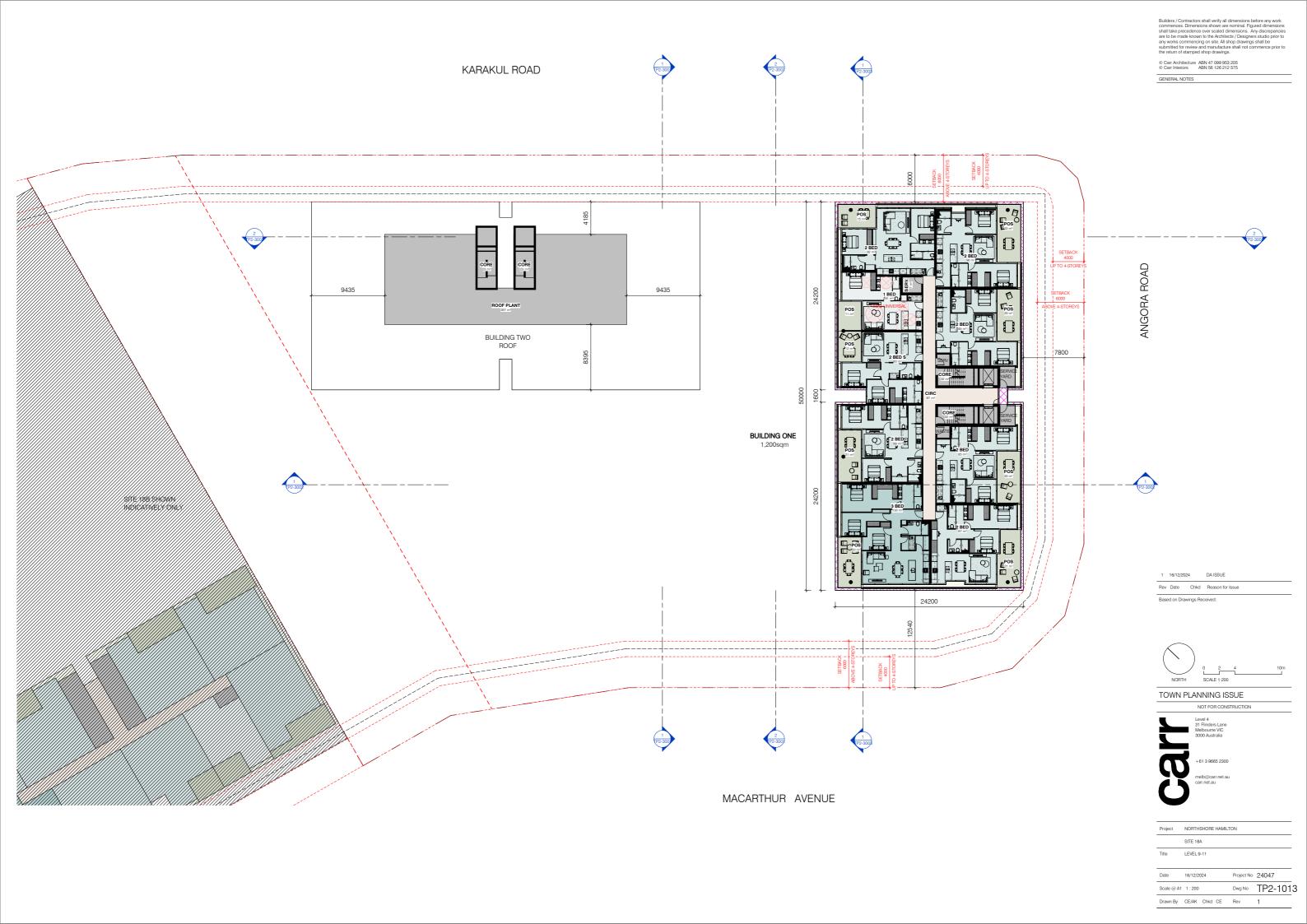


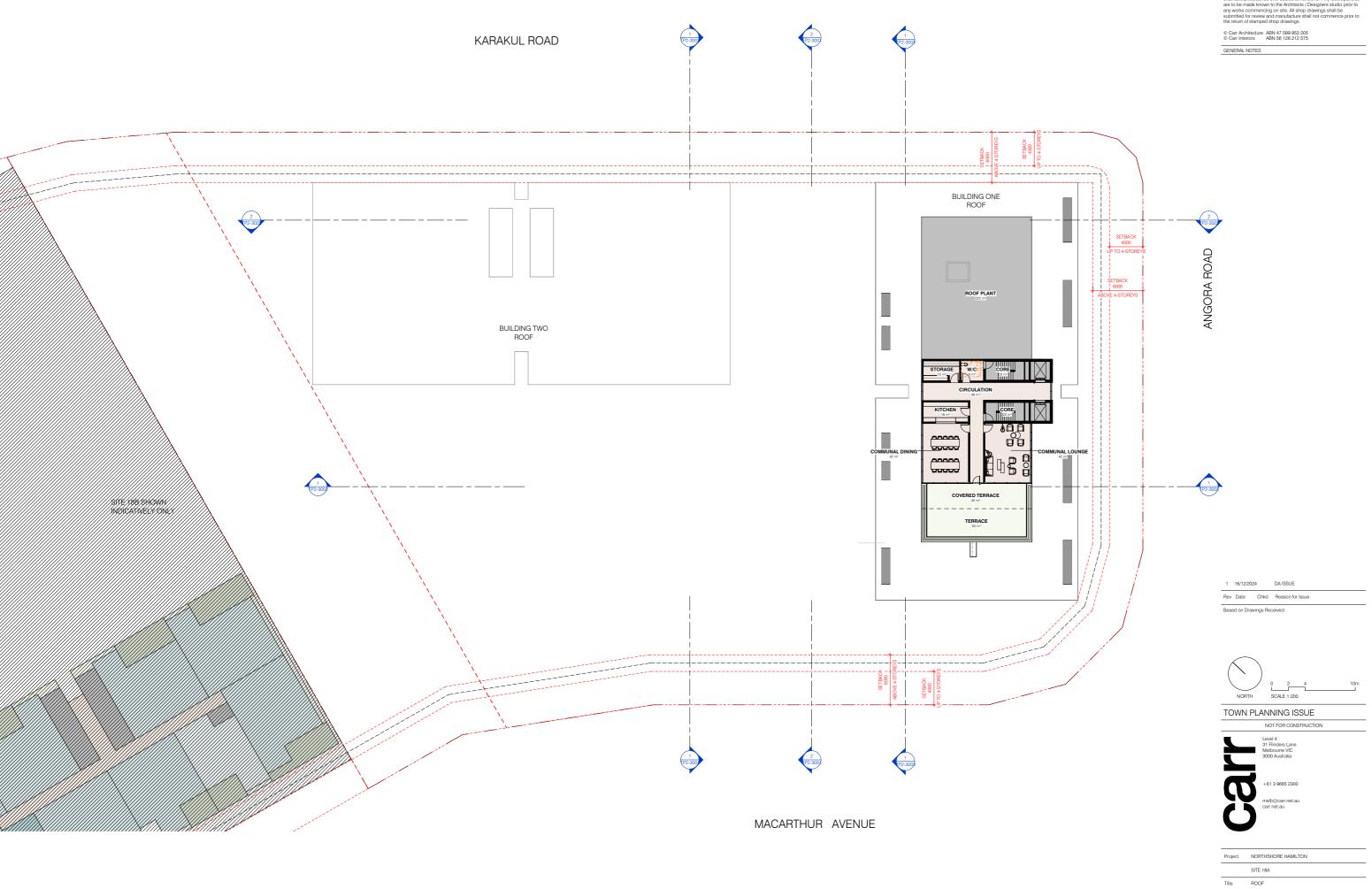


Drawn By CE/AK Chkd CE Rev 1



Dwg No TP2-1004 Drawn By CE/AK Chkd CE Rev 1





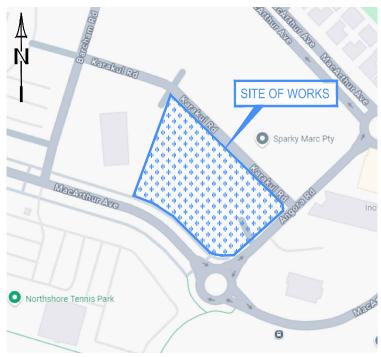
Dwg No TP2-1014 Drawn By CE/ME Chkd CE Rev 1





PROPOSED MULTI-TOWER RESIDENTIAL PROJECT SITE 18A, 260 MACARTHUR AVE, HAMILTON

DA CIVIL ENGINEERING PACKAGE FOR SILVERSTONE DEVELOPMENTS



LOCALITY PLAN

EXTRACTED FROM GOOGLE MAPS © 2024 NOT TO SCALE

LOT DATA		
6	SP 326594	

MELIORA ENGINEERING ACCEPTS NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ACCURACY OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND SERVICES WHICH ARE PLOTTED FROM AUTHORITY RECORDS BY THE SURVEYOR, DOCUMENTED DESIGNS MAY BE SUBJECT TO WHICH ARE PLOT THE PROWAD HOW! IT RECORDS BY THE SOFFCIOR, DOCUMENTED DESIGNS WAY BE SUBJECT.

ONGOING CHANGES UNTIL RECEIPT AND REVIEW OF MINIMUM QUALITY "LEVEL A" EXISTING SERVICE LOCATION
RESULTS ALONG FULL LENGTH OF PROPOSED MAIN ALIGNMENTS. MELIORA WILL NOT BE HELD LIABLE FOR COST
INCREASES OR TIME EXTENSION RESULTING FROM NECESSARY DESIGN CHANGES TO ACHIEVE AUTHORITY CODE
COMPLIANCE.

DRAWING SCHEDULE	
DRAWING No.	DRAWING TITLE
SK00	COVER, LOCALITY, SCHEDULE & GENERAL NOTES
SK01	PRELIMINARY EARTHWORKS LAYOUT PLAN & NOTES
SK02	PRELIMINARY EARTHWORKS SECTIONS - SHEET 1 OF 2
SK03	PRELIMINARY EARTHWORKS SECTIONS - SHEET 2 OF 2
SK05	PRELIMINARY CIVIL SERVICES LAYOUT PLAN
SK07	PRELIMINARY CIVIL DRAINAGE CATCHMENT PLAN

MANDATORY REFERENCE DOCUMENTATION

ALL WORKS TO BE CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT COUNCIL (LOCAL AUTHORITY) DEVELOPMENT (DA) CONDITIONS), AS WELL AS THE WATER AUTHORITY CONDITIONS, ALL RELEVANT AUTHORITY APPROVALS AND CONDITIONS ARE TO BE REVIEWED (AND REQUESTED IF NOT ALREADY RECEIVED) BY CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

READ THESE DRAWINGS IN CONJUNCTION WITH ARCHITECTURAL AND OTHER ENGINEERING DRAWING SPECIFICATIONS AND WITH ALL OTHER WRITTEN INSTRUCTIONS ISSUED. REFER TO ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS FOR SETTING OUT AND DETAIL DIMENSIONS. IN CASE OF DISCREPANCY, PRECEDENCE IS GIVEN TO DRAWINGS. THEN NOTES. THEN SPECIFICATION, REFER DISCREPANCIES TO SUPERINTENDENT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH WORK.

FURTHER, ALL WORKS TO BE CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH KINER, ALL WORDS to BE CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH COUNCIL (LOCAL AUTHORITY) GUIDELINES, PLANNING SCHEME POLICIES (PSPs), SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARD DRAWINGS
RELEVANT LEGISLATION INCLUDING (BUT NOT LIMITED TO):

- WORK HEALTH & SAFETY ACT 2011 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION & BIODIVERSITY ACT 1999 BIOSECURITY ACT 2015. REFER TO WWW.DAF.QLD.GOV.AU
- BIOSECURITY ACT 2015. REFER TO WWW.DAF.QLD.GOV.AU
 SUSTAINABLE PLANNING ACT 1999
 RELEVANT AUSTRALIAN STANDARDS INCLUDING (BUT NOT LIMITED TO):
 AS3500.3-2018 (PLUMBING & DRAINAGE)
 AS3600.2-2019 (CONFINED SPACES)
 AS3789-2007 (EARTHWORKS)

- AS/NZS 2890.1-2004 (PARKING FACILITIES)
- AS1742.3-2019 (SIGNAGE & LINE MARKING) SS BY MUTCO AS4049.2-2005 (PAVEMENT MARKING MATERIALS)
- INTERNATIONAL EROSION CONTROL ALITHORITY (IECA) & STANDARD DRAWINGS.
- INTERNATIONAL EXISION CONTINCT, AUTHORITY (IECA) & STANDARD URAW AUSTROADS DESIGN MANUALS & STANDARD DRAWINGS MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (MUTCD) SOUTH EAST QUEENSLAND WATER SUPPLY AND SEWERAGE DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION CODE (OR THE SEQ CODE)

ALL CIVIL WORKS AS SHOWN ON MELIORA DA PLANS IS PRELIMINARY AND IS SUBJECT TO FURTHER

CONTOURS LEGEND

PROPOSED EASEMENT

EXISTING FEATURES LEGEND

EXISTING BOUNDARY ADJACENT

EARTHWORKS EXISTING BATTER TOP BUILDING EXISTING

BUILDING EXISTING ROOF/EAVE ROAD EXISTING KERB

ROAD EXISTING CENTERLINE ROAD EXISTING EDGE BITUMEN

DRAINAGE EXISTING CENTERLINE

ELECTRICAL EXISTING OVERHEAD

ELECTRICAL EXISTING CENTERLINE DBYD

GAS EXISTING GAS EXISTING CENTERLINE DBYD

SEWER EXISTING CENTERLINE SEWER EXISTING RISING MAIN

WATER EXISTING CENTERLINE WATER EXISTING CENTERLINE DBYD

ABANDONED SERVICES EXISTING RETAINING WALL - BOULDER EXISTING RETAINING WALL - BLOCK

EARTHWORKS EXISTING DRAIN EARTHWORKS EXISTING DRAIN CONCRETE

EXISTING VEGETATION



GENERAL NOTES

YOU DIG Zero Damage - Zero Harm

01 ISSUE FOR INFORMATION

ALL PLANS TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH INFORMATION AND NOTES ON DRG. No. SK00 AND ALL RELEVANT SPECIFICATIONS

12.12.24 SM MB



SILVERSTONE DEVELOPMENTS

SILVERSTONE

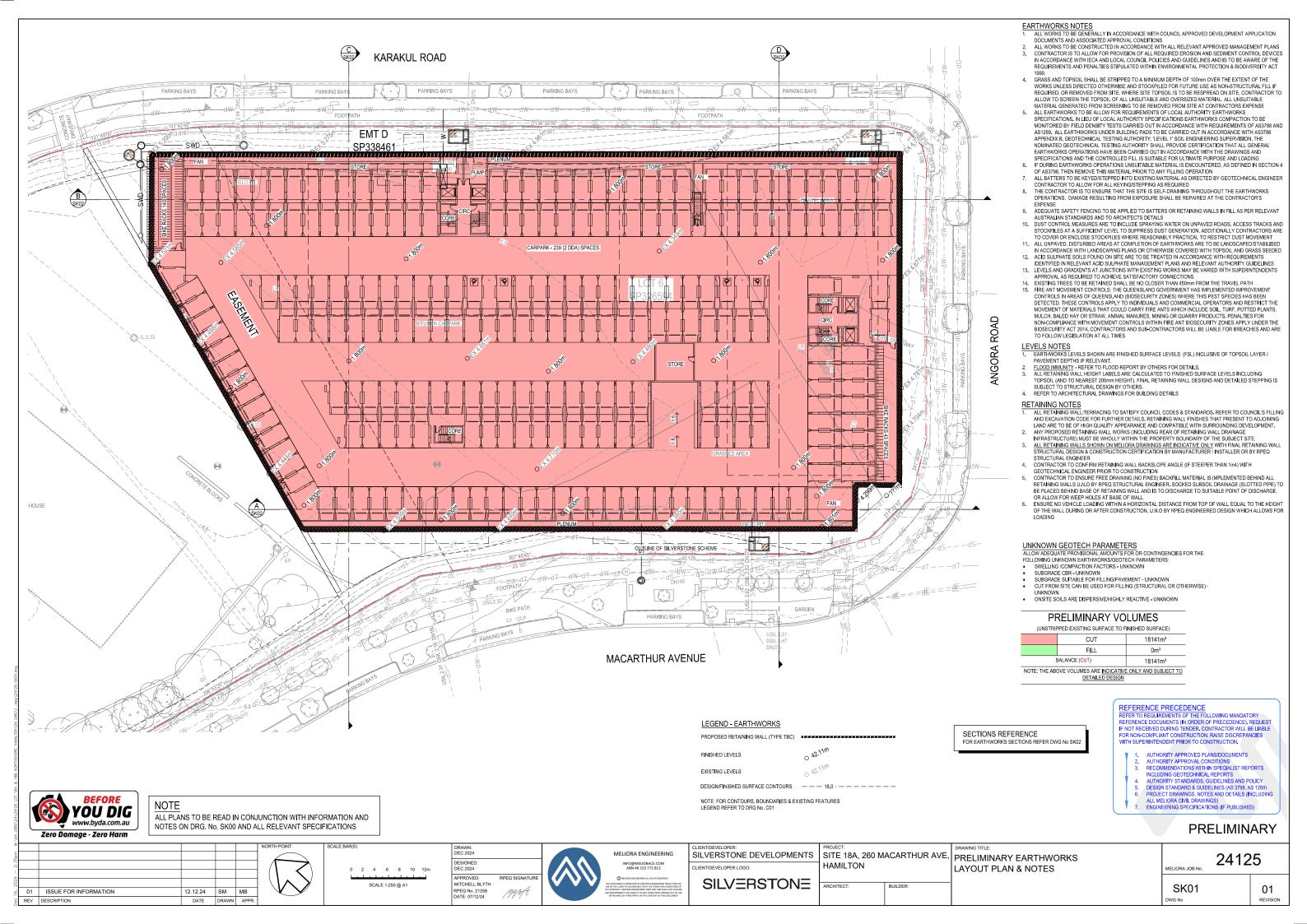
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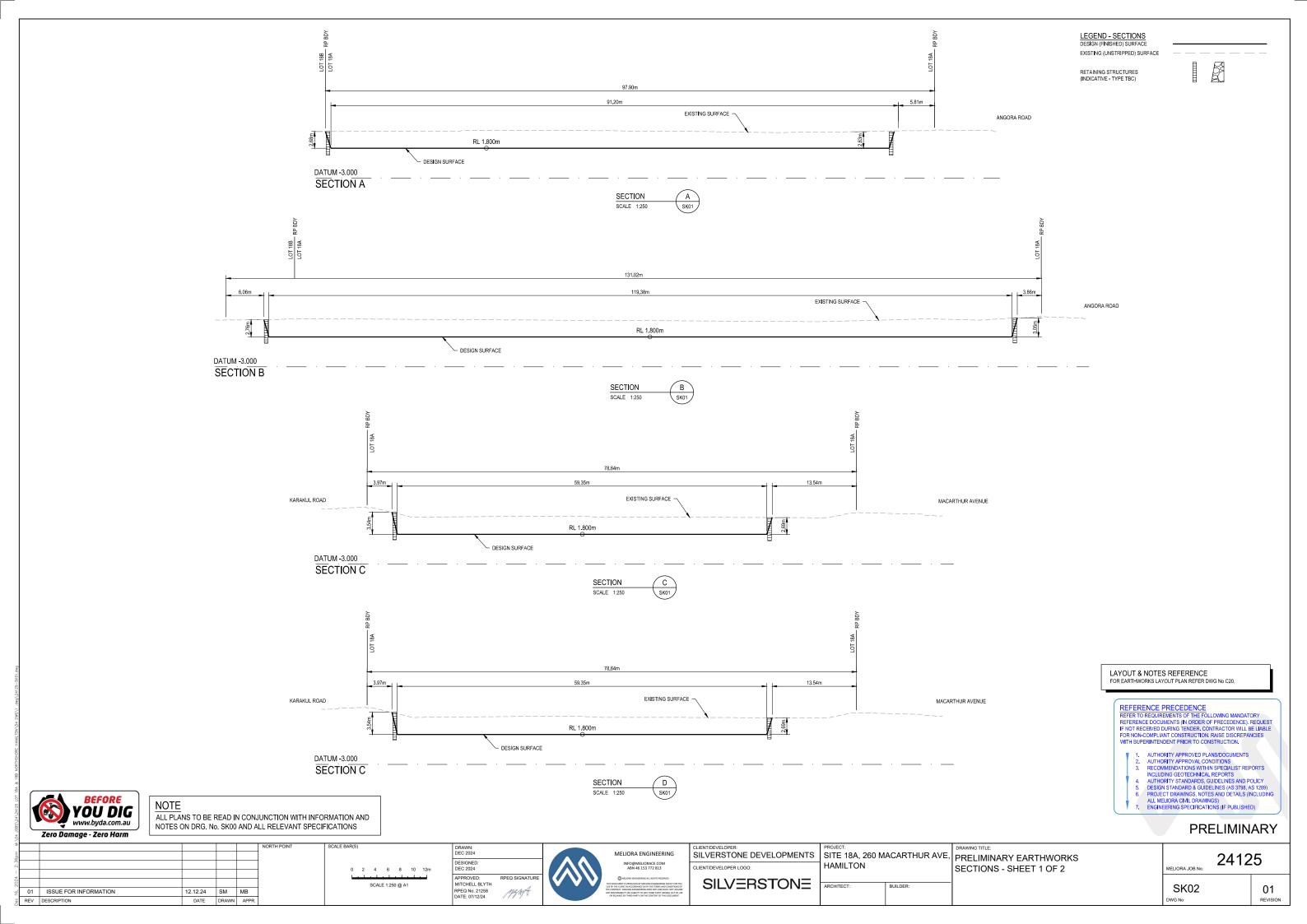
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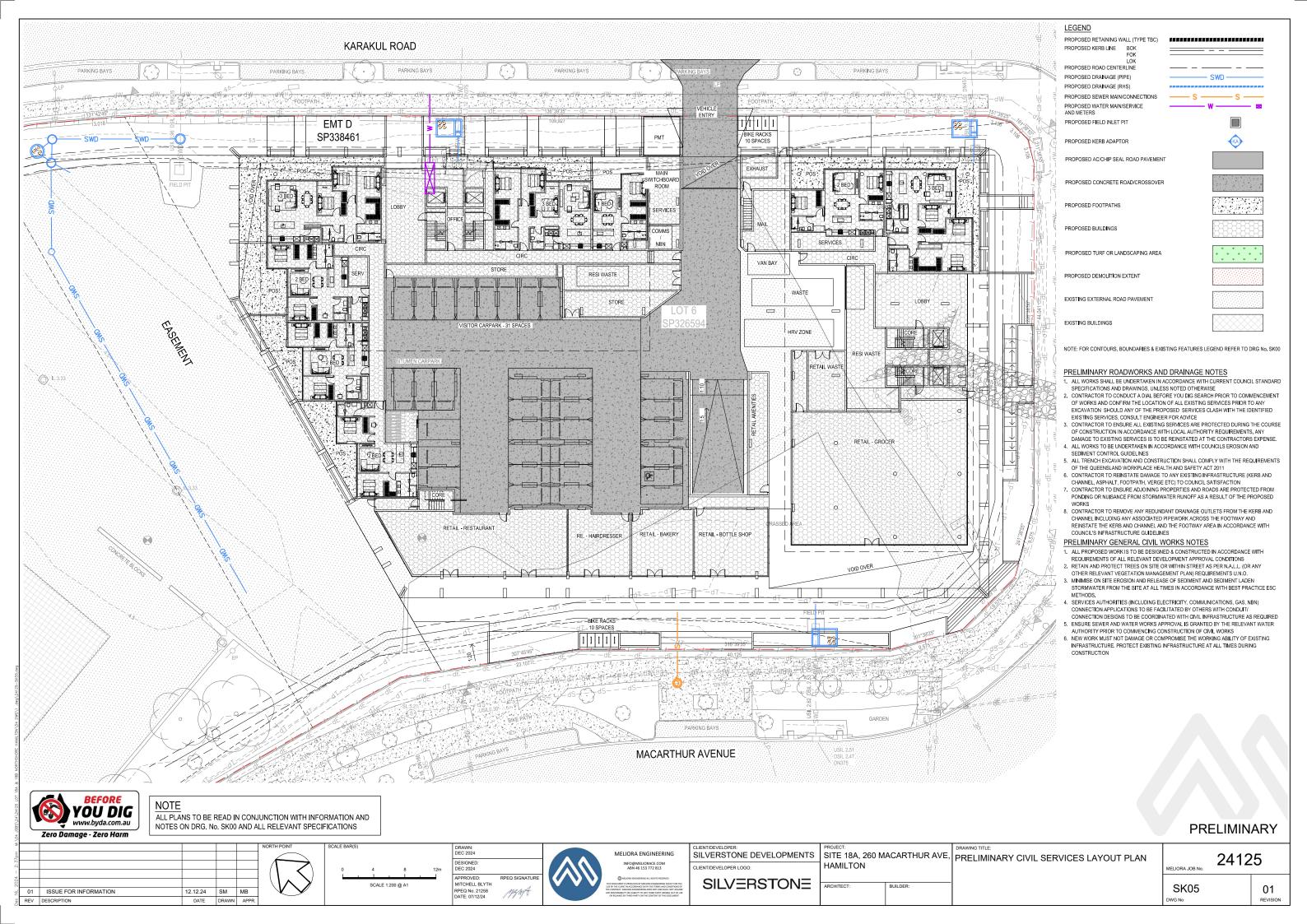
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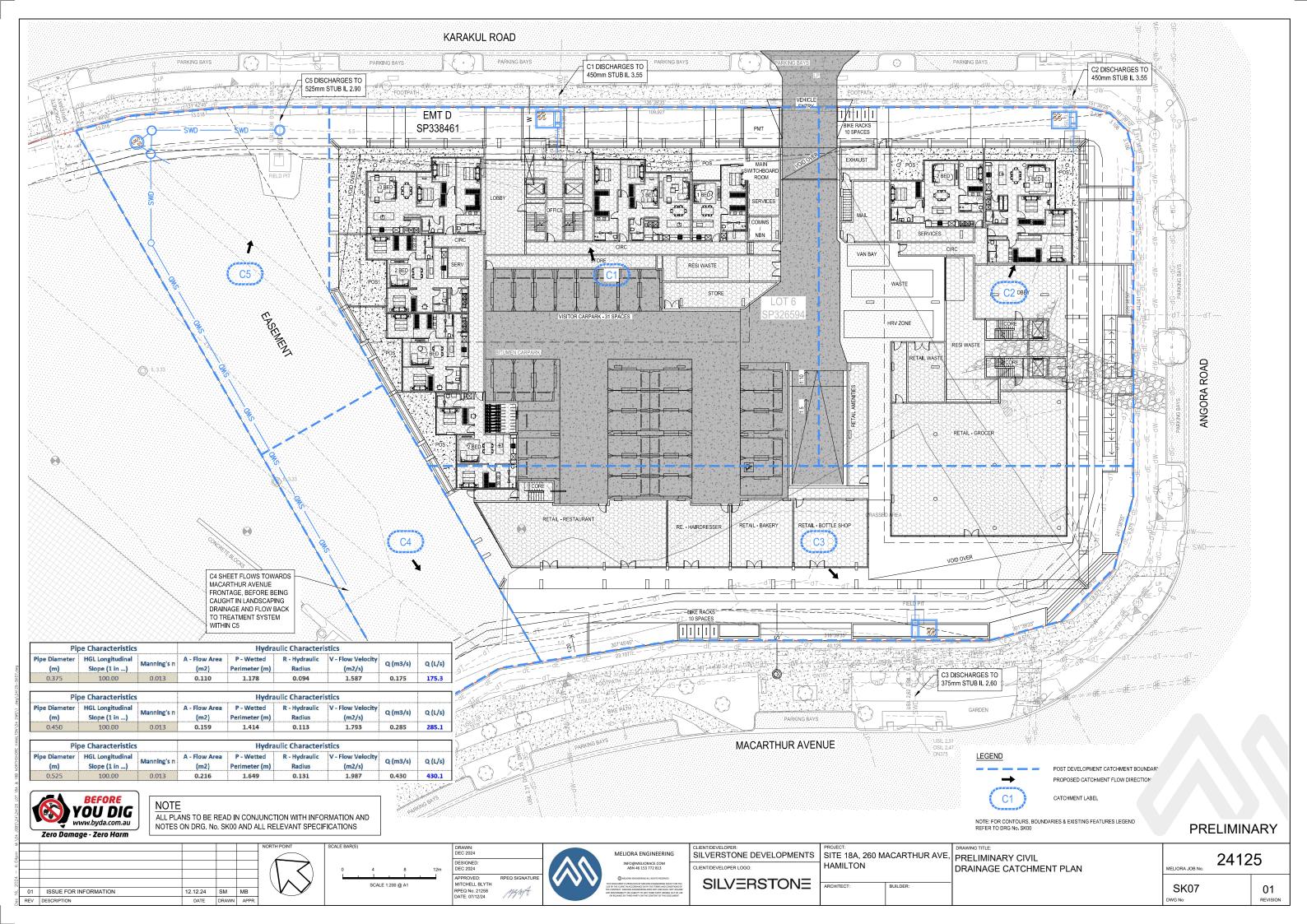
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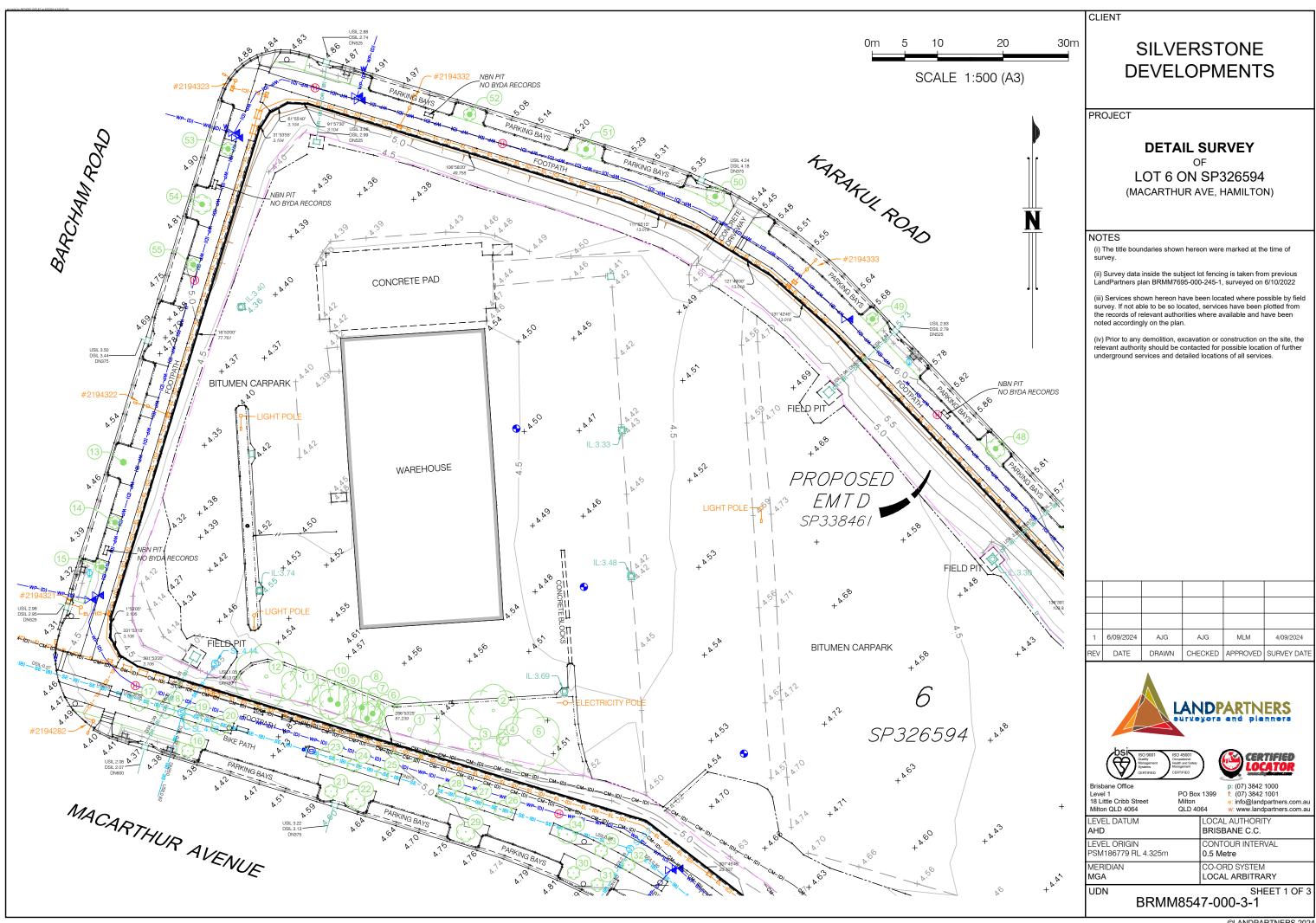


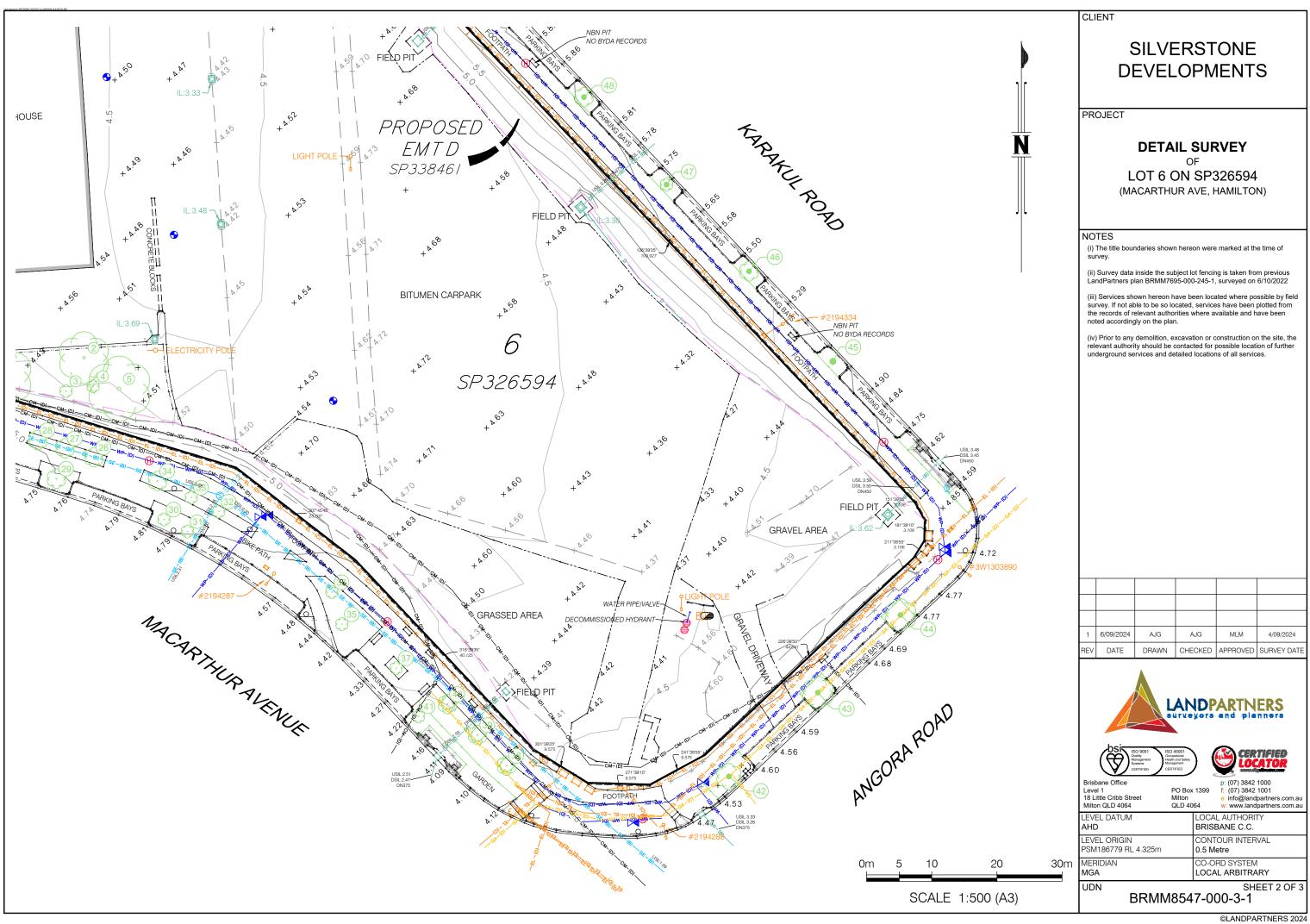




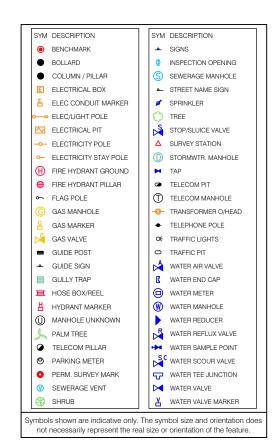


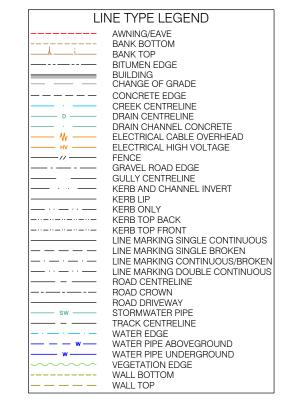






TREE NUMBER	H⊟GHT(m)	TRUNKDIAMETER (mm)	CANOPY SPREAD(m)
1	8	900	10
2	8	400	8
3	4	250	2
4	4	250	2
5	8	400	10
6	5	250	4
7	6	200	5
8	8	400	6
9	5	400	6
10	5	400	6
11	5	400	6
12	4	600	10
13	3	80	1
14	3	80	2
15	3	80	2
16	3	80	2
17	4	150	3
17	4	100	3
19	4	100	3
20	3	80	3
21	4	100	2
22	3	100	3
23	4	100	3
24	3	50	2
25	3	80	2
26	3	100	3
27	4	100	3
28	3	100	3
29	3	150	3
30	3	100	2
31	3	100	2
	_		_
32	3	100	2
33		100	
34	4	100	3
35	4	100	2
36	3	80	2
37	3	80	2
38	4	80	3
39	4	80	3
40	3	100	3
41	3	100	2
42	4	150	4
43	4	150	5
44	4	150	5
45	3	80	1
46	4	100	3
47	4	100	2
48	3	100	3
49	3	80	2
50	4	100	3
51	3	100	3
52	4	100	2
53	3	100	2
54	3	100	3
55	3	80	2





SUBSURFACE UTILITIES LEGEND DISCLAIMER

The Subsurface Utilities shown on this plan have been coloured, denoted and classified as per AS 5488.1.2019:

Communications: — CM-(B) — Drainage: — DR-(B) — Electrical: — EL-(B) — Fire Service: — FR-(B) — GA-(B) — Petroleum: — PT-(B) — Recycled Water: — WR-(B) — UN-(B) — UN-(B) — Potable Water: — WP-(B) — WP-(B)

Linetype examples above are Quality B classification.

Refer to the Subsurface Utilities Quality Classifications and Accuracies notes below to understand accuracies and methods of location.

Refer to the colour, lettering and quality classification of the linework on this plan to understand the type of utility that was

LandPartners makes all reasonable efforts to locate sub-surface utilities, however some utilities can remain undetected for various reasons beyond our control. We note:

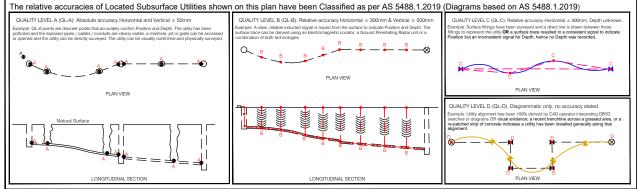
- LandPartners relies on Before You Dig Australia (BYDA) plans to indicate the presence of sub-surface utilities. BYDA plans do not necessarily document all the Underground Services within an area. BYDA plans are limited to public areas, not private land holdings. BYDA plans may not reflect recent installation activity by an asset owner.
 Electromagnetic Locators (EML) and/or Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) instruments are used to locate the presence of
- Electromagnetic Locators (EML) and/or Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) instruments are used to locate the presence of
 underground services. The effectiveness of using EML and GPR instruments depends on site conditions including soil
 density, depth of the targeted underground service, moisture content of the soil, electrical interference from adjoining
 services and wire fences and the material / installation methodology of the targeted underground service. EML and GPR
 both have operating limitations and do not locate to infinite depths.

LandPartners advises our clients that:

- The BYDA search used to complete this work contains Duty Of Care conditions and advice from asset owners. The client is ultimately responsible for reviewing and ensuring compliance with asset owner's Duty of Care obligations.
 LandPartners can provide the BYDA search documentation that was used at the time of the locate.
- The position and depth of the sub-surface utilities shown hereon is not absolute. The Quality Classification for this data indicates the relative accuracy.
- For any digital CAD data that forms part of this plan: the Quality Classification of the data prevails over absolute co-ordinate values.
- The purpose of this plan / file is to assist in detailed design only. LandPartners recommends the underground services need to be re-located, confirmed and clearly marked out prior to mechanical excavation / construction.
- LandPartners are not liable for the accuracy and correctness of 3rd party datasets that may be shown on this plan, e.g. BYDA, Council GIS etc. LandPartners will note the source of 3rd party datasets.

LandPartners has endeavoured to identify, locate and survey sub-surface utilities within the scope of works area. We have indicated the relative accuracies of the results, however the client is ultimately responsible for their own assessment of these results and decisions around managing latent condition risk.

SUBSURFACE UTILITIES QUALITY CLASSIFICATIONS AND ACCURACIES



CLIENT

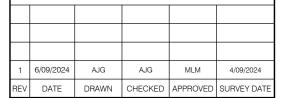
SILVERSTONE DEVELOPMENTS

PROJECT

DETAIL SURVEY OF LOT 6 ON SP326594 (MACARTHUR AVE, HAMILTON)

NOTES

- (i) The title boundaries shown hereon were marked at the time of survey.
- (ii) Survey data inside the subject lot fencing is taken from previous LandPartners plan BRMM7695-000-245-1, surveyed on 6/10/2022
- (iii) Services shown hereon have been located where possible by field survey. If not able to be so located, services have been plotted from the records of relevant authorities where available and have been noted accordingly on the plan.
- (iv) Prior to any demolition, excavation or construction on the site, the relevant authority should be contacted for possible location of further underground services and detailed locations of all services.







CERTIFIED

Brisbane Office Level 1 18 Little Cribb Street Milton OLD 4064

PO Box 1399 Milton QLD 4064

p: (07) 3842 1000 f: (07) 3842 1001 e: info@landpartners.com.au w: www.landpartners.com.au

LEVEL DATUM
AHD
BRISBANE C.C.

LEVEL ORIGIN
PSM186779 RL 4.325m

MERIDIAN
MGA

CO-ORD SYSTEM
LOCAL AUTHORITY
BRISBANE C.C.

CONTOUR INTERVAL
0.5 Metre

UDN SHEET 3 OF 3 BRMM8547-000-3-1



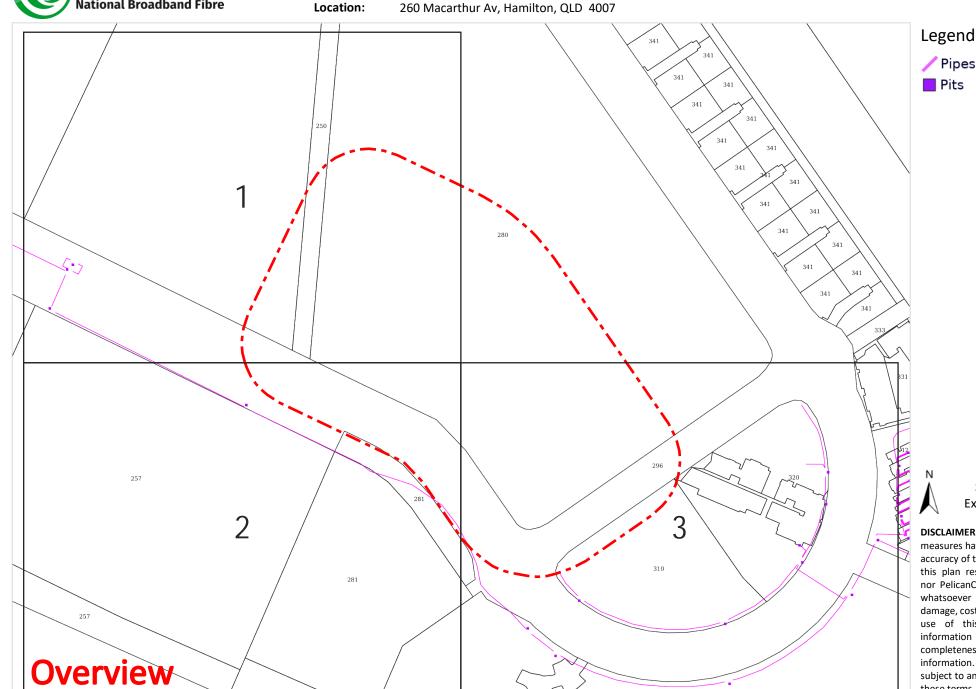




Sequence No: 248615418 Job No: 38250469

260 Macarthur Av, Hamilton, QLD 4007





Pits

Scale: 1:2050 Expires: 07 Jan 2025

DISCLAIMER: While reasonable measures have been taken to ensure the accuracy of the information contained in this plan response, neither OptiComm nor PelicanCorp shall have any liability whatsoever in relation to any loss, damage, cost or expense arising from the use of this plan response or the information contained in it or the completeness or accuracy of such information. Use of such information is subject to and constitutes acceptance of these terms.

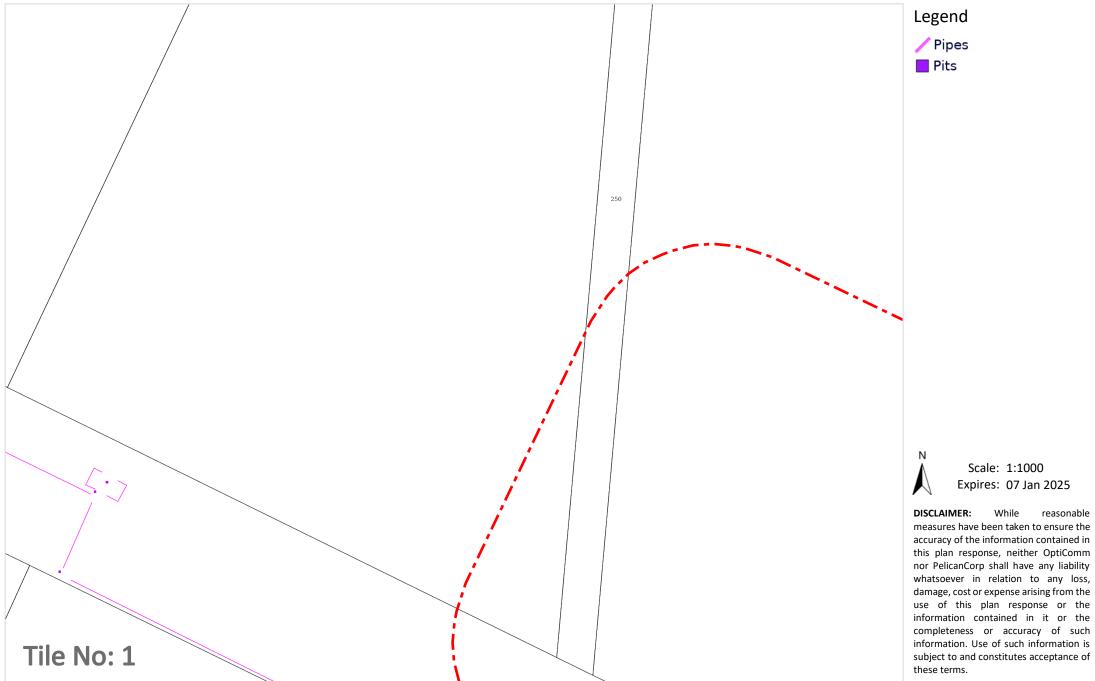


Sequence No: 248615418 **Job No:** 38250469

Location: 260 Macarthur Av, Hamilton, QLD 4007









Sequence No: 248615418 **Job No:** 38250469

Location:

260 Macarthur Av, Hamilton, QLD 4007





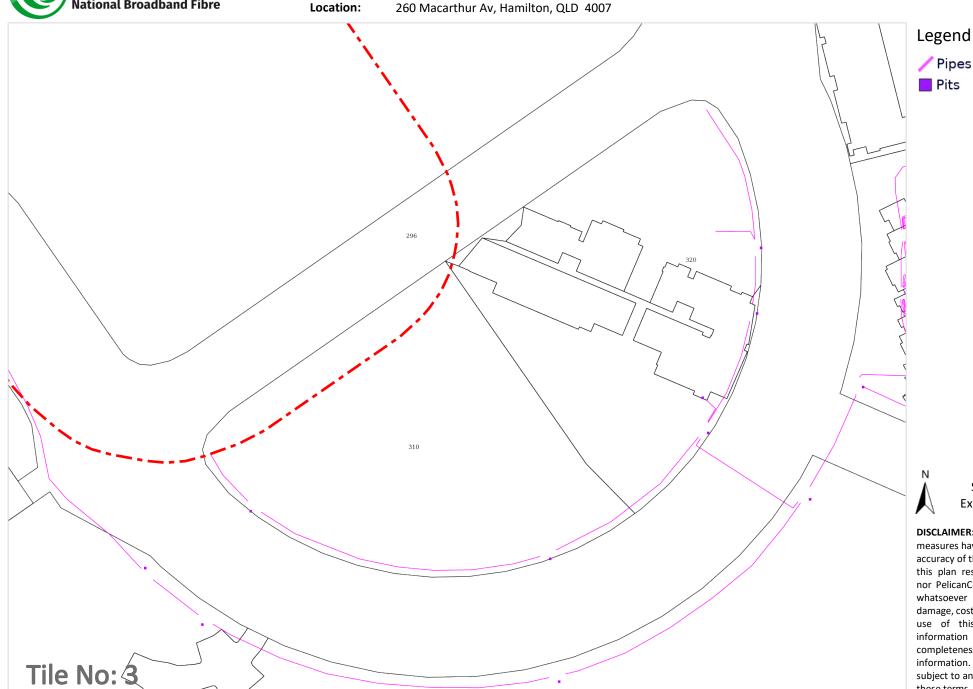


Sequence No: 248615418 Job No: 38250469

260 Macarthur Av, Hamilton, QLD 4007







Scale: 1:1000 Expires: 07 Jan 2025

DISCLAIMER: While reasonable measures have been taken to ensure the accuracy of the information contained in this plan response, neither OptiComm nor PelicanCorp shall have any liability whatsoever in relation to any loss, damage, cost or expense arising from the use of this plan response or the information contained in it or the completeness or accuracy of such information. Use of such information is subject to and constitutes acceptance of these terms.

Before You Dig Australia

Classification: Networks

10/12/2024 **Enquiry Date:**

248615419 **Sequence Number:**

260 Macarthur Av Work Site Address:

Hamilton







For your immediate information THERE IS A GAS PIPELINE OR INFRASTRUCTURE (Gas Assets) located in close vicinity to your works.

Enquiry Date: 10/12/2024 **Enquirer:** Kousik De

Sequence Number:

248615419

Worksite Address: 260 Macarthur Av

Hamilton

QLD 4007

Thank you for your Before You Dig enquiry regarding the location of gas assets.

We confirm there are Gas Assets located in close vicinity of the above location. Damage to gas assets may result in explosion, fire and personal injury.

Please ensure you read all the relevant information contained in this response to your BYDA enquiry including reviewing the **APA Guidelines for Works Near Existing Gas Assets** and clearly understand and comply with all requirements relating to your scope of work.

If you have any queries relating to this information, contact the APA Before You Dig Officer for clarification. Refer to contact points listed on the following pages.



Before You Dig Checklist



1. Plan

- Review maps provided with this BYDA response and confirm the location of your work site is correct.
- Review the APA Guidelines for Works Near Existing Gas Assets and clearly understand requirements relating to my scope of work.



2. Prepare

- Electronically locate gas assets and mark locations.
- Note: Enquirers should still look for visible evidence of gas assets at the worksite not shown on plans.



3. Pothole

- Physically confirm ('prove') the location of gas assets by potholing by hand excavation or non- destructive vacuum excavation methods in accordance with APA Guidelines for Works Near Existing Gas Assets.
- Road authorities, councils, utilities and their authorised contractors and agents are
 responsible to pothole or use other suitable methods to verify the location and depth of
 all gas assets, including gas (inlet) services, prior to commencing any works.



4. Protect

- Protect gas assets by maintaining clearances whilst excavating and following conditions provided by APA.
- Where required by APA, only conducting work in proximity to gas assets while Site Watch is on site.
- Where applicable, APA Authority To Work permit conditions are clearly understood and complied with.
- Strap and support exposed mains and inlet services. Cover exposed mains to prevent damage until the excavation can be restored permanently.



5. Proceed

- Only proceed with your work once you have completed all the planning, preparation, potholing and protection requirements.
- APA BYDA response (including maps) are on site for reference at all times, and less than 30 days old.

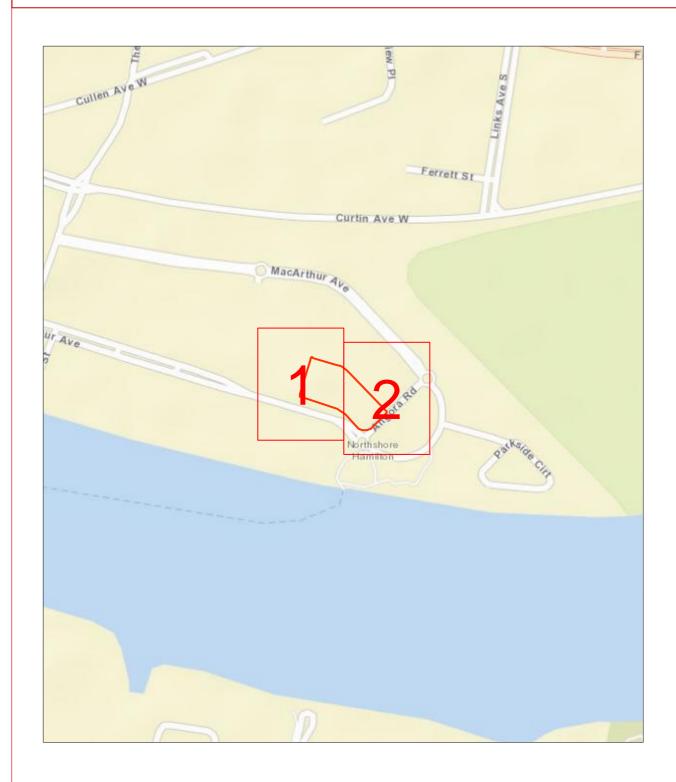


Site Address 260 Macarthur Av

Hamilton

QLD 4007

Sequence No 248615419



Scale 1: 6000

Map Sources: Esri, Garmin, HERE, FAO, NOAA, USGS, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community



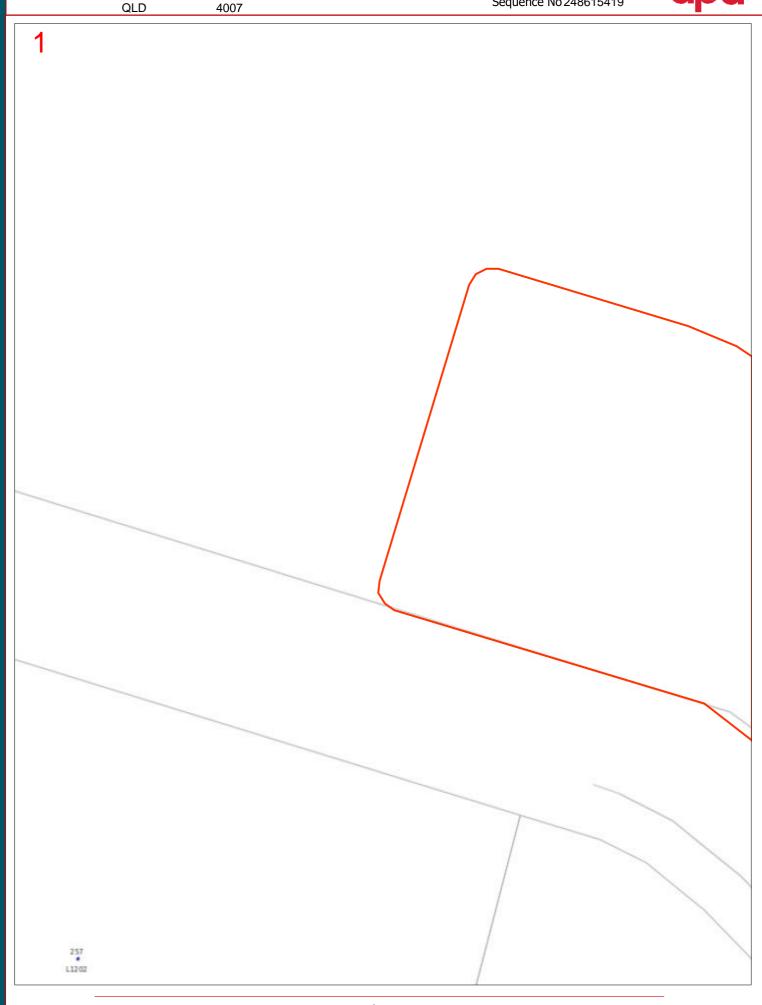
Enquiry Area



Map Key Area







Scale 1:700 map

Map Sources: Esri, Garmin, HERE, FAO, NOAA, USGS, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community



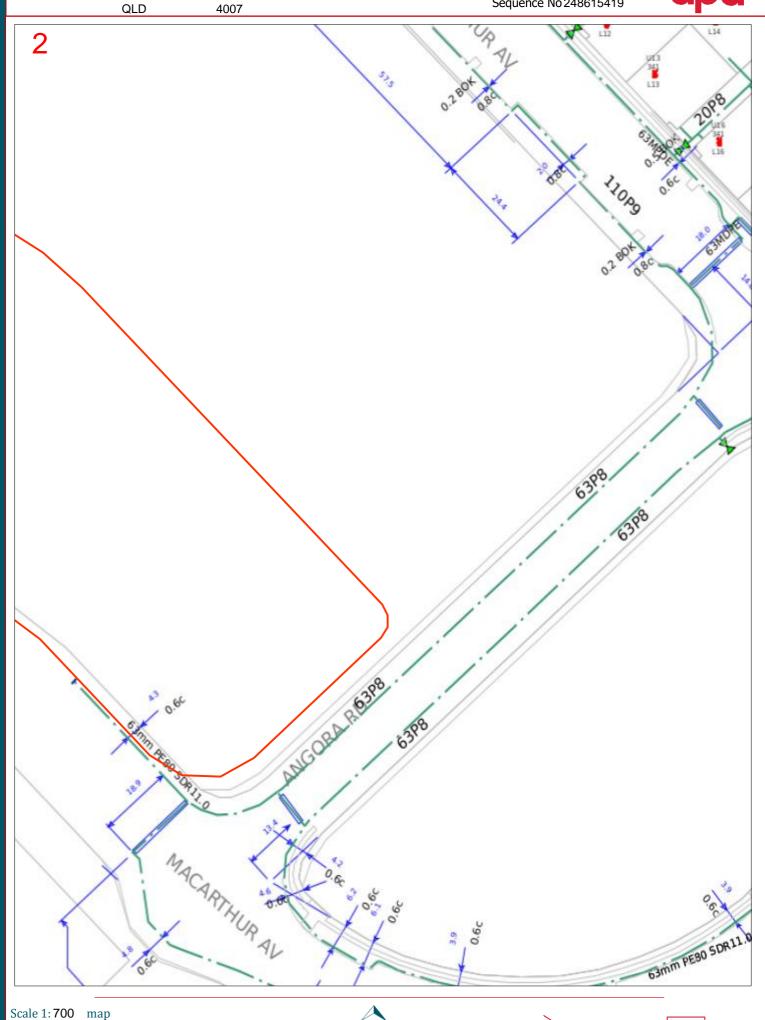
Enquiry Area



Map Key Area







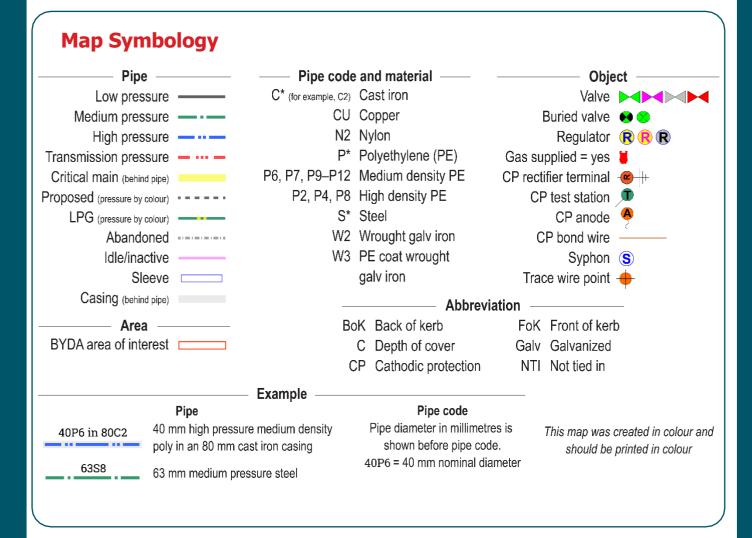
Map Sources: Esri, Garmin, HERE, FAO, NOAA, USGS, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Enquiry Area



Map Key Area







Site Watch

Site Watch is where an APA field officer attends your work site to monitor and ensure controls are in place to protect critical gas assets from damage during work.

The following rates apply for this service (1 hour minimum charge):

Item	Rate (excl. gst)
Site Watch - Business Hours	\$143.42 per hour
Site Watch - After Hours	\$175.06 per hour
Cancellation Fee Fee applies where cancellations received after 12pm (midday) 1 business day prior to the booking	\$286.84

Contact APA - Before You Dig officer for state specific hours of business.

Contacts

Contacts APA Group		
Enquiry	Contact Numbers	
General enquiries or feedback regarding this information or gas assets.	APA - Before You Dig Officer Phone: 1800 085 628 Email: BYDA_APA@apa.com.au	
Gas Emergencies	Phone: 1800 GAS LEAK (1800 427 532)	



Important Information

- Refer to requirements relating to construction, excavation and other work activities in the APA Guidelines for Works Near Existing Gas Assets document with this BYDA response.
- BYDA enquiries are valid for 30 days. If your works commence after 30 days from the date of this response a new enquiry is required to validate location information.
- For some BYDA enquiries, you may receive two (2) responses from APA. Please read both responses carefully as they relate to different assets.
- Gas (inlet) services connecting Gas Assets in the street to the gas meter on the property are
 not marked on the map. South Australia Only if a meter box is installed on the property, a
 sketch of the gas service location may be found inside the gas meter box. APA does not
 guarantee the accuracy or completeness of these sketches.

Disclaimer and legal details

- This information is valid for 30 days from the date of this response.
- This information has been generated by an automated system based on the area highlighted in your BYDA request and has not been independently verified.
- Map location information is provided as AS5488-2022 Quality Level D, as such supplied location information is indicative only.
- Whilst APA has taken reasonable steps to ensure that the information supplied is accurate, the
 information is provided strictly on the condition that no assurance, representation, warranty or
 guarantee (express or implied) is given by APA in relation to the information (including without
 limitation quality, accuracy, reliability, completeness, currency, sustainability, or suitability for any
 particular purpose) except that the information has been disclosed in good faith.
- Any party who undertakes activities in the vicinity of APA operated assets has a legal duty of care that
 must be observed. This legal obligation requires all parties to adhere to a standard of reasonable care
 while performing any acts that could foreseeably harm these assets.



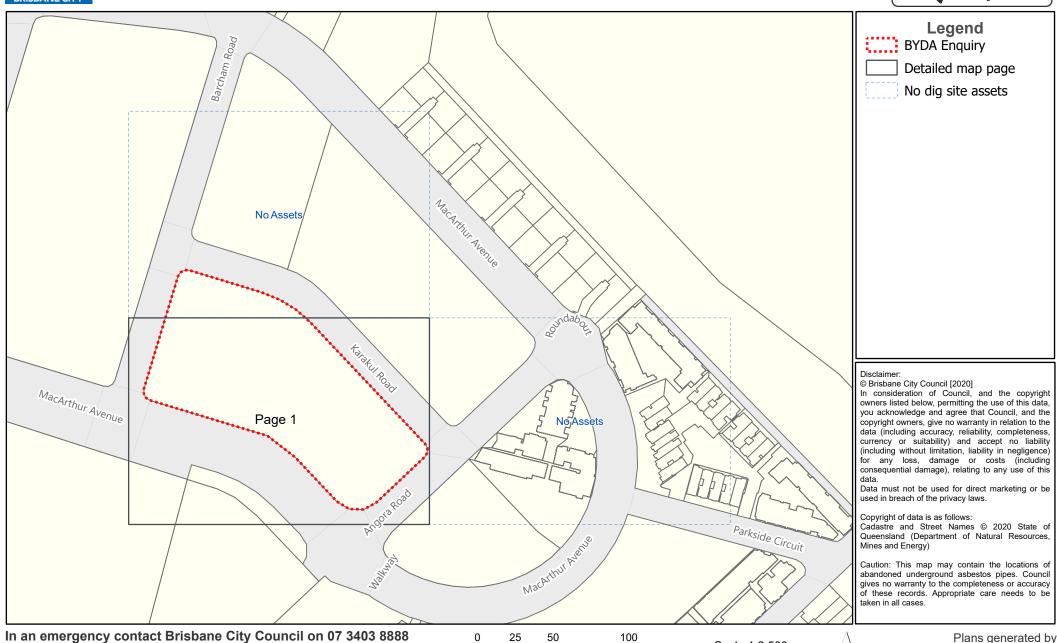


Index Sheet

Job # 38250469 Seq # 248615420

Provider: Brisbane City Council Telephone: (07) 3403 8888





25

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100

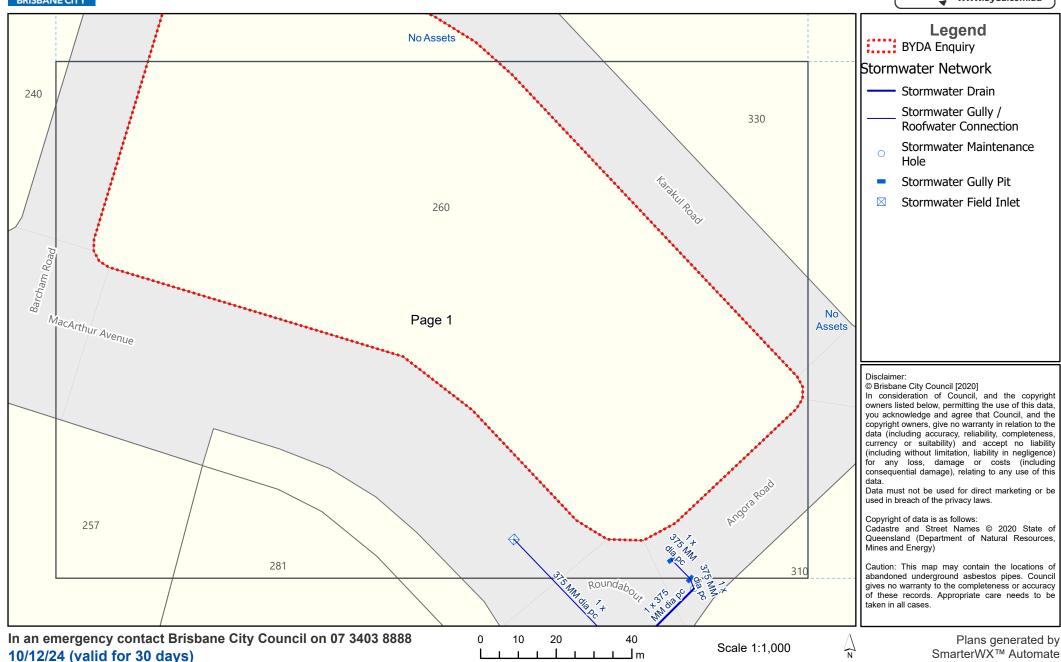
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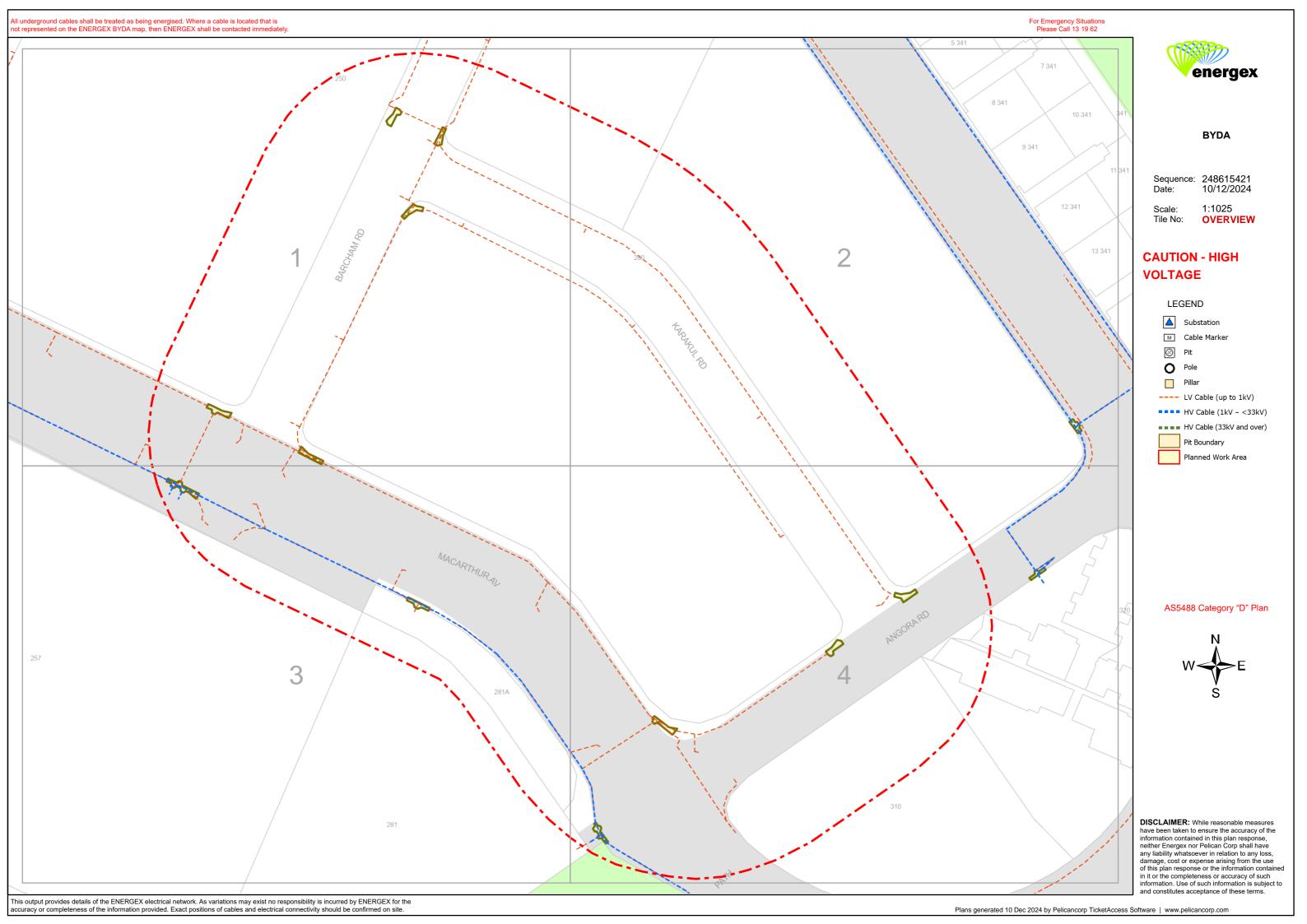


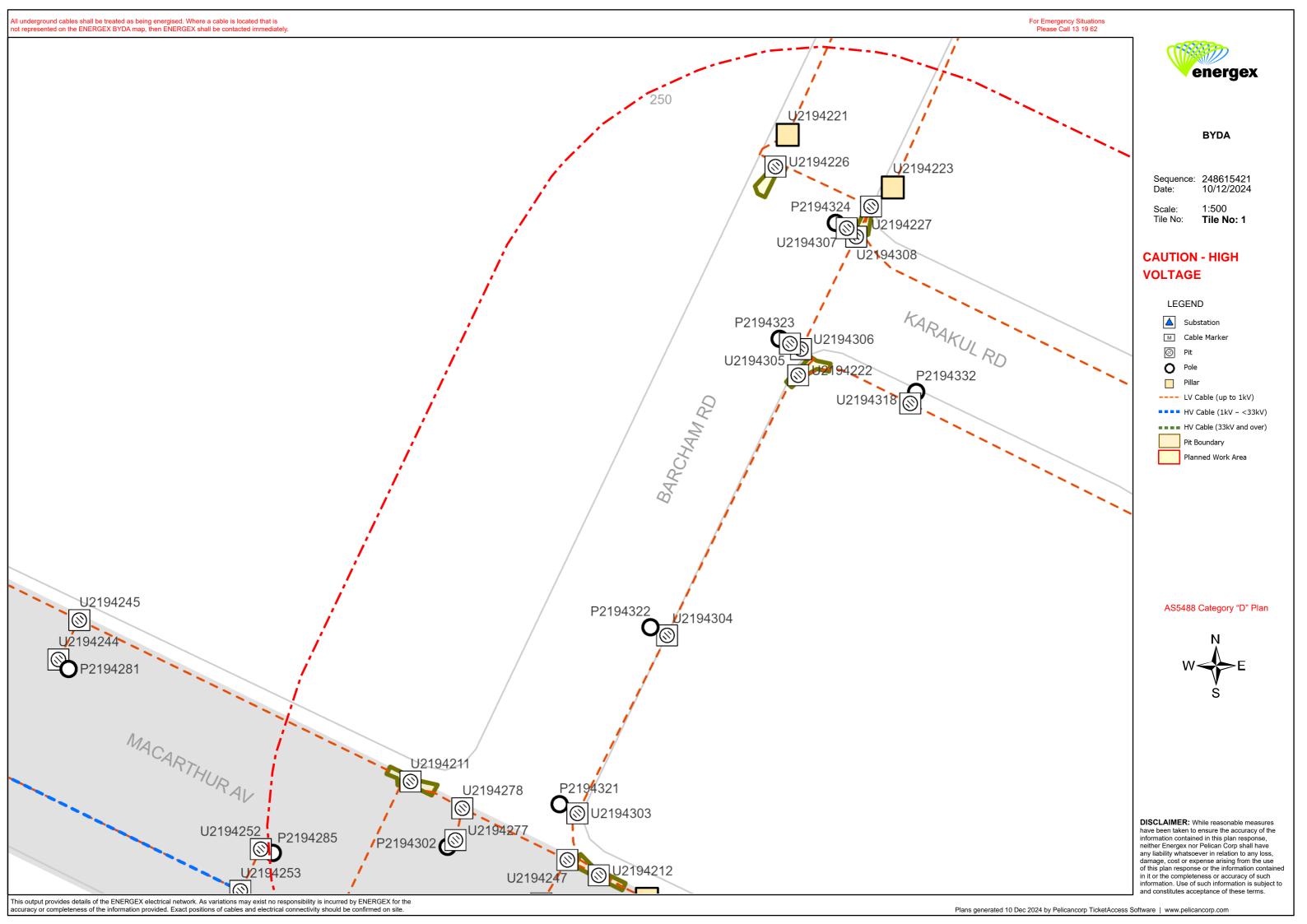
Job # 38250469 Seg # 248615420

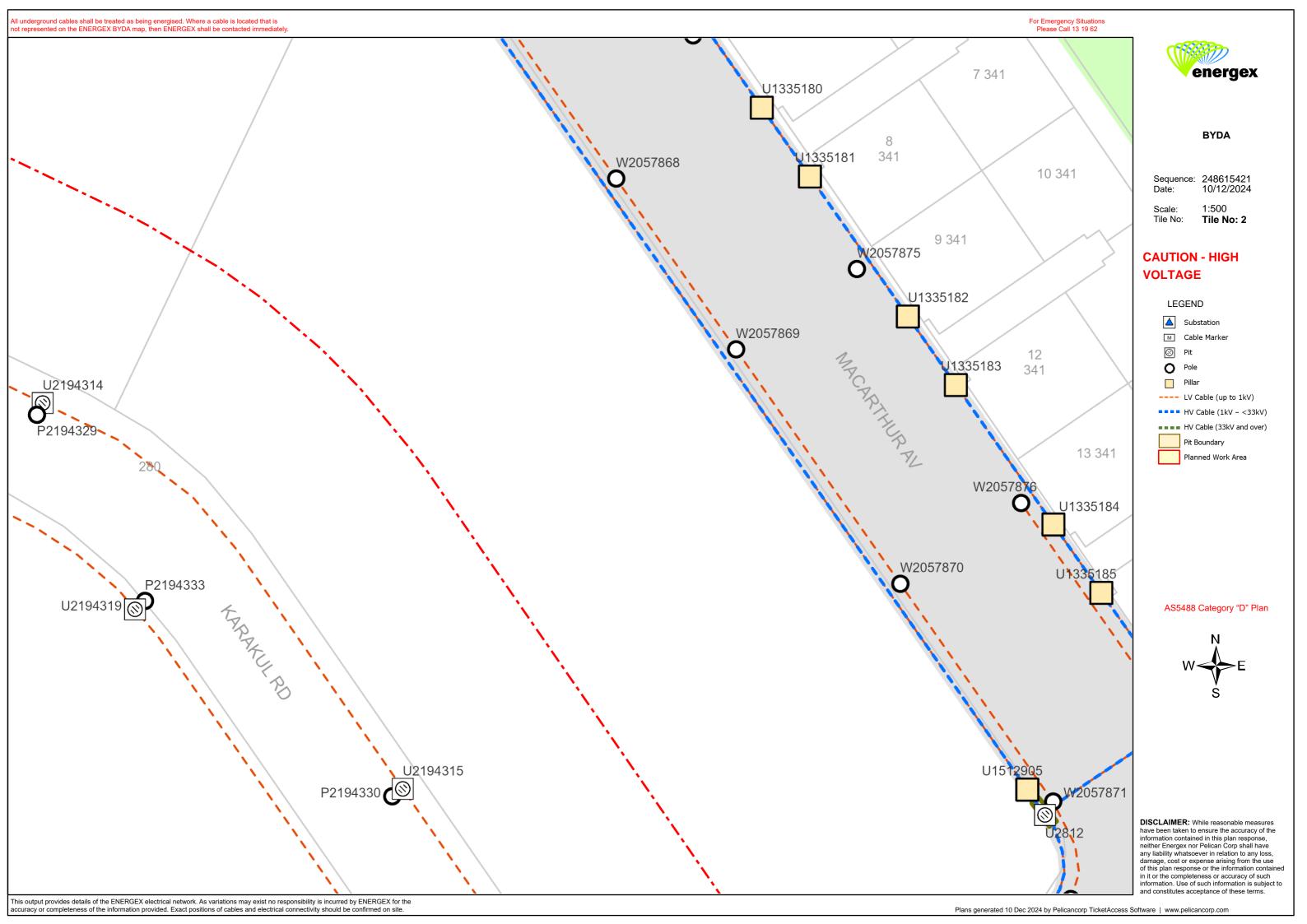
Provider: Brisbane City Council Telephone: (07) 3403 8888

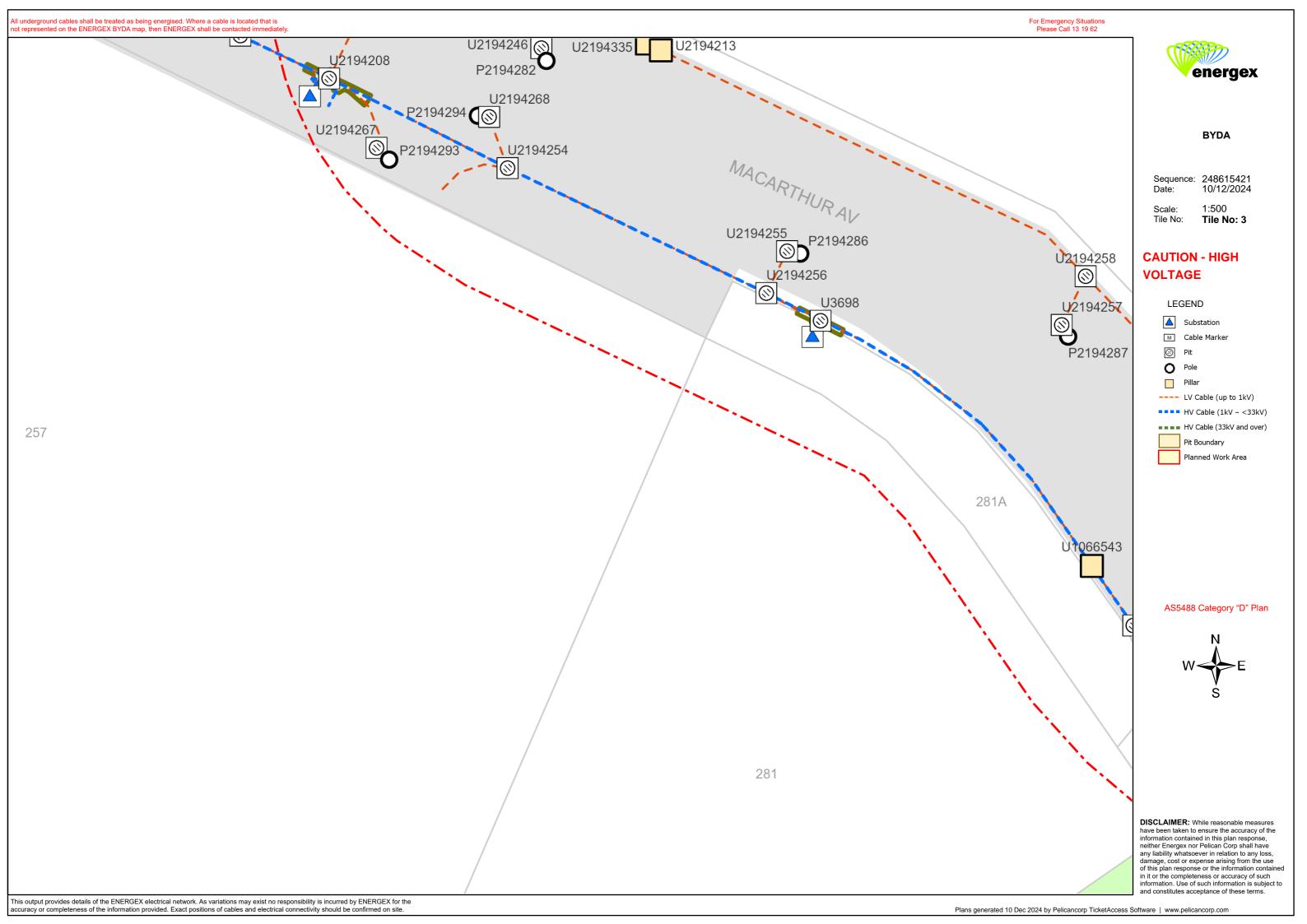


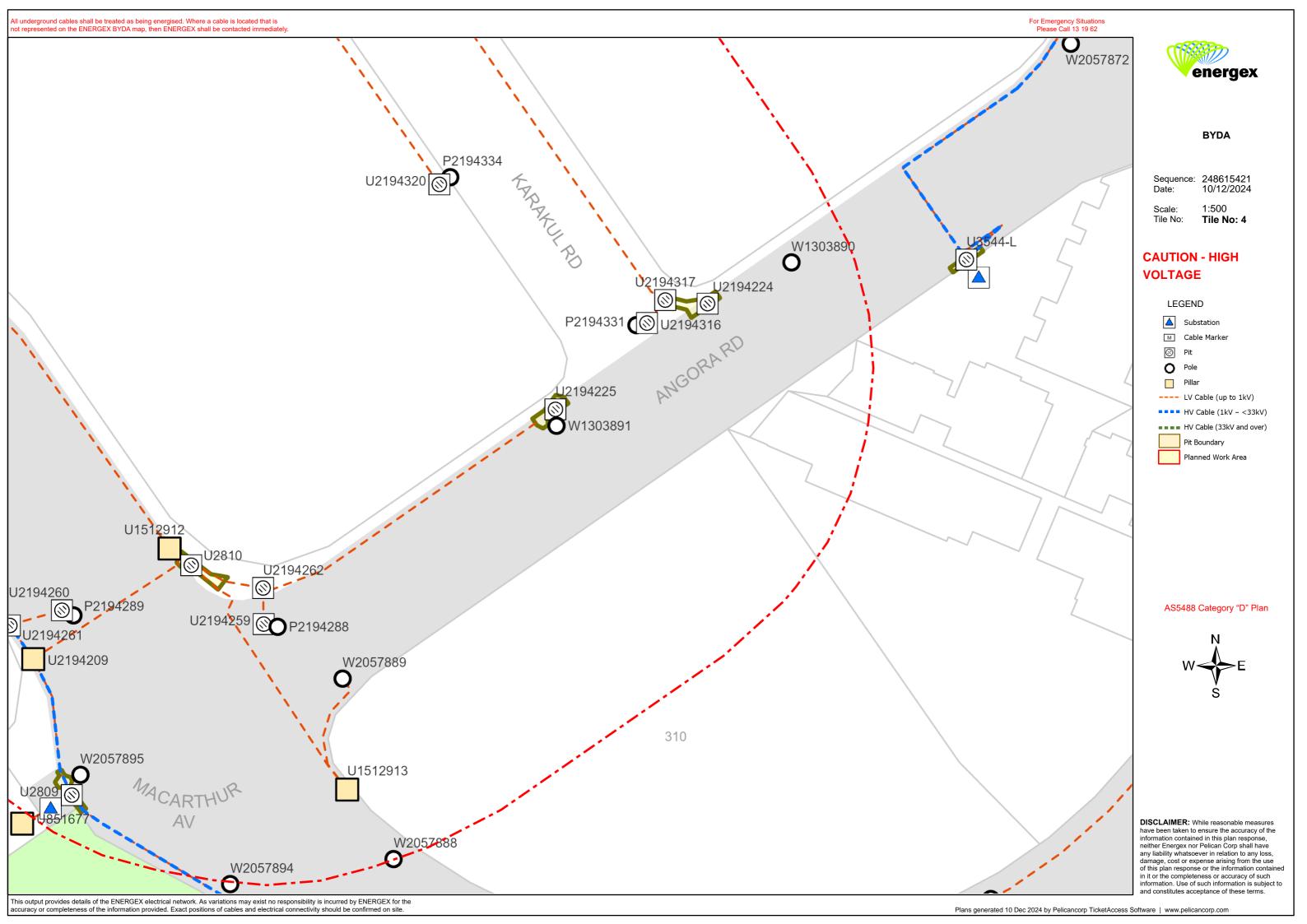


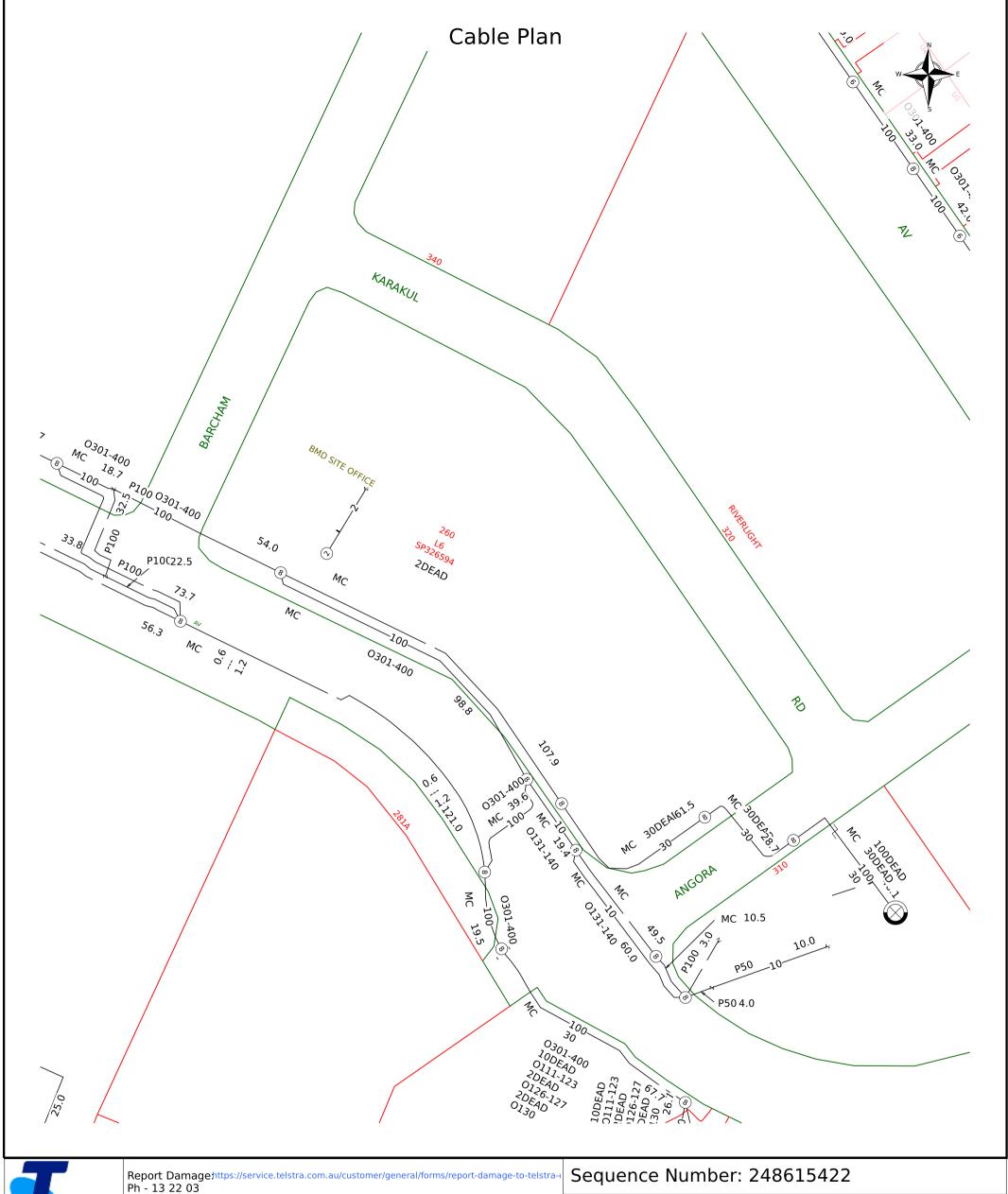














Email - Telstra.Plans@team.telstra.com

Planned Services - ph 1800 653 935 (AEST bus hrs only) General Enquiries

TELSTRA LIMITED A.C.N. 086 174 781

Generated On 11/12/2024 06:17:56

CAUTION: Fibre optic and/ or major network present in plot area. Please read the Duty of Care and contact Telstra Plan Services should you require any assistance.

The above plan must be viewed in conjunction with the Mains Cable Plan on the following page

WARNING

Telstra plans and location information conform to Quality Level "D" of the Australian Standard AS 5488-Classification of Subsurface Utility Information.

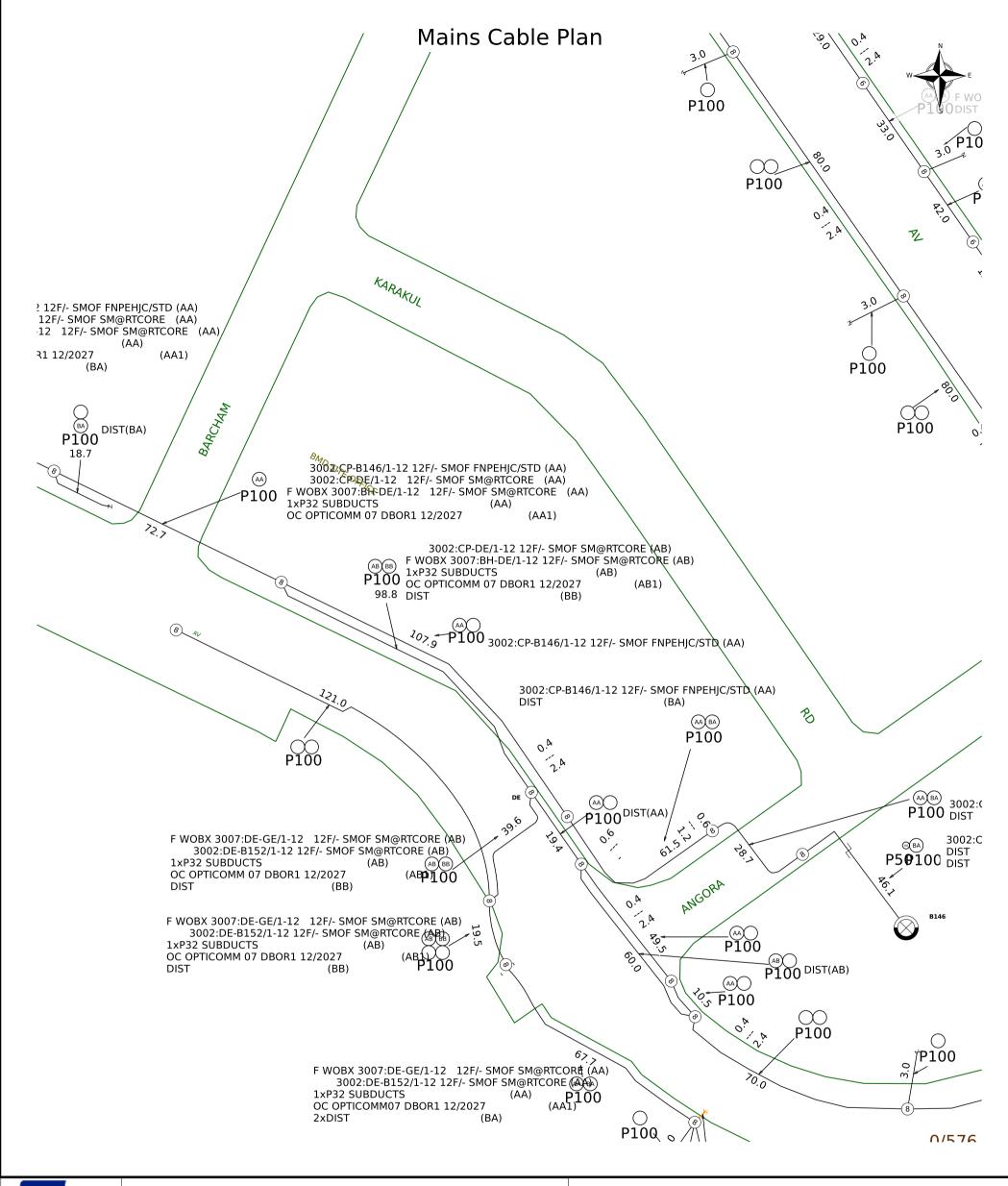
As such, Telstra supplied location information is indicative only. Spatial accuracy is not applicable to Quality Level D.

Refer to AS 5488 for further details. The exact position of Telstra assets can only be validated by physically exposing it.

Telstra does not warrant or hold out that its plans are accurate and accepts no responsibility for any inaccuracy. Further on site investigation is required to validate the exact location of Telstra plant prior to commencing construction work.

A Certified Locating Organisation is an essential part of the process to validate the exact location of Telstra assets and to ensure the asset is protected during construction works.

See the Steps-Telstra Duty of Care that was provided in the email response.



T

 $Report\ Damage https://service.telstra.com.au/customer/general/forms/report-damage-to-telstra-Ph-13\ 22\ 03$

Email - Telstra.Plans@team.telstra.com

Planned Services - ph 1800 653 935 (AEST bus hrs only) General Enquiries

TELSTRA LIMITED A.C.N. 086 174 781

Generated On 11/12/2024 06:17:59

Sequence Number: 248615422

CAUTION: Fibre optic and/ or major network present in plot area. Please read the Duty of Care and contact Telstra Plan Services should you require any assistance.

The above plan must be viewed in conjunction with the Mains Cable Plan on the following page

WARNING

Telstra plans and location information conform to Quality Level "D" of the Australian Standard AS 5488-Classification of Subsurface Utility Information.

As such, Telstra supplied location information is indicative only. Spatial accuracy is not applicable to Quality Level D.

Refer to AS 5488 for further details. The exact position of Telstra assets can only be validated by physically exposing it.

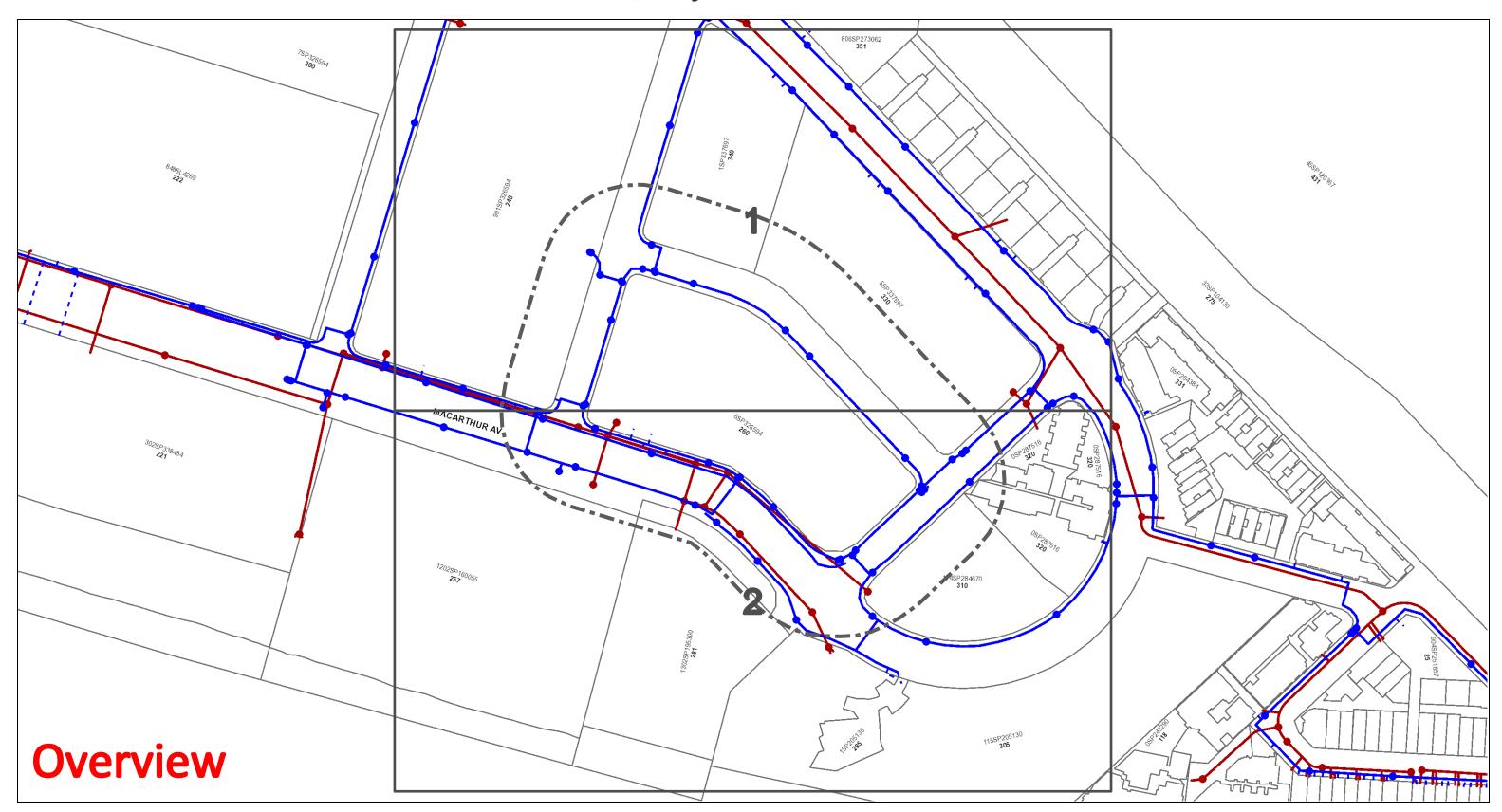
Telstra does not warrant or hold out that its plans are accurate and accepts no responsibility for any inaccuracy.

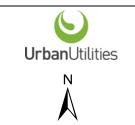
Further on site investigation is required to validate the exact location of Telstra plant prior to commencing construction work.

A Certified Locating Organisation is an essential part of the process to validate the exact location of Telstra assets and to ensure the asset is protected during construction works.

See the Steps- Telstra Duty of Care that was provided in the email response.

Urban Utilities - Water, Recycled Water and Sewer Infrastructure





Map Scale

1:2050

Before You Dig Australia- Urban Utilities Water, **Recycled Water and Sewer Infrastructure**

BYDA Reference No: 248615423

Date BYDA Ref Received: 10/12/2024 Date BYDA Job to Commence: 13/12/2024 Date BYDA Map Produced: 10/12/2024

This Map is valid for 30 days Produced By: Urban Utilities

Sewer

- Infrastructure
- Network Pipelines
- Network Structures

Water

- Infrastructure
- Major Infrastructure Major Infrastructure Network Pipelines
- Network Structures --- Water Service (Indicative only)

Recycled Water

- Infrastructure
- Major Infrastructure
- Network Pipelines
- Network Structures

hile reasonable measures have been taken to ensure the accuracy of the information contained in this plan response, neither Urban Utilities nor PelicanCorp hall have any liability whatsoever in relation to any loss, damage, cost or expense arising from the use of this plan response or the information contained in tor the completeness or accuracy of such information. Use of such information is subject to and constitutes acceptance of these terms

rectness, currency or fitness for purpose

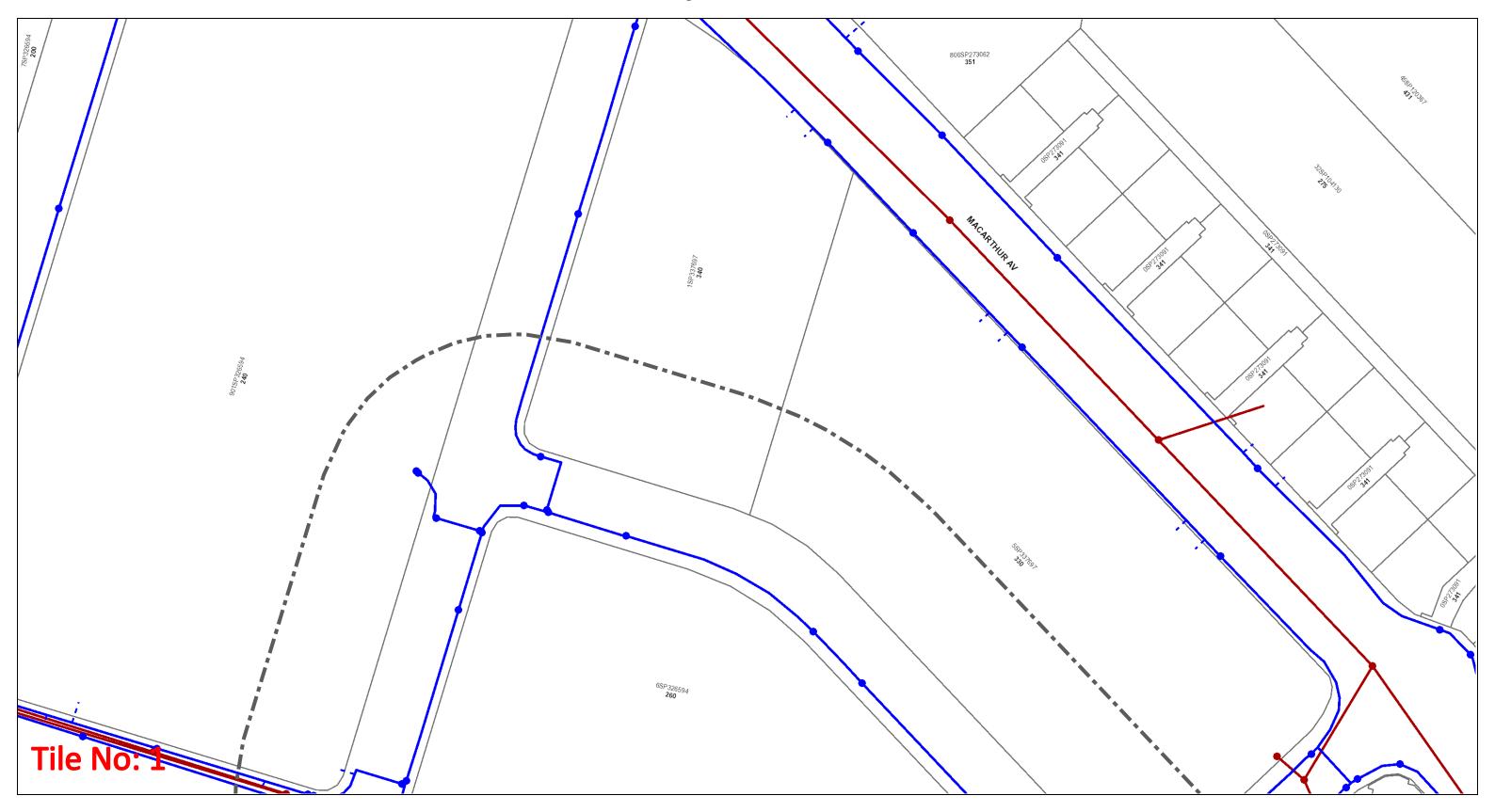
information provided on the plans.

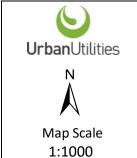
ed on or contains data provided by the State of Queensland (Department of Natural Resources and Mines) [2020]. In consideration of the State permitting e use of this data you acknowledge and agree that the State gives no warranty in relation to the data (including accuracy, liability in negligence) for any loss, mage or costs (including consequential damage) relating to any use of the data. Data must not be used for direct marketing or be used in breach of the vacy laws. © State of Queensland Department of Natural Resources and Mines [2020]

or further information, please call Urban Utilities on 13 26 57 (8am-6pm weekdays). Faults and emergencies 13 23 64 (24/7).

ABN 86 673 835 011

Urban Utilities - Water, Recycled Water and Sewer Infrastructure





Before You Dig Australia- Urban Utilities Water, Recycled Water and Sewer Infrastructure

BYDA Reference No: 248615423

Date BYDA Ref Received: 10/12/2024

Date BYDA Job to Commence: 13/12/2024

Date BYDA Map Produced: 10/12/2024

This Map is valid for 30 days P

Produced By: Urban Utilities

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ban Utilities takes no responsibility and accepts no liability for any loss, damage, costs or liability that may be incurred by any person acting in reliance on e information provided on the plans.

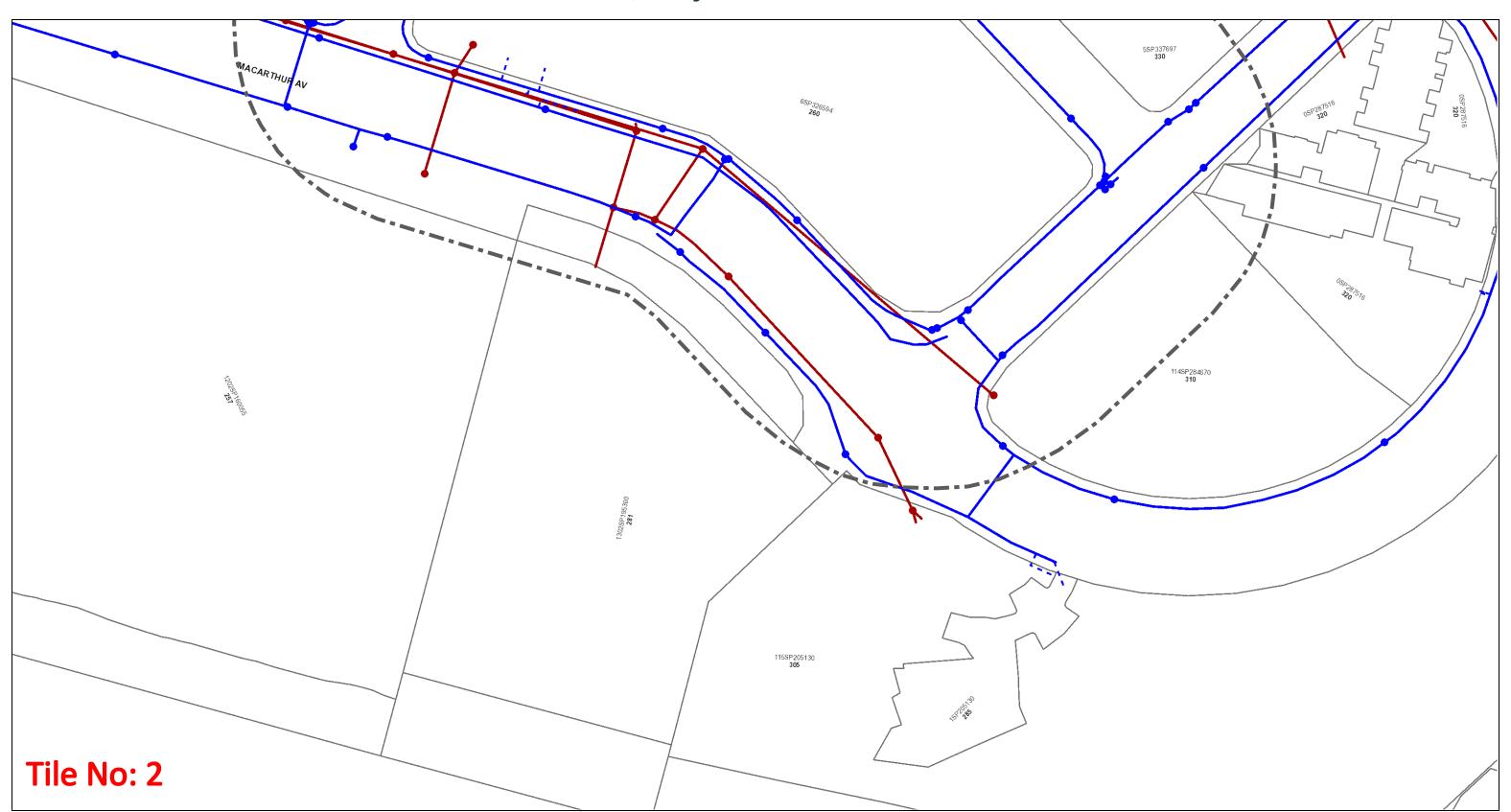
This plan should be used as guide only. Any dimensions should be confirmed on site by the relevant authority.

ased on or contains data provided by the State of Queensland (Department of Natural Resources and Mines) [2020]. In consideration of the State permitting in use of this data you acknowledge and agree that the State gives no warranty in relation to the data (including accuracy, liability in negligence) for any loss, amage or costs (including consequential damage) relating to any use of the data. Data must not be used for direct marketing or be used in breach of the ivacy laws. © State of Queensland Department of Natural Resources and Mines [2020]

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ABN 86 673 835 011

Urban Utilities - Water, Recycled Water and Sewer Infrastructure





1:1000

Before You Dig Australia- Urban Utilities Water, **Recycled Water and Sewer Infrastructure**

BYDA Reference No: 248615423

Date BYDA Ref Received: 10/12/2024 Date BYDA Job to Commence: 13/12/2024 Date BYDA Map Produced: 10/12/2024

This Map is valid for 30 days Produced By: Urban Utilities Sewer

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- Network Pipelines
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ABN 86 673 835 011

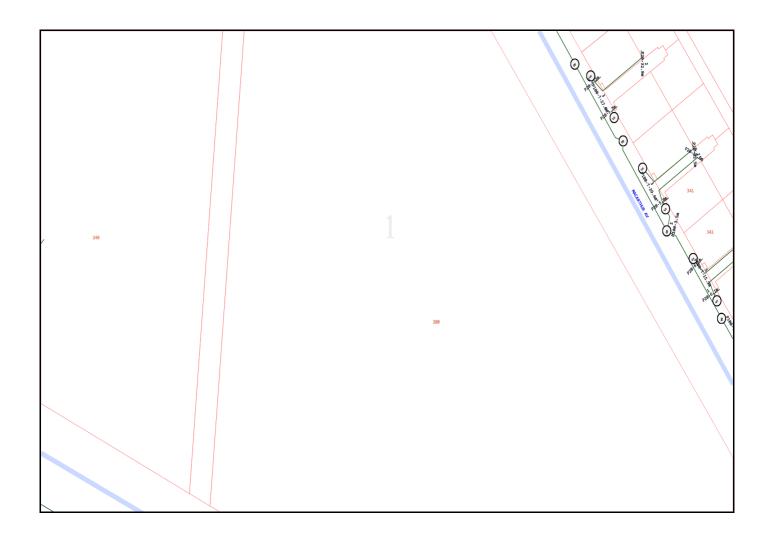
To: Kousik De
Phone: Not Supplied
Fax: Not Supplied

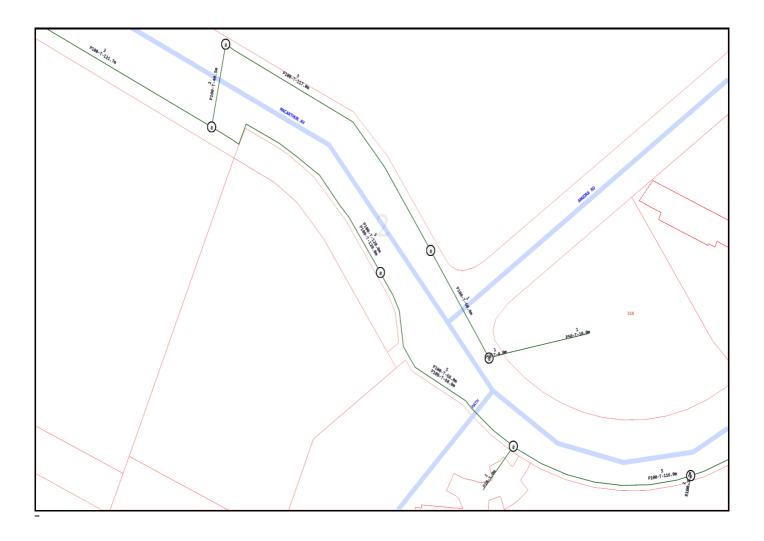
Email: admin@meliorace.com

Dial before you dig Job #:		BEFORE
Sequence #	248615417	YOU DIG
Issue Date:	10/12/2024	Zero Damage - Zero Harm
Location:	260 Macarthur Av , Hamilton , QLD , 4007	

1	
2	

LEGEND nbn on the second nbn of the second nbn on the second nbn of the second nbn o		
34	Parcel and the location	
3	Pit with size "5"	
(2E)	Power Pit with size "2E". Valid PIT Size: e.g. 2E, 5E, 6E, 8E, 9E, E, null.	
	Manhole	
\otimes	Pillar	
PO - T- 25.0m P40 - 20.0m	Cable count of trench is 2. One "Other size" PVC conduit (PO) owned by Telstra (-T-), between pits of sizes, "5" and "9" are 25.0m apart. One 40mm PVC conduit (P40) owned by NBN, between pits of sizes, "5" and "9" are 20.0m apart.	
-3 10.0m 9-	2 Direct buried cables between pits of sizes ,"5" and "9" are 10.0m apart.	
- 9 - 9-	Trench containing any INSERVICE/CONSTRUCTED (Copper/RF/Fibre) cables.	
- 9 9	Trench containing only DESIGNED/PLANNED (Copper/RF/Fibre/Power) cables.	
- 9 9-	Trench containing any INSERVICE/CONSTRUCTED (Power) cables.	
BROADWAY ST	Road and the street name "Broadway ST"	
Scale	0 20 40 60 Meters 1:2000 1 cm equals 20 m	





Emergency Contacts

You must immediately report any damage to the ${\bf nbn}^{\,{\rm m}}$ network that you are/become aware of. Notification may be by telephone - 1800 626 329.





FloodWise Property Report

260 MACARTHUR AVE, HAMILTON 4007 Lot 6 on SP326594



THE PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT IS FOR BUILDING AND DEVELOPMENT

Brisbane City Council's FloodWise Property Report provides technical flood planning information induding estimated flood levels, habitable floor level requirements and more. This report uses the adopted flood planning information in Brisbane City Plan 2014, that guides how land in Brisbane is used and developed for the future. Find out more about planning and building. To understand how to be resilient and prepare for floods, visit Council's Be Prepared webpage. Find more information about how to read a FloodWise Property Report.

This property has no flood levels

Brisbane City Council has not assigned flood level information for this property however it may be affected by one or more flood or property development flags. Please refer to the Flood Planning and Development Information below for details. The property may have 0.2% AEP flood level which will appear on the Flood Planning Information table if applicable. For professional advice or detailed assessment of a property contact a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.

Visit the Be Prepared page to find more information on how to prepare your home or business for potential flooding.

Combined 1% AEP for river, creek and storm tide flood extent (if applicable) from the adopted Brisbane City Plan 2014. Read more about **Brisbane City Plan 2014**.





Are you resilient and ready for flood?

- Sign up to the Brisbane Severe Weather Alert at brisbane.qld.gov.au/beprepared
- Visit bom.gov.au for the latest weather updates.
- Have an evacuation plan, emergency kit and important phone numbers ready.
- Observe where water flows from and to during heavy rain.
- Consider how flood-resilient building techniques will have you home faster and with less damage.

Life threatening emergencies **000** Police/fire/ambulance (mobiles **000** and **112**)

State Emergency Service (SES) **132 500** Energex **13 19 62** Brisbane City Council **3403 8888**

Technical Summary

This section of the FloodWise Property Report contains more detailed flood information for this property so **surveyors**, **builders**, **cert ifiers**, **archit ects**, **and engineers can plan and build** in accordance with Council's planning scheme.

Find more information about <u>planning and building</u> in Brisbane or talk to a Development Services Planning Information Officer via Council's Contact Centre on (07) 3403 8888.

Flood Planning and Development Information

This section of the FloodWise Property Report contains information about Council's planning scheme overlays. Overlays identify areas within the planning scheme that reflect distinct themes that may include constrained land and/or areas sensitive to the effects of development.

Flood overlay code

The Flood overlay code of Council's planning scheme uses the following information to provide guidelines when developing properties. The table below summarises the flood planning areas (FPAs) that apply to this property. Development guidelines for the FPAs are explained in **Council's planning scheme**.

Flood planning areas (FPA)			
River Creek / waterway Overland flow			
		Not Applicable	

To find more information about Council's flood planning areas (FPAs) for Brisbane River and Creek/waterway flooding to guide future building and development in flood prone areas, please review <u>Council's Flood Planning Provisions</u>.

Coast al hazard overlay code

The Coastal hazard overlay code of Council's planning scheme uses the following information to provide guidelines when conducting new developments. The table below summarises the coastal hazard categories that apply to this property. Development guidelines for the following Coastal hazard overlay sub-categories are explained in Council's planning scheme.

Coast al hazard overlay sub-cat egories

There are currently no Coastal hazard overlay sub-categories that apply to this property.

Note: Where land is identified within one for more flood planning areas on the Flood overlay or is identified within one of the Stormtide inundation area sub-categories on the Coastal hazard overlay, the assessment criteria that provides the highest level of protection from any source of flooding applies.

Property development flags

Large allot ment - This property is either a Large Allotment of over 1000 square metres or is located within a Large Allotment. Flood levels may vary significantly across allotments of this size. Further investigations may be warranted in determining the variation in flood levels and the minimum habitable floor level across the site.

For more information or advice, please consult a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland (RPEQ).

Useful Flood Information Definitions

Australian Height Datum(AHD) - The reference level for defining ground levels in Australia. The level of 0.0m AHD is approximately mean sea

Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP) - The probability of a flood event of a given size occurring in any one year, usually expressed as a percentage annual chance.

- 0.2% AEP A flood event of this size is considered rare but may still occur. A flood of size or larger has a 1 in 500 chance or a 0.2% probability of occurring in any year.
- 1% AEP A flood of this size or larger has a 1 in 100 chance or a 1% probability of occurring in any year.
- 2% AEP A flood of this size or larger has a 1 in 50 chance or a 2% probability of occurring in any year.
- 5% AEP A flood of this size or larger has a 1 in 20 chance or a 5% probability of occurring in any year.
- 20% AEP A flood of this size or larger has a 1 in 5 chance or a 20% probability of occurring in any year.

Dat a quality

- Data Quality Code A Level data based on recent surveyor report or approved as-constructed drawings.
- Dat a Quality Code B Level data based on ground-based mobile survey or similar.
- Data Quality Code C Level data derived from Airborne Laser Scanning or LiDAR information.

Defined Flood Level (DFL) - The DFL is used for commercial and industrial development. The Defined flood level (DFL) for Brisbane River flooding is a level of 3.7m AHD at the Brisbane City Gauge based on a flow of 6,800 m/s. DFL is only applicable for non-residential uses affected by Brisbane River flooding.

Flood planning area (FPA) - Council has developed five Flood planning areas (FPAs) as part of Brisbane City Plan 2014 Flood overlay mapping for Brisbane River, Creek/waterway flooding and Overland flow to guide future building and development in flood prone areas. Stormtide flooding is mapped separately. The FPAs are designed to recognise the flood hazard for different flooding types. Flood hazard is a combination of frequency of flooding, the flood depth, and the speed at which the water is travelling. **Find more information here**.

Maximum and minimum ground level - Highest and lowest ground levels on the property based on available ground level information. A Registered Surveyor can confirm exact ground levels.

Minimum habit able floor level (dwelling house) - The minimum level in metres AHD at which habitable areas of development (generally including bedrooms, living rooms, kitchen, study, family, and rumpus rooms) must be constructed as required by the Brisbane City Plan 2014.

Indicative existing floor level - The approximate level in metres AHD of the lowest habitable floor in the existing building (excluding apartments). The data is sourced from a range of sources with varying accuracy levels.

Property - A property will contain 1 or more lots. The multiple lot warning is shown if you have selected a property that contains multiple lots.

Residential flood level (RFL) - This flood level for the Brisbane River equates to the 1% annual exceedance probability (AEP) flood level.

To learn more, visit Brisbane City Council's Flood Information Hub

Brisbane City Council's Online Flood Tools

Council provides several online flood tools:

- to guide planning and development
- to help residents and businesses understand their flood risk and prepare for flooding.

Council's online flood tools for planning and development purposes include:

- FloodWise Propert y Report
- Flood Overlay Code

For more information on Council's planning scheme and online flood tools for planning and development:

- phone (07) 3403 8888 and ask to talk to a Development Services Planning Information Officer
- visit brisbane.qld.gov.au/planning-building

Council's Planning Scheme - The Brisbane City Plan 2014 (planning scheme) has been prepared in accordance with the Sustainable Planning Act as a framework for managing development in a way that advances the purpose of the Act. In seeking to achieve this purpose, the planning scheme sets out the Council's intention for future development in the planning scheme area, over the next 20 years.

Disclaimer

- 1. Defined flood levels and residential flood levels, minimum habitable floor levels and indicative existing floor levels are determined from the best available information to Council at the date of issue. These levels, for a particular property, may change if more detailed information becomes available or changes are made in the method of calculating levels.
- 2. Council makes no warranty or representation regarding the accuracy or completeness of a FloodWise Property Report. Council disdaims any responsibility or liability in relation to the use or reliance by any person on a FloodWise Property Report.



Planning to build or renovate?

For information, guidelines, tools and resources to help you track, plan or apply for your development visit brisbane.qld.gov.au/planning-building

You can also find the Brisbane City Plan 2014 and Neighbourhood Plans as well as other information and training videos to help, with your building and development plans.







BCC Potential and Actual Acid Sulfate Soils Overlay Code – Responses

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Reponses
PO1	AO1	Complies with PO1 & AO1
Development protects the environmental values and ecological health of receiving waters and does not subject assets to accelerated corrosion.	Development ensures that: (a) no potential or actual <u>acid sulfate soils</u> are disturbed; or	An ASS Investigation Report will be developed during Detail Design phase to reference during Construction
not subject assets to accelerated contosion.	Note—This can be demonstrated through the submission of an acid sulfate soil investigation report with reference to the Potential and actual acid sulfate soils planning scheme policy.	reference during construction
	(b) the disturbance impacts in an area that hosts potential acid sulfate soils are appropriately managed, if less than 500m³ of soil is disturbed and the watertable is not affected; or	
	Note—This can be demonstrated through the submission of an acid sulfate soil investigation report and a preliminary acid sulfate soil management plan, with reference to the Potential and actual acid sulfate soils planning scheme policy.	
	(c) impacts are appropriately managed if 500m³ or more of soil is disturbed or the watertable in an area that hosts potential or actual acid sulfate soils is affected.	
	te—This can be demonstrated through the submission of an acid sulfate soil investigation report and a full acid sulfate soil management plan, with reference to the Potential and actual acid sulfate soils planning scheme policy using levels of testing commensurate with the level of risk. If the investigation demonstrates that an acid sulfate soil management plan is not required, only an investigation report is required.	



BCC Filling & Excavation Code – Responses

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Responses
PO1 Development for filling or excavation minimises visual impacts from retaining walls and earthworks.	AO1 Development ensures that the total height of any cut and fill, whether or not retained, does not exceed: 2.5m in a zone in the Industry zones category; 1m in all other zones, or if adjoining a sensitive zone.	DOES NOT COMPLY with PO1 & AO1 Earthworks is proposed, with to height of cut retaining >1m – but is in cut and will not impact neighbours. Refer to earthworks plans for details.
PO2 Development of a retaining wall proposed as a result of filling or excavation: is designed and constructed to be fit for purpose; does not impact adversely on significant vegetation; is capable of easy maintenance. Editor's note—A retaining wall also needs to comply with the Building Regulation and embankment gradients will need to comply with the Building Regulation. Note—Guidance on the protection of native vegetation is included in the Biodiversity areas planning scheme policy.	AO2.1 Development of a retaining structure, including footings, surface drainage and subsoil drainage: is wholly contained within the site; if the total height to be retained is greater than 1m, then: he retaining wall at the property boundary is no greater than 1m above the ground level; all further terracing from the 1m high boundary retaining wall is 1 vertical unit:1 horizontal unit; the distance between each successive retaining wall (back of lower wall to face of higher wall) is no less than 1m horizontally to incorporate planting areas.	DOES NOT COMPLY with PO1 & AO1 Earthworks is proposed, with to height of cut retaining >1m – but is in cut and will not impact neighbours. Refer to earthworks plans for details.
	AO2.2 Development of a retaining wall over 1m in height protects significant vegetation on the site and on adjoining land and is designed and constructed in accordance with the structures standards in the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer Queensland .	NA
	AO2.3 Development provides a retaining wall finish that presents to adjoining land that is maintenance free if the setback is less than 750mm from the boundary.	Complies with PO2 & AO2.3
	AO2.4 Development for filling only uses clean fill that does not include any construction rubble, debris, weed seed or viable parts of plant species listed as an undesirable plant species in the Planting species planning scheme policy.	Complies with PO2 & AO2.4 Refer notes on earthworks plans.
PO3 Development ensures that a rock anchor is designed and constructed to be fit for purpose.	AO3 Development ensures that a rock anchor: is constructed in accordance with the standards in the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy; where it extends beyond the property boundary, is supported by a letter of consent from the adjoining land and building owners.	NA
PO4 Development protects all services and public utilities.	AO4 Development protects services and public utilities and ensures that any alteration or relocation of services or public utilities meets the standard design specifications of the responsible service authorities.	Complies with PO4 & AO4



PO5 Development provides surface and sub-surface drainage to prevent water seepage, concentration of run-off or ponding of stormwater on adjacent land.	AO5 Development ensures all flows and subsoil drainage are directed to a lawful point of discharge of a surface water diversion drain, including to the top or toe of a retaining wall in accordance with the stormwater drainage section of the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	Complies with PO5 & AO5 Retaining Walls will drain to existing drainage infrastructure, or otherwise have seep holes at base
PO6 Development ensures that the design and construction of all open drainage works is undertaken in accordance with natural channel design principles, being the development of a stormwater conveyance system for major flows, by using a vegetated open channel or drain that approximates the features and functions of a natural waterway to enhance or improve riparian values of those stormwater conveyance systems. Editor's note—Guidance on natural channel design principles can be found in the Council's publication Natural channel design guidelines.	AO6 Filling or excavation does not involve the construction of open drainage.	Complies with PO6 & AO6
PO7 Development for filling or excavation: does not degrade water quality or adversely affect environmental values in receiving waters;	AO7.1 Development for filling or excavation provides water quality treatment that complies with the stormwater drainage section of the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	Complies with PO7 & AO7.1 Details to be nominated post DA within ESC plans
ensures site sediment and erosion control standards are best practice.	AO7.2 Development provides erosion and sediment control standards that are in accordance with the stormwater drainage section of the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	Complies with PO7 & AO7.2 Details to be nominated post DA within ESC plans
PO8 Development for filling or excavation is conducted such that adverse impacts at a sensitive use due to noise and dust are prevented or minimised.	AO8.1 Development ensures that no dust emissions extend beyond the boundary of the site, including dust from construction vehicles entering and leaving the site.	Complies with PO8 & AO8.1 Details to be nominated post DA within ESC plans
Note—A noise and dust impact management plan prepared in accordance with the <u>Management plans planning scheme policy</u> can assist in demonstrating achievement of this performance outcome.	AO8.2 Development for filling or excavation activity only occurs between the hours of 6:30am and 6:30pm Monday to Saturday, excluding public holidays.	Complies with PO8 & AO8.2
PO9 Development ensures that vibration generated by the filling or excavation operation does not exceed the vibration criteria in Table 9.4.3.3.B, Table 9.4.3.3.C, Table 9.4.3.3.Dand Table 9.4.3.3.E. Note—A noise management report prepared in accordance with the Noise impact assessment planning scheme policy can assist in demonstrating achievement of this performance outcome.	AO9 Development involving filling or excavation does not cause a ground-borne vibration beyond the boundary of the site.	Complies with PO9 & AO9
Bushes and a superior of the s	AO10 Development ensures that heavy trucks hauling material to and from the site: occur for a maximum of 3 weeks; use a major road to access the site;	Complies with PO10 & AO10



	only use a minor road for the shortest-most-direct route that has the least amount of environmental nuisance if there is no major road alternative.	
PO11 Development for filling or excavation protects the environment and community health and wellbeing from exposure to contaminated land and contaminated material.	AO11 Development does not involve: excavation on land previously occupied by a notifiable activity or on land listed on the Environmental Management Register or the Contaminated Land Register; filling with material containing a contaminant.	Complies with PO11 & AO11
PO12 Development provides for: landscaping for water conservation purposes;	AO12.1 Development provides landscaping which is designed using the standards in the Landscape design guidelines for water conservation planning scheme policy.	Complies with PO12 & AO12.1
water sensitive urban design measures which are employed within the landscape design to maximise stormwater use and to reduce any adverse impacts on the landscape; stormwater harvesting to be maximised and any adverse impacts	AO12.2 Development ensures that the design and requirements for irrigation are in compliance with the standards in the Landscape design guidelines for water conservation planning scheme policy.	Complies with PO12 & AO12.2
of stormwater minimised.	AO12.3 Development provides areas of pavement, turf and mulched garden beds which are drained. Note—This may be achieved through the provision and/or treatment of swales, spoon drains, field gullies, sub-surface drainage and stormwater connections.	Complies with PO12 & AO12.3
PO13 Development ensures cutting and filling for the development of canals or artificial waterways avoids adverse impacts on coastal resources and processes.	AO13 Development does not involve the creation of canals or artificial waterways.	NA



BCC Infrastructure Design Code – Responses

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO1 Development provides roads, pavement, edging and landscaping which: are designed and constructed in accordance with the road hierarchy; provide for safe travel for pedestrians, cyclists and vehicles; provide access to properties for all modes; provide utilities; provide high levels of aesthetics and amenity, improved liveability and future growth; provide for the amelioration of noise and other pollution; provide a high-quality streetscape; provide a low-maintenance asset with a minimal whole-of-life cost. Note—This can be demonstrated in an engineering report prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer Queensland in accordance with the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	AO1 Development provides roads and associated pavement, edging and landscaping which are designed and constructed in compliance with the road corridor design standards in the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	Complies with PO1 & AO1 BCC standard crossovers will be constructed to service proposed development
PO2 Development provides road pavement surfaces which: are well designed and constructed; durable enough to carry the wheel loads of the intended types and numbers of travelling and parked vehicles; ensures the safe passage of vehicles, pedestrians and cyclists, the discharge of stormwater run-off and the preservation of all-weather access; allows for reasonable travel comfort.	AO2 Development provides road pavement surfaces which are designed and constructed in compliance with the road corridor design standards in the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	Complies with PO2 & AO2
PO3 Development provides a pavement edge which is designed and constructed to: control vehicle movements by delineating the carriageway for all users; provide for people with disabilities by allowing safe passage of wheelchairs and other mobility aids.	AO3 Development provides pavement edges which are designed and constructed in compliance with the road corridor design standards in the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	Complies with PO3 & AO3
PO4 Development provides verges which are designed and constructed to: provide safe access for pedestrians clear of obstructions and access areas for vehicles onto properties; provide a sufficient area for public utility services; be maintainable by the Council.	AO4 Development provides verges which are designed and constructed in compliance with the road corridor design and streetscape locality advice standards in the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	Complies with PO4 & AO4
PO5	AO5	NA



Development provides a lane or laneway identified on the <u>Streetscape</u> <u>hierarchy overlay map</u> or in a neighbourhood plan which: allows equitable access for all modes;	Development provides a lane or laneway identified on the <u>Streetscape hierarchy overlay map</u> or in a neighbourhood plan which is embellished in compliance with the streetscape locality advice standards in the <u>Infrastructure design planning scheme</u>	
is safe and secure;	policy.	
has 24-hour access;		
is a low-speed shared zone environment;		
has a high-quality streetscape.		
PO6 Development of an existing premises provides at the frontage to the site, if not already provided, the following infrastructure to an appropriate urban standard: an effective, high-quality paved roadway; an effective, high-quality roadway kerb and channel; safe, high-quality vehicle crossings over channels and verges; safe, accessible, high-quality verges compatible and integrated with the surrounding environment; safe vehicle access to the site that enables ingress and egress in a forward gear; provision of and required alterations to public utilities; effective drainage; appropriate conduits to facilitate the provision of required street-lighting systems and traffic signals.	AO6 Development of an existing premises provides at the frontage of the site, if not already existing, the following infrastructure to the standard that would have applied if the development involved new premises as stated in the road corridor design standards in the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy: concrete kerb and channel; forming and grading to verges; crossings over channels and verges; a constructed bikeway; a constructed verge or reconstruction of any damaged verge; construction of the carriageway; payment of costs for required alterations to public utility mains, services or installations; construction of and required alterations to public utility mains, services or installations; drainage works; nstallation of electrical conduits.	Complies with PO6 & AO6
PO7 Development provides both cycle and walking routes which: are located, designed and constructed to their network classification (where applicable); provide safe and attractive travel routes for pedestrians and cyclists for commuter and recreational purposes; provide safe and comfortable access to properties for pedestrians and cyclists; incorporate water sensitive urban design into stormwater drainage; provide for utilities; provide for a high level of aesthetics and amenity, improved liveability and future growth; are a low-maintenance asset with a minimal whole-of-life cost; minimise the clearing of significant native vegetation. Note—This can be demonstrated in an engineering report prepared and certified	Development provides cycle and walking routes which are located, designed and constructed in compliance with the road corridor design and off-road pathway design standards in the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy .	NA



PO8 Development provides refuse and recycling collection, separation and storage facilities that are located and managed so that adverse impacts on building occupants, neighbouring properties and the public realm are minimised.	AO8.1 Development provides refuse and recycling collection and storage facilities in accordance with the Refuse planning scheme policy.	Complies with PO8 & AO8.1
	AO8.2 Development ensures that refuse and recycling collection and storage location and design do not have any adverse impact including odour, noise or visual impacts on the amenity of land uses within or adjoining the development. Note—Refer to the Refuse planning scheme policy for further guidance.	Complies with PO8 & AO8.2
PO9 Development ensures that: land used for an urban purpose is serviced adequately with regard to	AO9.1 Development ensures that the reticulated water and sewerage distribution system for all services is in place before the first use is commenced.	Complies with PO9 & AO9.1 Via QUU process
water supply and waste disposal;	AO9.2	Complies with PO9 & AO9.2
the water supply meets the stated standard of service for the intended use and fire-fighting purposes.	Development provides the lot with reticulated water supply and sewerage to a standard acceptable to the distributor–retailer.	Via QUU process
PO10	AO10.1	Complies with PO10 & AO10.1
Development provides public utilities and street lighting which are the best current or alternative technology and facilitate accessibility, easy maintenance, minimal whole-of-life costs, and minimal adverse environmental impacts.	Development provides public utilities and street lighting which are located and aligned to: avoid significant native vegetation and areas identified within the Biodiversity areas overlay map;	Will comply as required
	minimise earthworks; avoid crossing waterways, waterway corridors and wetlands or if a crossing is unavoidable, tunnel-boring techniques are used to minimise disturbance, and a disturbed area is reinstated and restored on completion of the work.	
	Note—Guidance on the restoration of habitat is included in the <u>Biodiversity areas planning scheme</u> <u>policy</u> .	
	AO10.2 Development provides compatible public utility services and street-lighting services	Complies with PO10 & AO10.2
	which are co-located in common trenching for underground services.	Will comply as required
	AO10.3	Complies with PO10 & AO10.3
	Development provides public utilities and street lighting which are designed and constructed in compliance with the public utilities standards in the Infrastructure design pilanning scheme policy .	Will comply as required
PO11	AO11	Complies with PO11 & AO11
Development ensures that land used for urban purposes is serviced adequately with telecommunications and energy supply.	Development provides land with the following services to the standards of the approved supplier: electricity;	Will comply as required
	telecommunications services;	
	gas service where practicable.	
PO12	AO12 Development provides conduits which are provided in all major Council and government works projects to enable the future provision of fibre optic cabling, if:	NA



Development ensures that major public projects promote the provision	the additional expense is unlikely to be prohibitive; or	
of affordable, high-bandwidth telecommunications services throughout the city.	further major work is unlikely or disruption would be a major concern, such as where there is a limited capacity road; or	
	there is a clear gap in the telecommunications network; or	
	there is a clear gap in the bandwidth available to the area.	
	Editor's note—An accurate, digital 'as built' three-dimensional location plan is to be supplied for all infrastructure provided in a road.	
PO13 Development provides public art identified in a neighbourhood plan or park concept plan which: is provided commensurate with the status and scale of the proposed development;	AO13 Development provides public art identified in a neighbourhood plan or <u>park concept plan</u> which is sited and designed in compliance with the public art standards in the <u>Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.</u>	NA
is sited and designed:		
as an integrated part of the project design;		
as conceptually relevant to the context of the location;		
to reflect and respond to the cultural values of the community;		
to promote local character in a planned and informed manner.		
PO14 Development provides signage of buildings and spaces which promote legibility to help users find their way.	AO14 Development provides public signage: at public transport interchanges and stops, key destinations, public spaces, pedestrian linkages and at entries to centre developments;	NA
	which details the location of the key destinations, public spaces and pedestrian linkages in the vicinity, the services available within the development and where they are located. Editor's note—Signage is to be in accordance with Local Law Number 1 (Control of Advertisements Local Law).	
PO15 Development that provides community facilities which form part of the development is functional, safe, low maintenance, and fit for purpose.	AO15 Development that provides community facilities which form part of the development is designed in compliance with the community facilities standards in the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	NA
PO16 Development provides public toilets which: are required as part of a community facility or park; are located, designed and constructed to be:	AO16 Development that provides public toilets is designed and constructed in compliance with the public toilets standards in the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	NA
safe;		
durable;		
resistant to vandalism;		
able to service expected demand;		
fit for purpose.		



Development provides bridges, tunnels, elevated structures and water	Development that provides bridges, tunnels, elevated structures and water access	
access structures that are designed and constructed using proven methods, materials and technology to provide for:	structures is designed and constructed in compliance with the standards in the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	
safe movement of intended users;	ine initiastructure design planning scheme policy.	
an attractive appearance appropriate to the general surroundings and any adjacent structures;		
functionality and easy maintenance;		
minimal whole-of-life cost;		
longevity;		
current and future services.		
Note—All bridges and elevated and associated elements must be designed and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer Queensland in accordance with the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.		
PO18	AO18	NA
Development provides culverts which are designed and constructed	Development that provides culverts is designed and constructed in compliance with the	
using proven methods, materials and technology to provide for: safety;	structures standards in the <u>Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.</u>	
an attractive appearance appropriate to the general surroundings;		
functionality and easy maintenance;		
minimal whole-of-life cost;		
longevity;		
uture widening;		
current and future services;		
minimal adverse impacts, such as increase in water levels or flow velocities, and significant change of flood patterns.		
Note—All culverts and associated elements are to be designed and certified by		
a <u>Registered Professional Engineer Queensland</u> in accordance with the applicable design standards.		
PO19 Development provides batters, retaining walls, and seawalls and river	AO19 Development that provides batters, retaining walls, seawalls and river walls is designed	Complies with PO19 & AO19
walls which are designed and constructed using proven methods,	and constructed in compliance with the structures standards in the Infrastructure design	Will comply
materials and technology to provide for:	planning scheme policy.	
safety;		
an attractive appearance appropriate to the surrounding area;		
easy maintenance;		
minimal whole-of-life cost;		
longevity;		
minimal water seepage.		



Note—All retaining walls and associated elements are to be designed and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer Queensland in accordance with the applicable design standards.		
If for development with a gross floor area greater than 1,000m ²		NA
PO20 Development ensures that construction is managed so that use of public spaces and movement on pedestrian, cyclist and other traffic routes is not unreasonably disrupted and existing landscaping is adequately protected from short- and long-term impacts. Note—The preparation of a construction management plan can assist in demonstrating achievement of this performance outcome. Note—The Transport, access, parking and servicing planning scheme policy provides advice on the management of vehicle parking and deliveries during construction.	AO20 Development ensures that during construction: the ongoing use of adjoining and surrounding parks and public spaces, such as malls and outdoor dining, is not compromised; adjoining and surrounding landscaping is protected from damage; safe, legible, efficient and sufficient pedestrian, cyclist and vehicular accessibility and connectivity to the wider network are maintained.	
PO21 Development ensures that construction and demolition activities are guided by measures that prevent or minimise adverse impacts including sleep disturbance at a sensitive use, due to noise and dust, including dust from construction vehicles entering and leaving the site.	AO21.1 Development ensures that demolition and construction: only occur between 6:30am and 6:30pm Monday to Saturday, excluding public holidays; do not occur over periods greater than 6 months.	
Note—A noise and dust impact management plan prepared in accordance with the Management plans planning scheme policy can assist in demonstrating achievement of this performance outcome.	AO21.2 Development including construction and demolition does not release dust emissions beyond the boundary of the site.	
	AO21.3 Development construction and demolition does not involve asbestos-containing materials.	
PO22 Development ensures that: construction and demolition do not result in damage to surrounding property as a result of vibration; vibration levels achieve the vibration criteria in Table 9.4.4.3.B, Table	AO22 Development ensures that the nature and scale of construction and demolition do not generate noticeable levels of vibration.	
9.4.4.3.C, <u>Table 9.4.4.3.D</u> and <u>Table 9.4.4.3.E</u> . Note—A vibration impact assessment report prepared in accordance with		
the <u>Noise impact assessment planning scheme policy</u> can assist in demonstrating achievement of this performance outcome.		
If for a material change of use or reconfiguring a lot in an urban area (as defined in the Regulation) involving premises that is, or will be, accessed by common private title, where involving buildings, either attached or detached, that are not covered by other legislation mandating fire hydrants		na
PO23 Development ensures that fire hydrants are: installed and located to enable fire services to access water safely, effectively and efficiently; suitably identified so that fire services can locate them at all hours.	AO23.1 Above or below ground fire hydrants are provided on residential, commercial and industrial streets and private roads, at not more than 90m intervals, and at each street intersection. Note—On residential streets, above ground fire hydrants may be single outlet. On commercial and industrial streets above ground fire hydrants should have dual valved outlets.	Complies with PO & AO



	AO23.2 Fire hydrants are identified by: raised reflectorised pavement markers (RRPM) on sealed roads; marker posts at the fence line where on an unsealed road, as road (HR) or path (HP) hydrants.	
PO24 Development ensures road widths and construction within the development, are adequate for refuse vehicles and for fire emergency vehicles to gain access to a safe working area close to buildings and near water supplies whether or not on-street parking spaces are occupied.	AO24 Internal private roads have a minimum roadway clearance between obstructions of 3.5m wide and 4.8m high in addition to any width required for on-street parking.	
Development for major electricity infrastructure and bulk water supply infrastructure identified on the State Planning Policy Interactive Mapping System where not in the Utility services zone precinct of the Special purpose zone		NA
PO25 Development avoids or otherwise minimises adverse impacts on surrounding land uses through the use of buffers and setbacks and the appropriate design and location of plant and operational areas within the site.	AO25 No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	
Development potentially impacting on major electricity infrastructure and bulk water supply infrastructure identified on the State Planning Policy Interactive Mapping System where the infrastructure is not in the Utility services zone precinct of the Special purpose zone		NA
PO26 Development is sited and designed to: avoid safety risks to people or property;	AO26 No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	
minimise noise and visual impacts to people and property; ensure the physical integrity and operation, maintenance and expansion of the infrastructure is not compromised.		





BCC Stormwater Code - Responses

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response	
Section A—If for a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot, operational wo Note—Compliance with the performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes in this section shanagement plan for high risk development only.			
PO1 Development provides a stormwater management system which achieves the integrated management of stormwater to: inimise flooding; rotect environmental values of receiving waters; maximise the use of water sensitive urban design; inimise safety risk to all persons; maximise the use of natural waterway corridors and natural channel design rinciples. Editor's note—The stormwater management system to be developed to address PO1 is not intended to require management of stormwater quality.			
PO2 Development ensures that the stormwater management system and site work does not adversely impact flooding or drainage characteristics of premises which are up slope, down slope or adjacent to the site.	AO2.1 Development does not result in an increase in flood level or flood hazard on up slope, down slope or adjacent premises.	Complies with PO2 & AO2.1 Refer stormwater layout within civil services schematics	
	AO2.2 Development provides a stormwater management system which is designed in compliance with the standards in the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	Complies with PO2 & AO2.2 Refer stormwater layout within civil services schematics	
PO3 Development ensures that the stormwater management system does not direct stormwater run-off through existing or proposed lots and property where it is likely to adversely affect the safety of, or cause nuisance to properties.	AO3.1 Development ensures that the location of the stormwater drainage system is contained within a road reserve, drainage reserve, public pathway, park or waterway corridor.	Complies with PO3 & AO3.1 Refer stormwater layout within civil services schematics. Proposal will not trigger nuisance flows	
	AO3.2 Development provides a stormwater management system which is designed in compliance with the standards in the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	Complies with PO3 & AO3.2 Refer stormwater layout within civil services schematics	
	AO3.3 Development obtains a lawful point of discharge in compliance with the standards in the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	Complies with PO3 & AO3.3 Refer stormwater layout within civil services schematics	
	AO3.4 Where on private land, all underground stormwater infrastructure is secured by a drainage easement.	Complies with PO3 & AO3.4 Refer stormwater layout within civil services schematics	





PO4 Development provides a stormwater management system which has sufficient capacity to safely convey run-off taking into account increased run-off from impervious surfaces and flooding in local catchments.	AO4.1 Development provides a stormwater conveyance system which is designed to safely convey flows in compliance with the standards in the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	Complies with PO4 & AO4.1 Refer stormwater layout within civil services schematics
	AO4.2 Development provides sufficient area to convey run-off which will comply with the standards in the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	Complies with PO4 & AO4.2 Refer stormwater layout within civil services schematics
PO5 Development designs stormwater channels, creek modification works, bridges, culverts and major drains to protect and enhance the value of the waterway corridor or drainage path for fauna movement.	AO5 Development ensures the design of stormwater channels, creek modifications or other infrastructure, permits terrestrial and aquatic fauna movement.	NA
PO6 Development ensures that location and design of stormwater detention and water quality treatment: (a) minimises risk to people and property;	AO6.1 Development locates stormwater detention and water quality treatment: outside of a waterway corridor;	Complies with PO6 & AO6.1 Refer stormwater layout within civil services schematics
(b) provides for safe access and maintenance; (c) minimises ecological impacts to creeks and waterways.	AO6.2 Development providing for stormwater detention and water quality treatment devices are designed in compliance with the standards in the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	Complies with PO6 & AO6.2 Refer stormwater layout within civil services schematics
PO7 Development is designed, including any car parking areas and channel works to: (a) reduce property damage; (b) provide safe access to the site during the defined flood event.	AO7.1 Development (including any ancillary structures and car parking areas) is located above minimum flood immunity levels in Table 9.4.9.3.B, Table 9.4.9.3.C, Table 9.4.9.3.D, Table 9.4.9.3.E and Table 9.4.9.3.F. Note—Compliance with this acceptable outcome can be demonstrated by the submission of a hydraulic and hydrology report identifying flood levels and development design levels (as part of a site-based stormwater management plan).	Complies with PO3 & AO3.4 Refer stormwater layout within civil services schematics
	AO7.2 Development including the road network provides a stormwater management system that provides safe pedestrian and vehicle access in accordance with the standards in the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	Complies with PO7 & AO7.2 Access is safe during storm event
PO8 Development designs stormwater channels, creek modification works and the drainage network to protect and enhance the environmental values of the waterway corridor or drainage path.	AO8.1 Development ensures natural waterway corridors and drainage paths are retained.	Complies with PO8 & AO8.1 Refer stormwater layout within civil services schematics
	AO8.2 Development provides the required hydraulic conveyance of the drainage channel and floodway, while maximising its potential to maximise environmental benefits and minimise scour.	Complies with PO8 & AO8.2 Refer stormwater layout within civil services schematics





	Editor's note—Guidance on natural channel design principles can be found in the Council's publication Natural channel design guidelines.	
	AO8.3 Development provides stormwater outlets into waterways, creeks, wetlands and overland flow paths with energy dissipation to minimise scour in compliance with the standards in the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy .	NA
	AO8.4 Development ensures that the design of modifications to the existing design of new stormwater channels, creeks and major drains is in compliance with the standards in the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy .	NA
PO9 Development is designed to manage run-off and peak flows by minimising large areas of impervious material and maximising opportunities for capture and re-use.	AO9 No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO9 & AO9 Refer stormwater layout within civil services schematics. Post-Dev impervious are not considered 'large'.
PO10 Development ensures that there is sufficient site area to accommodate an effective stormwater management system. Note—Compliance with the performance outcome should be demonstrated by the submission of a site-based stormwater management plan for high-risk development only.	AO10 No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO10 & AO10 Refer stormwater layout within civil services schematics
PO11 Development provides for the orderly development of stormwater infrastructure within a catchment, having regard to the: (a) existing capacity of stormwater infrastructure within and external to the site,	AO11.1 Development with up-slope external catchment areas provides a drainage connection sized for ultimate catchment conditions that is directed to a lawful point of discharge.	Complies with PO11 & AO11.1 Refer stormwater layout within civil services schematics
and any planned stormwater infrastructure upgrades; (b) safe management of stormwater discharge from existing and future up-slope development; (c) implication for adjacent and down-slope development.	AO11.2 Development ensures that existing stormwater infrastructure that is undersized is upgraded in compliance with the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	Complies with PO3 & AO3.4 There is no stormwater infrastructure on site
PO12 Development provides stormwater infrastructure which: (a) remains fit for purpose for the life of the development and maintains full functionality in the design flood event;	AO12.1 The stormwater management system is designed in compliance with the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	Complies with PO12 & AO12.1 Refer stormwater layout within civil services schematics
(b) can be safely accessed and maintained cost effectively; (c) ensures no structural damage to existing stormwater infrastructure.	AO12.2 Development provides a clear area with a minimum of 2m radius from the centre of an existing manhole cover and with a minimum height clearance of 2.5m.	Will Complies with PO12 & AO12.2 Refer stormwater layout within civil services schematics
PO13 Development ensures that all reasonable and practicable measures are taken to manage the impacts of erosion, turbidity and sedimentation, both within and external to the development site from construction activities, including vegetation	AO13 No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO13 & AO13 Refer stormwater layout within civil services schematics



clearing, earthworks, civil construction, installation of services, rehabilitation, revegetation and landscaping to protect: (a) the environmental values and water quality objectives of waters;		
(b) waterway hydrology;		
the maintenance and serviceability of stormwater infrastructure.		
Note—The <u>Infrastructure design planning scheme policy</u> outlines the appropriate measures to be taken into account to achieve the performance outcome.		
PO14 Development ensures that: (a) unnecessary disturbance to soil, waterways or drainage channels is avoided; (b) all soil surfaces remain effectively stabilised against erosion in the short and long term.	AO14 No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO14 & AO14 Refer stormwater layout within civil services schematics
PO15 Development does not increase: (a) the concentration of total suspended solids or other contaminants in stormwater flows during site construction; (b) run-off which causes erosion either on site or off site.	AO15 No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO15 & AO15 Details to be supplied during Detailed Design within ESC plans. Run-off will no cause erosion.
· ·		
Section B—Additional performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes which following: (a) a material change of use for an urban purpose which involves greater than 2,5 (i) will result in an impervious area greater than 25% of the net developable area; (ii) will result in 6 or more dwellings. (b) reconfiguring a lot for an urban purpose that involves greater than 2,500m² of I	00m ² of land that: or and and will result in 6 or more lots;	NA
(c) operational work for an urban purpose which involves disturbing greater than 2	z,500m² or land.	
PO16 Development ensures that the entry and transport of contaminants into stormwater is avoided or minimised to protect receiving water environmental values. Note—Prescribed water contaminants are defined in the Environmental Protection Act 1994. Note—Compliance with the performance outcome should be demonstrated by the submission of a site-based stormwater management plan for high-risk development only.	AO16 Development provides a stormwater management system which is designed in compliance with the standards in the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	
PO17	A047	
Development ensures that: (a) the discharge of wastewater to a waterway or external to the site is avoided; or	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	
(b) if the discharge cannot practicably be avoided, the development minimises wastewater discharge through re-use, recycling, recovery and treatment.		
Note—The preparation of a wastewater management plan can assist in demonstrating achievement of this performance outcome.		
	1	





Editor's note—This code does not deal with sewerage which is the subject of the <u>Wastewater code</u> .		
Section C—Additional performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for a reconfiguring a lot	assessable development for a material change of use or	
PO18 Development protects stormwater infrastructure to ensure the following are not compromised: (a) the long term infrastructure for the stormwater network in the Long term infrastructure plans; (b) the existing and planned infrastructure for the stormwater network in the Local government infrastructure plan; (c) the provision of long term, existing and planned infrastructure for the stormwater network which: (i) is required to service the development or an existing and future urban development in the planning scheme area; or (ii) is in the interests of rational development or the efficient and orderly planning of the general area in which the site is situated. Editor's note—A condition which requires a proposed development to keep permanent improvements and structures associated with the approved development clear of the area of long term infrastructure, may be imposed.	AO18 Development protects stormwater infrastructure in compliance with the following: (a) for long term infrastructure for the stormwater network, the Long term infrastructure plans; (b) for existing and planned infrastructure for the stormwater network, the Local government infrastructure plan; (c) the standards for stormwater drainage in the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	Complies with PO18 & AO18 Refer stormwater layout within civil services schematics
PO19 Development provides for the payment of extra trunk infrastructure costs for the following: (a) for development completely or partly outside the priority infrastructure area in the Local government infrastructure plan; (b) for development completely inside the priority infrastructure area in the Local government infrastructure plan involving: (i) trunk infrastructure that is to be provided earlier than planned in the Local government infrastructure plan; (ii) long term infrastructure for the stormwater network which is made necessary by development that is not assumed future urban development; (iii) other infrastructure for the stormwater network associated with development that is not assumed future urban development which is made necessary by the development. Editor's note—The payment of extra trunk infrastructure costs for development completely inside the priority infrastructure area in the Local government infrastructure plan is to be worked out in accordance with the Charges Resolution. Editor's note—See section 130 Imposing Development conditions (Conditions for extra trunk infrastructure costs) of the Planning Act 2016.	AO19 No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NA Site is outside LGIP







Erosion Hazard Assessment - June 2014

Brisbane City Council (BCC), *Erosion Hazard Assessment* form must be read in conjunction with the *Erosion Hazard Assessment-Supporting Technical Notes* (June 2014 or later version) for explanatory terms and Certification information.

3 Site Information and Certification

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What is an Erosion Hazard Assessment?

Soil erosion and sediment from urban development, particularly during construction activities, is a significant source of sediment pollution in Brisbane's waterways. The Erosion Hazard Assessment determines whether the risk of soil erosion and sediment pollution to the environment is 'low', 'medium' or 'high'.

When is the EHA required?

An *Erosion Hazard Assessment* form must be completed and lodged with BCC for any Development Application (ie MCU or ROL) that will result in soil disturbance OR Operational Works or Compliance Assessment Application for 'Filling' or Excavation.

Failure to submit this form during lodgement of an application may result in assessment delays or refusal of the application.

Privacy Statement

The personal information collected on this form will be used by Brisbane City Council for the purposes of fulfilling your request and undertaking associated Council functions and services. Your personal information will not be disclosed to any third party without your consent, unless this is required or permitted by law.

Assessment Details

- **1** Please turn over and complete the erosion hazard assessment.
- 2 Based on the erosion hazard assessment overleaf, is the site:

A 'low' risk site

Best practice erosion and sediment control (ESC) must be implemented but no erosion and sediment control plans need to be submitted with the development application. Factsheets outlining best practice ESC can be found at http://www.waterbydesign.com.au/factsheets

A 'medium' risk site

If the development is approved, the applicant will need to engage a Registered Professional Engineer (RPEQ) or Certified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control (CPESC) to prepare an ESC Program and Plan and supporting documentation — in accordance with the requirements of the Infrastructure Design Planning Scheme Policy.

A 'high' risk site

If the development is approved, the applicant will need to engage a RPEQ <u>and</u> CPESC to prepare an ESC Program and Plan and supporting documentation — in accordance with the requirements of the Infrastructure Design Planning Scheme Policy. The plans and program will need to be certified by a CPESC.

Site a	ddress
	Postcode
certif	ry that:
	I have made all relevant enquiries and am satisfied r matters of significance have been withheld from the assessment manager.
	I am a person with suitable qualifications and/or experience in erosion and sediment control.
	The Erosion Hazard Assessment was completed accordance with the Erosion Hazard Assessment Supportir Technical Notes and the BCC Infrastructure Design Plannir Scheme Policy.
	The Erosion Hazard Assessment accurately reflects the site's overall risk of soil erosion and sediment pollution the environment.
	I acknowledge and accept that the BCC, as assessme manager, relies, in good faith, on this certification as pa of its development assessment process and the provision of false or misleading information to the BCC constitute an offence for which BCC may take punitive steps/ action against me/ enforcement action against me.
Certifi	ed by <i>Print name</i>
MIT	CH BLYTH
Certifi	er's signature
/.	nzmt

Table 1: Low Risk Test

		Yes	No
1.1	is the area of land disturbance > 1000 m ²		
1.2	does any land disturbance occur in a BCC mapped waterway corridor		
1.3	is there any slope on site (longer than three metres in length) before, during or after construction that is steeper than 5%		
1.4	does any land disturbance occur below 5 m AHD		
1.5	does development involve endorsement of a staging plan		
1.6	is there an upstream catchment passing through the site > 1 hectare		

Have you answered 'yes' to any of the questions in Table 1?

If 'No' then site is <u>low risk</u> with respect to erosion and sediment control

If '*Yes*' then proceed to Table 2

Table 2: Medium Risk Test

	nculum mok icol	Yes	No
2.1	is the area of land disturbance > 1 hectare		

If 'No' then site is medium risk with respect to erosion and sediment control

If '*Yes*' then proceed to Table 3

Table 3: High Risk Test

3.1	is there an upstream catchment passing through the site > 1 hectare	
3.2	does any land disturbance occurs in a BCC mapped waterway corridor	
3.3	is there any slope on site (longer than three metres in length) before, during or after construction that is steeper than 15%	

Have you answered 'yes' to any of the questions in Table 3?

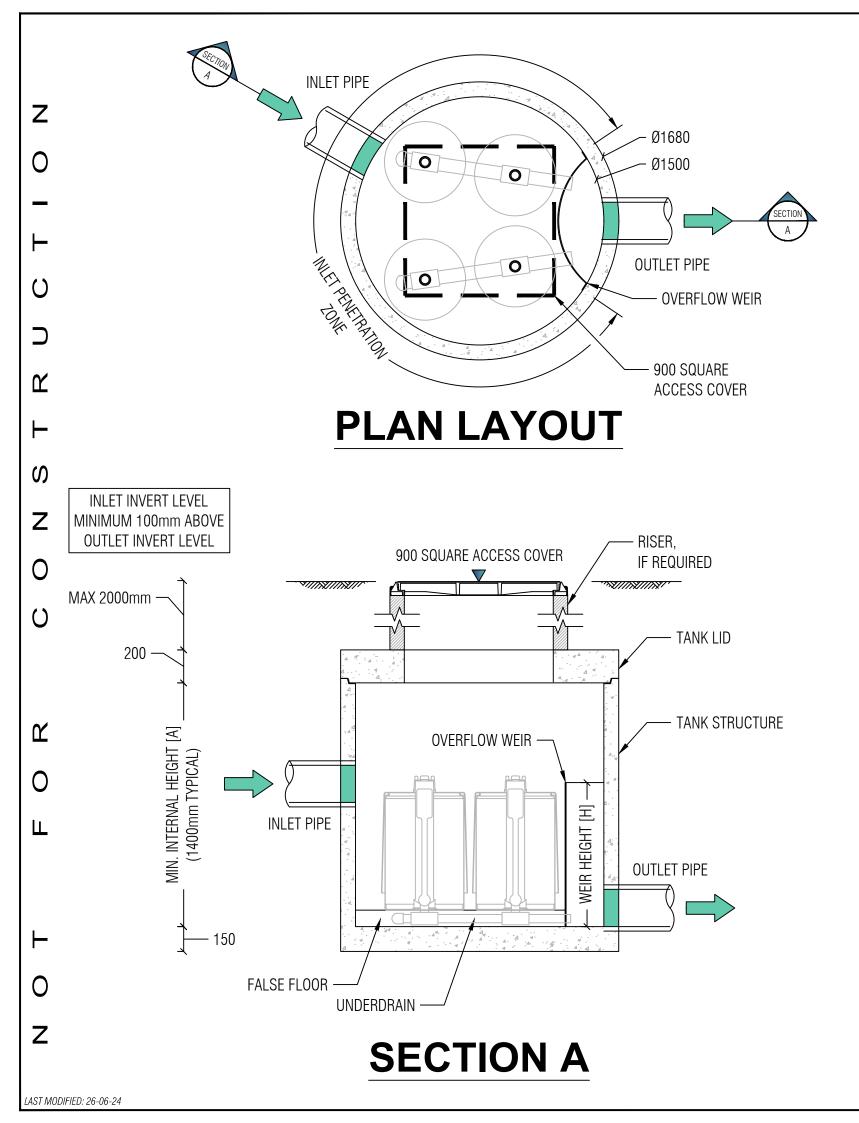
Yes	No	

If 'No' then site is medium risk
with respect to erosion and
sediment control

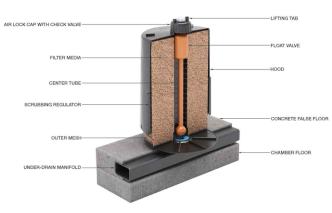
If 'Yes' then site is <u>high risk</u> with respect to erosion and sediment control



6.8 APPENDIX H – OCEAN PROTECT DEVICE INFORMATION



STORMFILTER DESIGN PARAMETERS



- STORMFILTER TREATMENT CAPACITY VARIES BY NUMBER OF FILTER CARTRIDGES INSTALLED.
- THE STANDARD CONFIGURATION IS SHOWN. ACTUAL CONFIGURATION OF THE SPECIFIED STRUCTURE(S) PER CERTIFYING
- FILTER CARTRIDGES SHALL BE MEDIA-FILLED, PASSIVE, SIPHON ACTUATED, RADIAL FLOW, AND SELF-CLEANING. RADIAL MEDIA DEPTH SHALL BE 178mm.

ENGINEER WILL BE SHOWN ON SUBMITTAL DRAWING(S).

CONCRETE FALSE FLOOR			
OUTER MESH-	NUMBER OF CARTRIE	OGES	UP TO 4
UNDER-DRAIN MANIFOLD CHAMBER FLOOR	HYDRAULIC CAPACIT	Y (L/S)	90
	MAX. COMPONENT WEIGH	łT (kg)	ТВА
	TANK LID WEIGHT (kg	g)	TBA
CARTRIDGE NAME / SIPHON HEIGHT (mm)	690	460	310
CARTRIDGE PHYSICAL HEIGHT (mm)	840	600	600
TYPICAL WEIR HEIGHT [H] (mm)	910	680	530
CARTRIDGE FLOW RATE FOR ZPG MEDIA (L/s)	1.60	1.10	0.70
CARTRIDGE FLOW RATE FOR PSORB (SQIDEP) MEDIA (L/s)	1.26	0.86	0.60
CARTRIDGE FLOW RATE FOR PSORB MEDIA (L/s)	0.90	0.46	0.39
MINIMUM INTERNAL HEIGHT [A] (mm)	1100	850	850

GENERAL NOTES/ STRUCTURAL DESIGN CRITERIA

- . PRECAST STRUCTURE SUPPLIED WITH PENETRATIONS TO SUIT OUTER DIAMETER OF NOMINATED PIPE SIZE / MATERIAL
- PRECAST STRUCTURE SHALL MEET W80 WHEEL LOAD RATING ASSUMING A MAXIMUM EARTH COVER OF 2.0m AND A GROUND WATER ELEVATION AT, OR BELOW, THE OUTLET PIPE INVERT ELEVATION. CERTIFYING ENGINEER TO CONFIRM ACTUAL GROUNDWATER ELEVATION. PRECAST STRUCTURE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS3600.
- PRECAST STRUCTURE SHALL BE PLACED ON A STABLE GROUND WITH A MINIMUM SOIL BEARING CAPACITY OF 125kPa UNDER NORMAL SERVICE CONDITION
- 4. IF THE PEAK FLOW RATE, AS DETERMINED BY THE SITE CERTIFYING ENGINEER, EXCEEDS THE PEAK HYDRAULIC CAPACITY OF THE SYSTEM, AN UPSTREAM BYPASS STRUCTURE IS REQUIRED.
- 5. ALL WATER QUALITY TREATMENT DEVICES REQUIRE PERIODIC MAINTENANCE. REFER TO THE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL FOR GUIDELINES AND ACCESS REQUIREMENTS.
- 6. SITE-SPECIFIC PRODUCTION DRAWING WILL BE PROVIDED UPON PLACEMENT OF ORDER.
- 7. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE.

INSTALLATION NOTES

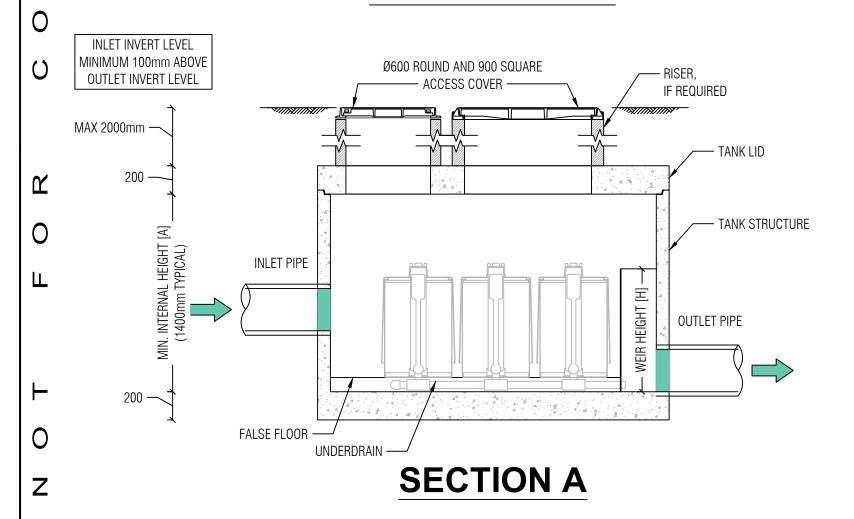
- ANY SUB-BASE, BACKFILL DEPTH, AND/OR ANTI-FLOTATION PROVISIONS ARE SITE-SPECIFIC DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS AND SHALL BE SPECIFIED BY CERTIFYING ENGINEER.
- CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE ALL EQUIPMENT WITH SUFFICIENT LIFTING AND REACH CAPACITY TO LIFT AND SET THE STORMFILTER STRUCTURE (LIFTING DETAIL PROVIDED SEPARATELY).
- 3. CONTRACTOR TO APPLY SEALANT TO ALL JOINTS AND TO PROVIDE, INSTALL, AND GROUT INLET AND OUTLET PIPES.



OCEAN PROTECT
4 CARTRIDGE STORMFILTER SYSTEM
DN1500 MANHOLE
SPECIFICATION DRAWING

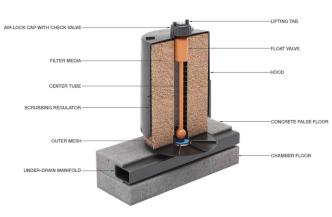
PHONE: 1300 354 722

- Ø2300 NOM. 900x900 ACCESS COVER ∽ Ø2490 Z 0 Ø600 ACCESS COVER **(0**) 0 **INLET PIPE** OUTLET PIPE 0 0 0 0 0 0 **OVERFLOW WEIR PLAN LAYOUT**



LAST MODIFIED: 26-06-24

STORMFILTER DESIGN PARAMETERS



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CONCRETE FALSE FLOOR			
OUTER MESH	NUMBER OF CARTRIE	OGES	UP TO 12
CHAMBER FLOOR	HYDRAULIC CAPACIT	Y (L/S)	90
	MAX. COMPONENT WEIGH	łT (kg)	7000
	TANK LID WEIGHT (kç	g)	1900
CARTRIDGE NAME / SIPHON HEIGHT (mm)	690	460	310
CARTRIDGE PHYSICAL HEIGHT (mm)	840	600	600
TYPICAL WEIR HEIGHT [H] (mm)	910	680	530
CARTRIDGE FLOW RATE FOR ZPG MEDIA (L/s)	1.60	1.10	0.70
CARTRIDGE FLOW RATE FOR PSORB (SQIDEP) MEDIA (L/s)	1.26	0.86	0.60
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MINIMUM INTERNAL HEIGHT [A] (mm)	1100	850	850

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- PRECAST STRUCTURE SHALL MEET W80 WHEEL LOAD RATING ASSUMING A MAXIMUM EARTH COVER OF 2.0m AND A GROUND WATER ELEVATION AT, OR BELOW, THE OUTLET PIPE INVERT ELEVATION. CERTIFYING ENGINEER TO CONFIRM ACTUAL GROUNDWATER ELEVATION. PRECAST STRUCTURE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS3600.
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INSTALLATION NOTES

- ANY SUB-BASE, BACKFILL DEPTH, AND/OR ANTI-FLOTATION PROVISIONS ARE SITE-SPECIFIC DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS AND SHALL BE SPECIFIED BY CERTIFYING ENGINEER.
- 2. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE ALL EQUIPMENT WITH SUFFICIENT LIFTING AND REACH CAPACITY TO LIFT AND SET THE STORMFILTER STRUCTURE (LIFTING DETAIL PROVIDED SEPARATELY).
- 3. CONTRACTOR TO APPLY SEALANT TO ALL JOINTS AND TO PROVIDE, INSTALL, AND GROUT INLET AND OUTLET PIPES.



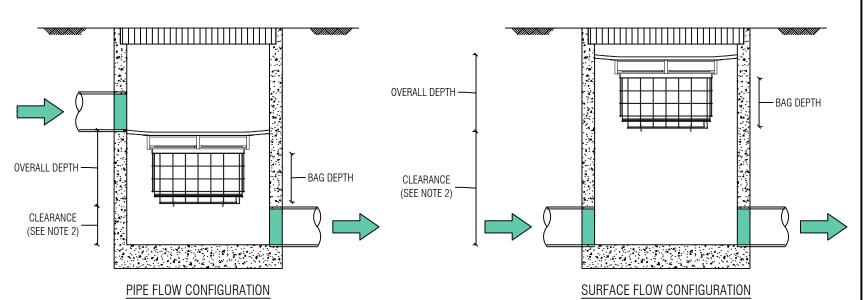
OCEAN PROTECT

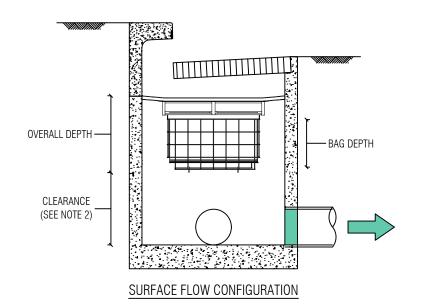
12 CARTRIDGE STORMFILTER SYSTEM

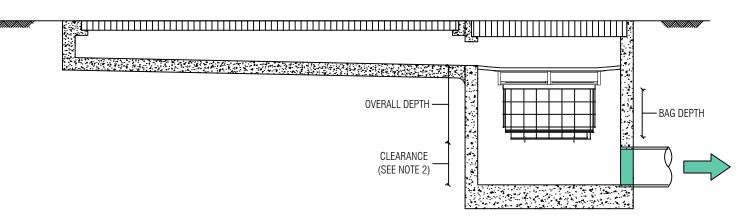
DN2300 MANHOLE

SPECIFICATION DRAWING

PHONE: 1300 354 722





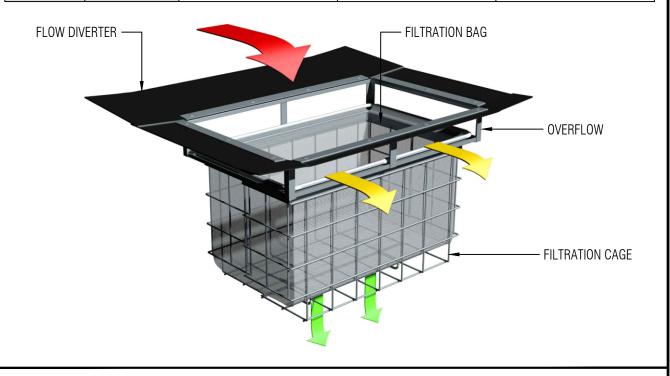


GRATED STRIP DRAIN CONFIGURATION

PLAN ID	MAXIMUM PIT PLAN DIMENSIONS		
S	450mm x 450mm		
M	600mm x 600mm		
L	900mm x 900mm		
XL	1200mm x 1200mm		

DEPTH ID	BAG DEPTH	OVERALL DEPTH
1	170	270
2	300	450
3	600	700

		DEPTH ID			
		1	1 2 3		
PLAN ID	S	•			
	М				
	XL	•			



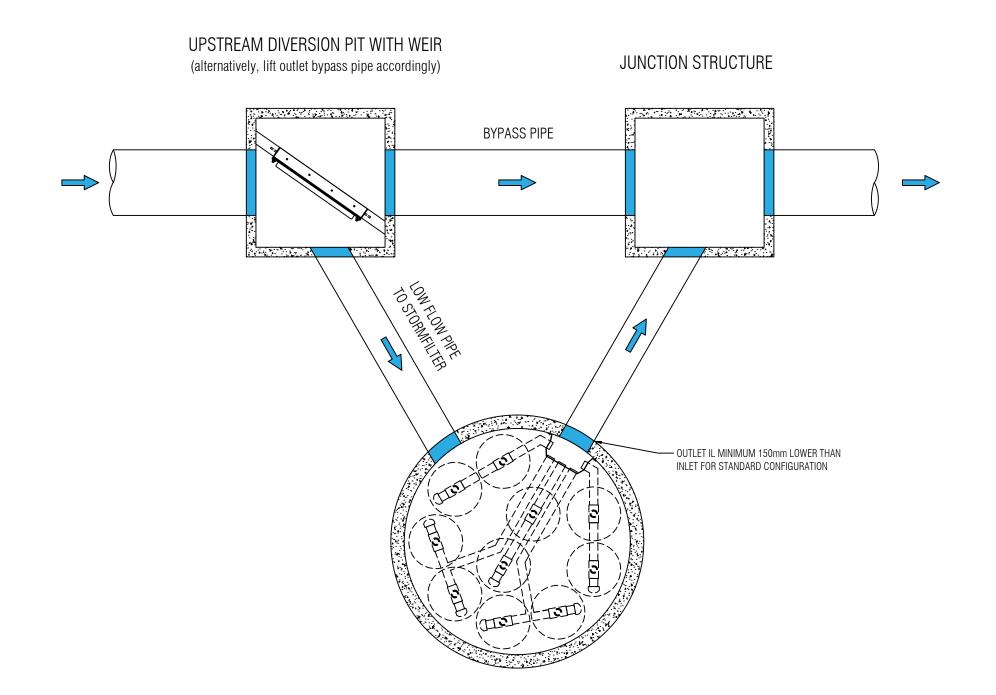
GENERAL NOTES

- THE MINIMUM CLEARANCE DEPENDS ON THE CONFIGURATION (SEE NOTE 2) AND THE LOCAL COUNCIL REQUIREMENTS.
- 2. CLEARANCE FOR ANY PIT WITHOUT AN INLET PIPE (ONLY USED FOR SURFACE FLOW) CAN BE AS LOW AS 50mm. FOR OTHER PITS, THE RECOMMENDED CLEARANCE SHOULD BE GREATER OR EQUAL TO THE PIPE OBVERT SO AS NOT TO INHIBIT HYDRAULIC CAPACITY.
- 3. OCEAN PROTECT PROVIDES TWO FILTRATION BAG TYPES:- 200 MICRON BAGS FOR HIGHER WATER QUALITY FILTERING AND A COARSE BAG FOR TARGETING GROSS POLLUTANTS.
- 4. DRAWINGS NOT TO SCALE.



OCEAN PROTECT
OCEANGUARD
TYPCIAL ARRANGEMENTS
SPECIFICATION DRAWING

PHONE: 1300 354 722



PLAN OF TYPICAL OFFLINE LAYOUT



OCEAN PROTECT TYPICAL OFFLINE LAYOUT **HIGH FLOW BYPASS** WITH PRECAST MANHOLE STORMFILTER

Α

DRAWING

REFER TO PRODUCT DRAWING FOR SYSTEM DETAILS

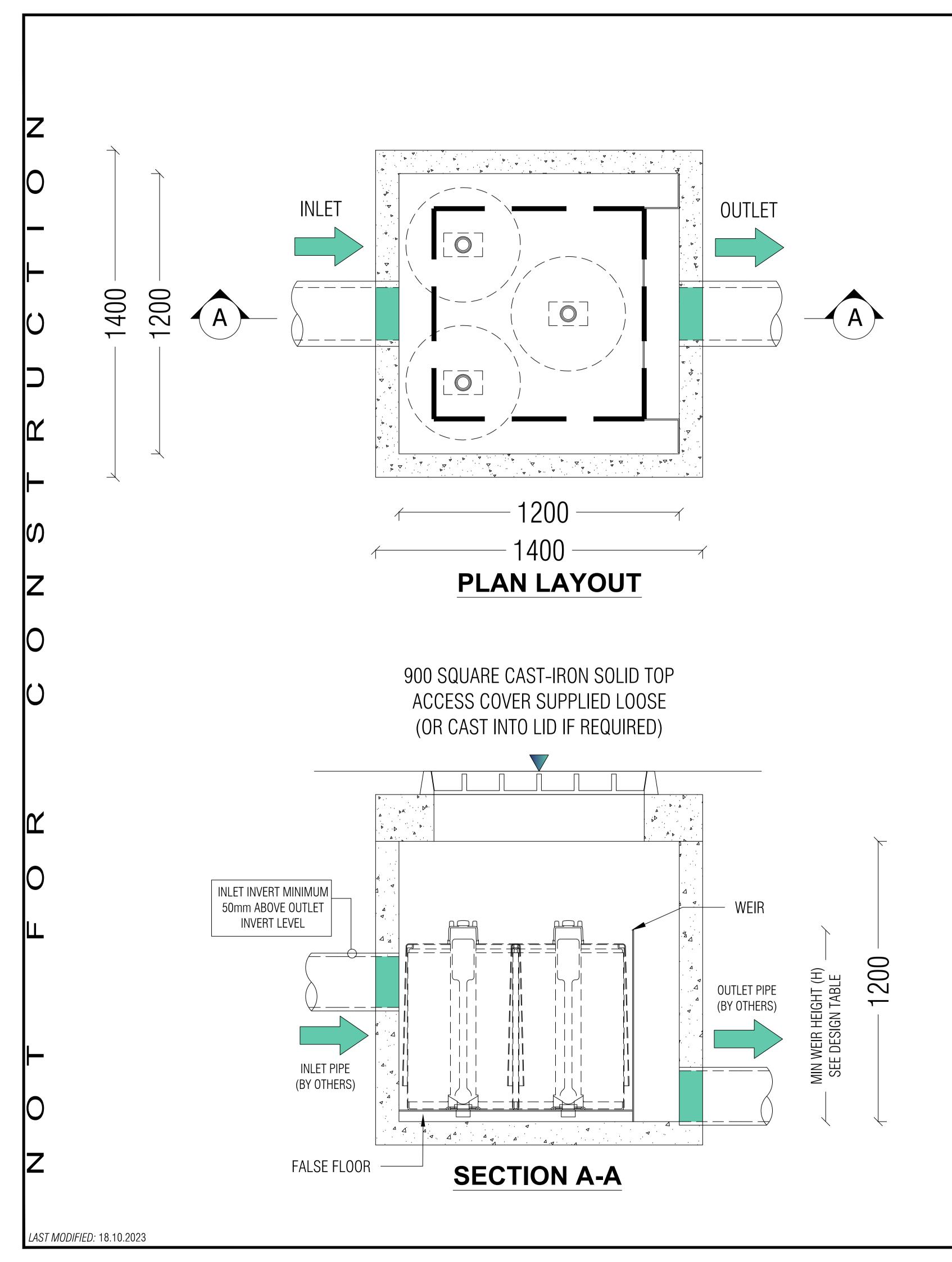
PHONE: 1300 354 722

www.oceanprotect.com.au

SCALE: N.T.S.

DATE: 21.05.19

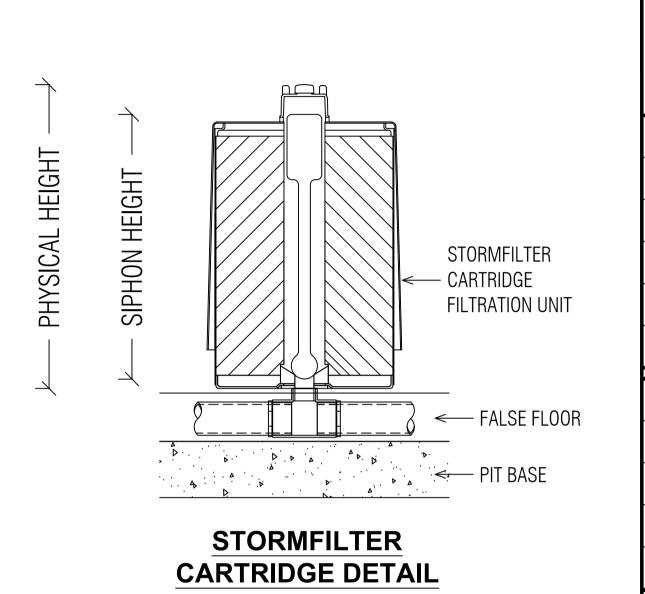
FILE NAME: SFMH_OFFLINE_TYP DRN: R.P. CHK: M.W.



STORMFILTER DESIGN TABLE

- STORMFILTER TREATMENT CAPACITY VARIES BY NUMBER OF FILTER CARTRIDGES INSTALLED.
- THE STANDARD CONFIGURATION IS SHOWN. ACTUAL CONFIGURATION OF THE SPECIFIED STRUCTURE(S) PER CERTIFYING ENGINEER WILL BE SHOWN ON SUBMITTAL DRAWING(S).
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CARTRIDGE NAME / SIPHON HEIGHT (mm)	690	460	310
CARTRIDGE PHYSICAL HEIGHT (mm)	840	600	600
MINIMUM WEIR HEIGHT [H] (mm)	820	590	440
CARTRIDGE FLOW RATE FOR ZPG MEDIA (L/s)	1.6	1.1	0.7
CARTRIDGE FLOW RATE FOR PSORB MEDIA (L/s)	0.9	0.46	0.39



DATA REQUIREMENTS				
STRUCTURE ID			[]
NUMBER OF CARTRIDGES REQ'D		[]	
SIPHON HEIGHT (310 / 460 / 690)		[]	
MEDIA TYPE (ZPG / PSORB)			[]
WATER QUALITY FLOW RATE (L/S)		[]	
HYDRAULIC CAPA	CITY (L/S)		[]
PIPE DATA:	I.L.	MAT	ERIAL	DIAMETER
INLET PIPE #1	[]	[]	[]
INLET PIPE #2	[]	[]	[]
INLET PIPE #3	[]]	[]
OUTLET PIPE	[]]	[]

TBA

SITE SPECIFIC

GENERAL NOTES

1. PRECAST STRUCTURE SUPPLIED WITH CORE HOLES TO SUIT OUTER DIAMETER OF NOMINATED PIPE SIZE / MATERIAL

PRECAST PIT WEIGHT

LID WEIGHT

- 2. PRECAST STRUCTURE SHALL MEET W80 WHEEL LOAD RATING ASSUMING A MAXIMUM EARTH COVER OF 2.0m AND A GROUND WATER ELEVATION AT, OR BELOW, THE OUTLET PIPE INVERT ELEVATION. CERTIFYING ENGINEER TO CONFIRM ACTUAL GROUNDWATER ELEVATION. PRECAST STRUCTURE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS3600.
- 3. IF THE PEAK FLOW RATE, AS DETERMINED BY THE SITE CERTIFYING ENGINEER, EXCEEDS THE PEAK HYDRAULIC CAPACITY OF THE SYSTEM, AN UPSTREAM BYPASS STRUCTURE IS REQUIRED.
- 4. ALL WATER QUALITY TREATMENT DEVICES REQUIRE PERIODIC MAINTENANCE. REFER TO OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL FOR GUIDELINES AND ACCESS REQUIREMENTS.
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INSTALLATION NOTES

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OCEAN PROTECT

3 CARTRIDGE STORMFILTER SYSTEM

1200 PIT

SPECIFICATION DRAWING

PHONE: 1300 354 722





E: <u>info@meliorace.com</u>
W: www.meliorace.com

21 Mcleod St HerstonQLD 4006
Australia